The City of Gulf Breeze
Comprehensive Annual
Financial Report
For the Fiscal Year ending
September 30, 2018

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

The City of Gulf Breeze, Florida Year Ended September 30, 2018

Prepared by the Finance Department Jeanne N. Griffin, Director of Finance

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1961

GULF BREEZE, FLORIDA

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

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April 23, 2019

To the Honorable Mayor, City Council Members and the Citizens of City of Gulf Breeze, Florida

Chapter 218.32, Florida Statutes, requires every local government to publish a complete set of financial statements presented in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP") and audited in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards by a firm of licensed certified public accountants. This report is published to fulfill that requirement for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2018.

Management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of the information contained in this report, based upon a comprehensive framework of internal control that it has established for this purpose. The cost of internal control should not exceed anticipated benefits. Accordingly, the objective of internal control is to provide reasonable, rather than absolute, assurance that the financial statements are free of any material misstatements.

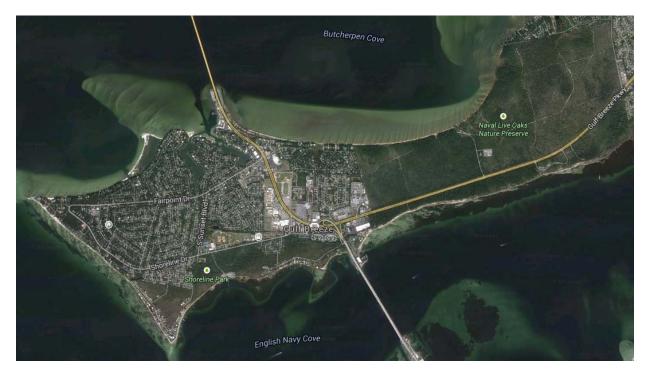
Saltmarsh, Cleaveland & Gund, PA, a firm of certified public accountants, has audited the city's financial statements. The independent audit involved examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements; assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management; and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. The independent auditor concluded, based upon the audit, that there was a reasonable basis for rendering an unmodified opinion that the City of Gulf Breeze financial statements for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2018, are fairly presented in conformity with GAAP. The independent auditor's report is presented in Section II - Financial Section, as the first component of the Financial Section of this report.

Management's discussion and analysis ("MD&A") immediately follows the independent auditor's report and provides a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis of the basic financial statements. MD&A compliments this letter of transmittal and should be read in conjunction with the financial statements.

PROFILE OF THE GOVERNMENT

The City of Gulf Breeze was incorporated on August 10, 1961 and is located on the end of the Fairpoint Peninsula in Santa Rosa County. The City of Gulf Breeze is 4.5 square miles and has approximately 5,849 residents. The city has 18 miles of waterfront and three protected bayous, where residents enjoy all types of waterfront activities. Gulf Breeze is separated on the north by a three-mile bridge across the Pensacola Bay from the City of Pensacola and Escambia County, and by the Bob Sikes Bridge (commonly known as the Pensacola Beach Bridge) over Santa Rosa Sound to Pensacola Beach. To the east is the Gulf Islands National Seashore, located within the city limits, and covers approximately 1,329 acres including nature trails, picnic facilities, park ranger facilities, and beach access.

The city operates under the Council/Manager form of government. The City Council is comprised of five members. Under the city charter, one Council office may be the office of the Mayor and four Council members are elected at large. Council terms run for a period of four years with terms expiring on alternating years. Mayoral and Council terms begin 30 days after the date of election. The Mayor and Council enact ordinances and resolutions relative to municipal services, levy taxes, establish appropriations, issue debt and institute other fees and regulations, which aid in the maintenance of equitable treatment and quality standards within the municipality. All legislative and administrative powers of the municipality and the determination of all matters of policy are vested in the municipal council. Each member of Council, including the Mayor, has one vote in each matter. The City Manager is the head of the administrative branch of the government. The City Manager has complete and full authority, acting on behalf of the City Council, over each and every department, department heads, and employees of the city and has full authority over all operations of the city. The City Manager ensures that management functions are carried out within the policies and procedures endorsed by Council along with ensuring personnel requirements and budget constraints are upheld by department heads charged with managing the daily operations necessary to provide services to the residents and businesses of the city.



Google Earth image of City of Gulf Breeze

The City of Gulf Breeze employs approximately 100 employees, divided into seven departments, which provide a full range of municipal services. These services include police protection, volunteer fire protection, finance and accounting, community services, public utility services, recreation and administrative services. The city provides public services, which include police, fire, parks and recreation, streets and drainage in addition to enterprise operations consisting of water, sewer, stormwater drainage and natural gas. The city contracts with a private firm through a competitive bid process to provide solid waste and recycling collection services within city limits. Public safety is provided through twenty-four-hour police protection by the fully accredited police department along with a fully trained volunteer fire department. The police department has been the recipient of numerous awards for professionalism and innovation; and was the first department to receive accreditation in Northwest Florida. The volunteer fire department, comprised of area firefighter professionals, has earned an ISO rating of 4 based on its professionalism, procedures and adequacy of water supply. The establishment and professional operation of these departments not only contributes to the peace-of-mind of residents, but also contributes to lower insurance rates for residents.

The City of Gulf Breeze has a stable, full-service, innovative, government recognized as a leader in financial programs. The city, as reported in the accompanying financial statements, includes all the funds of the primary government as well as all of its component units. Component units are legally separate entities for which the primary government is financially accountable. The city has a separately reported component unit, Capital Trust Agency (CTA), along with blended component units, Gulf Breeze Financial Services (GBFS) and the Community Redevelopment Agency (CRA), as determined and reported in accordance with Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 14.

Local Economy

The economic base of the City of Gulf Breeze is 73% residential with commercial areas accounting for 27% of the city. Because the City of Gulf Breeze consists of only 4.5 square miles, bounded by waterfront and a federal refuge, there is limited potential for expansion. Residents enjoy a quiet residential community just a few minutes from the Gulf of Mexico and the City of Pensacola. The city has two of the most popular boat ramps in the area in close proximity to the Pensacola pass located at Shoreline Park and Wayside Park. There are 105 acres of undeveloped park property along the water for a leisurely walk in the woods.

Redevelopment continues to be the most viable alternative for economic improvements. In 1988, the city established the Community Redevelopment Agency (CRA) to enable the city to utilize tax increment financing (TIF) to foster improvements and redevelopment in the city's commercial corridor. The CRA infill and redevelopment successes include Andrews Institute, a sports medicine and orthopedics center, Andrews stem cell research lab, Baptist Hospital, Sacred Heart Pediatric Clinic, Seashell Collections Shopping Center, and Henghold medical offices. Major County employers such as App River and Baptist Hospital, continue to attract technology firms to the area. There is also a public library, a variety of churches, a community center that includes a small stage along with two large gymnasiums, and public elementary, middle, and high schools, each of which continues to receive high rankings.

Some of the best schools in Florida are located in Santa Rosa County. The Gulf Breeze area's five schools rank as the best of the best in the state and are competitive with their peers nationally. Gulf Breeze students consistently score well above state averages on all standardized examinations and have repeatedly earned "Five Star School Awards."

The first Mayor, Dr. C. J. Heinberg, and City Council members requested and received from Santa Rosa County, the ownership of land (more than 255 acres) that is now Shoreline Park. An outstanding range of recreational facilities is provided by the city, which includes 11 sports fields, 6 children's parks, 10 tennis courts, several picnic areas, 2 public boat launches, a dog park, a skate park, a disc golf course, competitive sand volleyball, 2 nature reserves and beaches, various nature trails, and bicycle paths. In 2013, the city acquired Tiger Point Golf Course, outside the city limits, which is open to the public.

Tiger Point Golf Course

During fiscal year 2013, the city purchased the Tiger Point Golf Course properties consisting of two courses on 308 acres, of which 27 of 36 holes were operating. Located outside of the city limits, the Tiger Point property is immediately adjacent to the city's waste water treatment facility. Today, the golf course irrigation system is vital to reintroducing 1.3 million gallons of treated water from the waste water plant back into the local aquifer each day. When Tiger Point was acquired, the west course had been severely damaged by Hurricane Ivan. The recession also resulted in further decline of the clubhouse and the previous owner had defaulted. The purchase of this golf course not only helped the city with waste water treatment, but also helped to protect home values in the area. The city has annually budgeted for restoration and management of the property, and today the property appraisal is triple its purchase price from 2014.

In 1999, the city acquired South Santa Rosa Utility Systems. The city provides approximately (11%) of water and sewer services in the county. The city's utility department had been anticipating the need to expand treatment capacity for over a decade, but without the ability to expand waste water treatment in its current location, a site had been procured and permitted slightly less than nine miles east of its current location in 2008. Engineering estimates indicated that a building with the required treatment capacity at the new site would require between \$20 and \$25 million in capital to develop. Analysis of the potential to expand capacity at the current location using a small portion of the Tiger Point property indicated that expanding that facilitate to the same capacity would require an estimated \$10 to \$15 million to accomplish comparable treatment capacity. In 2013 staff recommended that the City Council consider the acquisition of the Tiger Point Golf Course based on the following:

- Potential savings to utility ratepayers expanding existing treatment and irrigation capacity;
- Better coordination with and avoiding the loss of the primary treated water user; and,
- Support of a core element of the Tiger Point area property values.

After receiving comments and advice from a variety of consultants, the city acquired the property through an asset purchase for the (then) appraised market value. Total purchase price was slightly in excess of \$3 million, which equates to slightly less than \$10,000 per acre excluding the value of buildings. Over the past four years, the city and South Santa Rosa Utility Services (SSRUS) made significant investments to rebuild and restore facilities, which the previous owners had allowed to decline. During fiscal year 2017, the Council approved a management contract with Honours Golf Company, LLC to assume day-to-day operations of the golf course facilities beginning April 1, 2017.

Long-term Financial Planning

Future financial requirements are directly tied to the vision and goals outlined in the City of Gulf Breeze Comprehensive Plan, Most Livable City Plan, and Capital Improvement Plan.

The purpose of the Comprehensive Plan is to help manage the socio-economic growth, development, and redevelopment of the city. Recommended strategies to accomplish the goals of the Comprehensive Plan are organized by plan elements to create a five-year implementation plan.

The purpose of the Capital Improvement Plan is to provide a fiscal planning tool to identify needed capital projects, allocate funding, and schedule project start dates. The information is gathered based on submissions by the various city departments. The capital planning process not only includes the costs of capital, but also the ongoing maintenance and operational costs associated with the projects.

Gulf Breeze sponsored its first loan pool in 1985. Since that time the loan pools and the sponsorship of bond issuances have generated over \$17 million in fees, allowing the city to make significant capital improvements. Loan pool and sponsorship fees have been used to fund a variety of Gulf Breeze projects over the years.

The city's loan pool and bond sponsorship programs operated through Capital Trust Agency (CTA) and GBFS have consistently provided significant revenues to help fund city needs. Historically, these revenue sources have been equivalent to over 80% of the city's ad valorem tax revenues and allowed the city to maintain a low millage rate.

In 2016, city management developed a comprehensive 10-year Capital Improvement Plant (CIP) as a new financial planning tool for the City Council. A plan for strengthening project tracking long-term will further enhance the City's budget practices for years to come.

The Budget

The annual budget serves as the foundation of the city's financial planning and control. Development of the annual budget is the beginning of the financial transaction process. A town meeting is held commencing the budget development process. All departments of the city submit requests for appropriation to the City Manager, to be finalized by mid-June. The City Manager then reviews the proposed budget, and when a balanced budget is achieved, it is ready for presentation to the City Council. Beginning in July, several public workshops are held, during which time the proposed budget is presented to the Mayor and City Council. A determination regarding the city millage rate is made and all public notices regarding the proposed budget and millage rate are posted. The final budget is adopted following the requisite public hearings no later than September 30, the close of the city's fiscal year.

Budgetary control is maintained by the City Manager, Finance Director and Department Directors through a continual review process. Expenditures are made within the budgetary guidelines. While Department Heads may make transfers of appropriations within a department, they must receive approval by the City Manager. Unbudgeted purchases may be considered provided there are sufficient funds to cover the cost and proper approval for a budget adjustment has been made by the City Manager and/or the City Council.

Relevant Financial Policies

The City of Gulf Breeze has a comprehensive formal investment policy to ensure compliance with Florida Statutes, in addition to established reserves for debt service requirements, insurance reserves, and emergency/disaster recovery.

FACTORS AFFECTING FINANCIAL CONDITION

The information presented in the financial statements is perhaps best understood when it is considered from the broader perspective of the specific environment within which the City of Gulf Breeze operates.

Deluge and Flood in 2014

On April 29th, 2014 the city experienced a



historic rainstorm when approximately 24 inches of rain fell within a 12-hour period (weather predictions called for 5 inches). In combination with the city's relatively high water table due to higher than normal rains in previous months, flooding resulted throughout the city. Some 368 residences were impacted by the resulting standing water which represents about 18% of the city's single-family residences. Calculations suggest that over 300 million gallons of water rained down on the city during the storm, resulting in saturation of the ground and standing water, requiring over four weeks of continuous pumping to drain. Along with flooded homes and businesses, the city suffered damage to parks, streets, utility infrastructure, and the Tiger Point Golf Course, resulting in immense recovery expenses. This event was declared eligible for federal assistance; therefore, the majority of the response costs qualified for partial FEMA reimbursement.

The Council approved plans and contracts for significant enhancements to the city's stormwater infrastructure to serve those areas which were most severely impacted by the flooding, committing to over \$2 million in improvements. The main components of this significant upgrade in stormwater infrastructure were completed in 2016.

Completion of Deadman's Island Breakwater Project in 2015

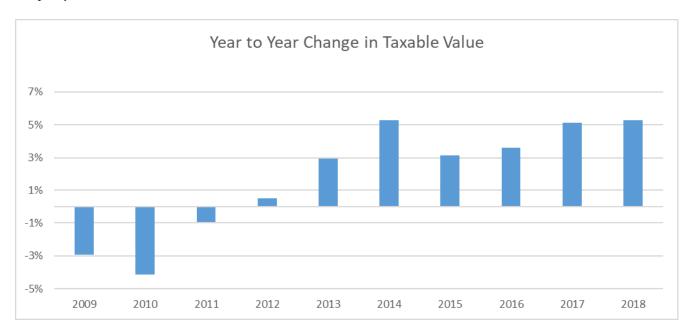
In 2006, as a result of archeological findings, the city was informed that the uninhabited sandy peninsula on the northern side of the city, known as Deadman's Island, was considered 'of historic importance' and the city was statutorily required to protect the area from damage. The island name refers to anchoring posts (the 'deadman') used to tie down ship masts so that each side could be scraped free of barnacles and repaired. During the late 1800's, when Pensacola served as a major immigration port, a quarantine facility was established in present day Gulf Breeze. Archeological evidence indicates that some of those who did not survive the quarantine were buried on Deadman's Island.

After the rebuilding of the bridge between Pensacola and Gulf Breeze in 1962, evidence of erosion of the shoreline and contour of Deadman's Island had become clear. In 2009, the city hired Ecological Consulting Services to design, permit, obtain grant funding, and manage a project related to the protection and restoration of the peninsula's contour. Eventually the State approved a plan of breakwaters that were suitable for the development of oyster beds. The local office of the Army Corps of Engineers has been an important partner and contributor to the completion of this project, providing the City with a grant to fund the \$465,000 cost of the breakwater structures and their installation, as well as ongoing funding for environmental monitoring. Construction of the breakwater structures was completed in 2015. The city contracts with an outside ecological consultant to comply with on-going Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) required monitoring for this protected area.

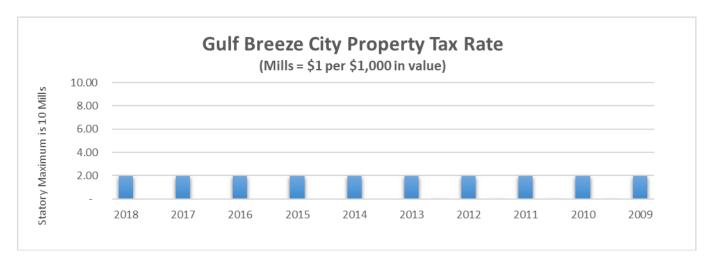
Financings 2017

In October 2016, after a competitive request for proposal process, the city refinanced approximately \$2.65 million in South Santa Rosa Utilities System (SSRUS) Revenue Bonds with U.S. Bancorp Governmental at an interest rate of 1.339%. The debt refinanced was the SSRUS Revenue Bond Series 2004, issued in November 2004, with varying interest rates from 2.5% to 5.5%. The SSRUS Revenue Bond Series 2004, was issued to refund all of the City's Series 1994 South Santa Rosa Utility System Revenue Bonds used for the water system infrastructure.

Property Values



There was a 5.1% increase in assessed value for operation of properties within the city in 2017, following consecutive increases of 3.6%, 3.1%, 5.3%, and 2.9% in 2016, 2015, 2014 and 2013, respectively, following consecutive decreases of 0.5%, 1%, and 4% in 2012, 2011 and 2010 respectively. (Reference Table VII in the Statistical Section).



The millage rate for the city has remained virtually un-changed over the years, as keeping taxes low has been a priority for the City Council. (Reference Table VIII in the Statistical Section).

Major Initiatives

The City of Gulf Breeze, by the direction of the City Council, is committed to capital improvement projects that will continue to distinguish Gulf Breeze as a model community.

In June 2008, the city initiated the "Vision 2020" project through a series of public discussions about the future of the city. Participation at workshops illustrated a tight-knit community focused on preserving its natural beauty and quality of life through the decades. Residents mentioned that safety, recreation, and walkability were the reasons why they chose Gulf Breeze as their home. During the workshops, the community developed the following Vision Statement:

"Develop a master plan to be recognized as the most livable city in America by 2020"

As a result, a 2013 Master Plan was created to help the city achieve this vision. This masterplan includes demographic projections, transportation needs, land use, and other major initiatives to achieve this goal.

On-going major capital initiatives:

- The city implemented a fifteen-year repaying program in 2012 for more than 35 miles of streets within the City of Gulf Breeze. The city uses the Local Option Sales Taxes (LOST) received related to the fuel tax under Chapter 336.025, Florida Statutes, to fund these projects.
- As a result of Federal and State mandates, the city began stormwater improvements in 2006. Funding through grants and service fees continue for stormwater related projects. Additionally, as a result of the April 2014 flood event, a citizen stormwater taskforce was created to analyze and recommend enhancements to the city's stormwater infrastructure. While the major projects have been completed, the city continues to examine opportunities for further cost-effective improvements.

- The city designated a project manager to obtain grant funding and oversee the restoration of erosion to the Deadman's Island Conservation Area. Permitting and initial placement of structures for establishment of an oyster bed breakwater, as well as the submerged land lease, have been completed. Additional placement of supplementary embankment sand began in 2017. Ongoing monitoring of the oyster beds, erosion or accretion and the conservation area will continue for several years.
- SSRUS received permits to build a new elevated storage tank exclusively for storage and distribution of "re-use water" (suitable for irrigation but not for drinking) from the waste water treatment plant, completed in 2017.
- The city has developed a Master Plan for parks to provide a guide for capital projects for the next 5 years, and a 25-year Master Plan for the city as a whole.
- The city began a process of studying the costs associated with moving power and communications wiring underground along the Highway 98 corridor.

Awards and Acknowledgments

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of Gulf Breeze for its comprehensive annual financial report for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2017. That was the 16th consecutive year that the government had achieved this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements. This Certificate of Achievement is valid for one year. We believe our current comprehensive annual financial report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program requirements, and we are submitting this year's report to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for a certificate for the 17th consecutive year.

We would like to express our appreciation to the Mayor and the City Council for their direction and support in conducting the financial operations of the city in a responsible and progressive manner and maintaining the financial integrity of the City of Gulf Breeze. The preparation of this comprehensive annual financial report could not have been accomplished without the dedicated services of the entire staff of the Finance Department, City Clerks, and the City's Department Directors.

Other city departments, while not extensively involved in the year-end audit activities, contribute significantly, ensuring the accuracy and integrity of accounting information throughout the year. Their diligence was essential in assisting the Finance Department in providing the citizens of Gulf Breeze with an outstanding, comprehensive report.

We would also like to acknowledge the accounting firm of Saltmarsh, Cleaveland & Gund for their continued professional assistance. Their suggestions and attention to detail continue to greatly enhance the quality of this report.

Respectfully submitted,

Samantha Abell

City Manager

Jeanne Griffin

Finance Director



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of
Achievement
for Excellence
in Financial
Reporting

Presented to

City of Gulf Breeze Florida

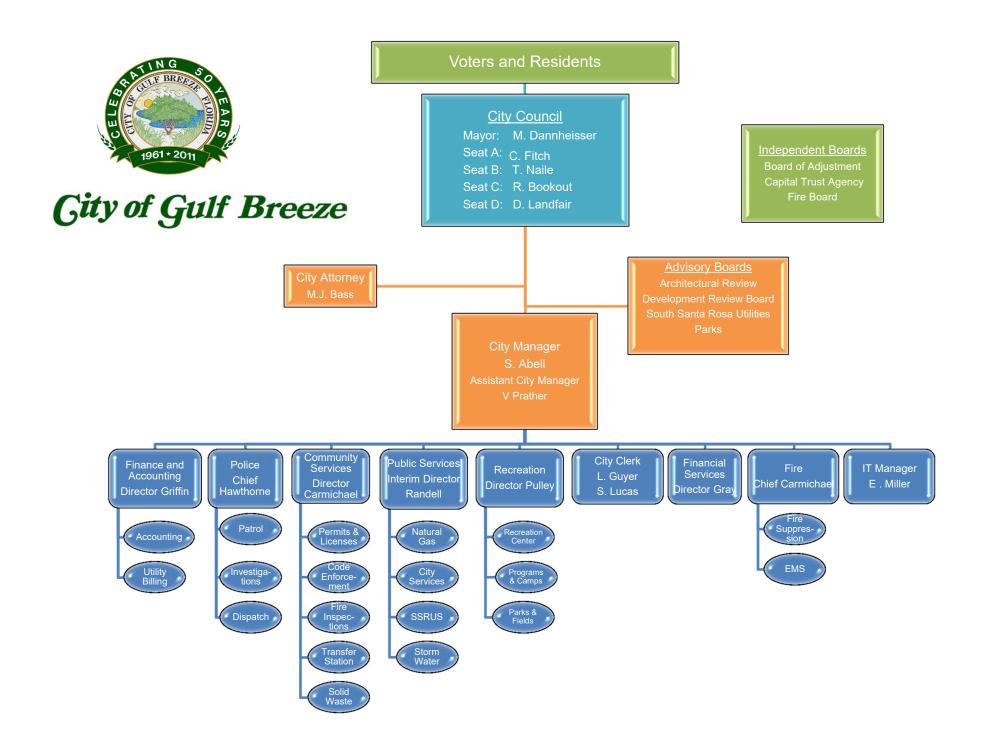
For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended

September 30, 2017

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO

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Gity of Gulf Breeze

As of September 30. 2018

Elected Officials – City Council

Mayor: Matt Dannheisser

Seat A: Cherry Fitch

Seat B: Tom Naile

Seat C: Renee Bookout

Seat D: David G. Landfair*

*Mayor Pro Tem

Appointed Officials

City Manager: Samantha Abell

City Attorney: Mary Jane Bass

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II. Financial Section

- Independent Auditor's Report
- Management's Discussion and Analysis
- **❖ Basic Financial Statements**
- **♦ (Government-wide Financial Statements)**
- (Fund Financial Statements)
- (Notes to the Financial Statements)
- **❖ Required Supplementary Information**
- Combining and Individual Fund Statements and Schedules

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Honorable Mayor, City Council Members and the Citizens of City of Gulf Breeze, Florida

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, the aggregate remaining fund information, and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund and the Urban Core Redevelopment Fund of the City of Gulf Breeze, Florida (the City) as of and for the year ended September 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of Capital Trust Agency Community Development Entity, LLC, a majority owned subsidiary of Capital Trust Agency, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2018, which statements reflected total assets of \$1,903,058 as of September 30, 2018, and total revenues of \$225,676 for the year then ended. Those statements were audited by other auditors whose report has been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for Capital Trust Agency Community Development Entity, LLC, is based solely on the report of the other auditors. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

Honorable Mayor, City Council Members and the Citizens of City of Gulf Breeze, Florida

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, based on our audit and the report of other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Gulf Breeze, Florida as of September 30, 2018, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund and Urban Core Redevelopment Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis, the Schedule of Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability - Florida Retirement System, the Schedule of Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability - Health Insurance Subsidy Program, the Schedule of Changes in Employer Net Pension Liability and Related Ratio - Florida Municipal Pension Trust Fund, the Schedule of Contributions - Florida Retirement System, the Schedule of Contributions - Health Insurance Subsidy Program, the Schedule of Contributions - Florida Municipal Pension Trust Fund, Notes to the Schedule of Contributions - Florida Municipal Pension Trust Fund, and the Schedule of Changes in Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Honorable Mayor, City Council Members and the Citizens of City of Gulf Breeze, Florida

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Gulf Breeze, Florida's basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, and statistical section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, based on our audit, the procedures performed as described above, and the report of the other auditors, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting by Government Auditing Standards

Saltmarch Cleansland & Gund

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated April 23, 2019, on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Pensacola, Florida April 23, 2019 This page intentionally left blank.

As management of the City of Gulf Breeze, Florida (the "City"), we offer readers of the City's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2018. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in our letter of transmittal, which can be found beginning on page viii of this report.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The assets and deferred outflows of the City exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows by \$50,595,836 (net position). Of this amount \$25,850,601 (unrestricted net position) may be used to meet the City's ongoing obligations to its citizens and creditors.
- The governmental total unrestricted net position decreased by \$2,695,521 or (20.2%) and the business-type total unrestricted net position decreased by \$262,134 or (1.7%).
- The City decreased the total net position by \$285,394 or approximately (1%) below the prior fiscal year.
- The governmental funds of the City reported combined ending fund balances of \$13,464,017 a decrease of \$1,909,175 (or 12.4%), as total revenues of \$7,414,053 plus total other financing sources of \$994,565, were less than the total expenditures of \$10,317,793.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the General Fund was \$9,912,601 or approximately (1.03%) of the total General Fund expenditures for the year ended September 30, 2018.
- The City's total assets and deferred outflows decreased by \$2,345,542 or (2.84%) under the prior year.
- The City of Gulf Breeze increased the total net investment in capital assets by \$1,961,663 or (9.8%).
- The City's total liabilities and deferred inflows decreased \$2,060,148 or (6.48%) below the prior year.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City's basic financial statements. The City's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide Financial Statements - The City's government-wide financial statements are designed to provide its readers with a broad overview, similar to a private sector business.

The statement of net position provides information on the entire City's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in the net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the City's financial position is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities provides information showing how the City's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the City include general government, public works, police, fire, parks and recreation and community services. The business-type activities of the City include water and sewer, natural gas, storm water and solid waste.

The government-wide financial statements include not only the City of Gulf Breeze itself (the primary government), but also blended component units, Gulf Breeze Financial Services (GBFS), and the Community Redevelopment Agency (CRA). Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are, in substance, part of the primary government's operations. The government-wide financial statements are found on pages 27-28 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements - A fund is a grouping of related accounts used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City of Gulf Breeze, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds.

FUNDS

Governmental Funds - Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the City's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The City maintains five individual governmental funds (General Fund, Urban Core Redevelopment Fund, Traffic Citation Special Revenue Fund, Tourism Development Special Revenue Fund, and Police Special Revenue Fund). Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General Fund and the Urban Core Redevelopment Fund, which are considered major funds. Data from the other three governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of the combining statements elsewhere in this report.

The City of Gulf Breeze adopts an annual appropriated budget for its General Fund and Urban Core Redevelopment Fund. A budgetary comparison statement is provided for the General Fund and Urban Core Redevelopment Fund to demonstrate compliance with the budget.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 29-34 of this report.

Proprietary Funds - All proprietary funds of the City are maintained as enterprise funds. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City uses enterprise funds to account for its utilities operations (water operations and distribution; sewer collection and treatment; natural gas operations and distribution; stormwater services; and, solid waste control), and to account for the activities of Gulf Breeze Financial Services (GBFS), a blended component unit of the City.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the City Water & Sewer Fund, Natural Gas Fund, SSRUS (South Santa Rosa Utility Services) Water & Sewer Fund, Gulf Breeze Financial Services Fund, Solid Waste Control Fund, Stormwater Management Fund and Innerarity Point Utilities Fund. The City Water & Sewer Fund, Natural Gas Fund, SSRUS Water & Sewer Fund, Stormwater Management Fund and Gulf Breeze Financial Services Fund are considered to be major funds of the City. Data from the other two proprietary funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these non-major funds is provided in the form of the combining statements elsewhere in this report.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 36-41 of this report.

Fiduciary Funds - Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the City. The City's fiduciary funds include the Police Officers' Retirement Fund and the D.A.R.E. Escrow Agency Fund. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of these funds are not available to support the City's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds.

The basic fiduciary fund financial statements can be found on pages 42-43 of this report.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 45-104 of this report.

OTHER INFORMATION

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning the City's progress in funding its obligation to provide pension benefits to its employees. Required supplemental information can be found on pages 105-112 of this report.

The combining statements referred to earlier and the budgetary comparisons in connection with non-major governmental and proprietary funds are presented immediately following the required supplementary information. Combining and individual fund statements and schedules can be found on pages 113-121 of this report.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

As noted earlier, net position may serve, over time, as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the City, assets and deferred outflows exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows by \$50,595,836 at the close of the most recent fiscal year, as reported in Table 1, below.

TABLE 1
CITY OF GULF BREEZE, FLORIDA
NET POSITION
AS OF SEPTEMBER 30, 2018 AND 2017

		Governmen	tal A	ctivities	Business-type Activities				Total			
		2018		2017		2018		2017	2018			2017
Current and other assets Capital assets Total assets	\$	14,514,650 14,781,030 29,295,680	\$	17,100,310 14,439,886 31,540,196	\$	17,978,033 31,033,706 49,011,739	\$	18,412,427 31,107,661 49,520,088	\$	32,492,683 45,814,736 78,307,419	\$	35,512,737 45,547,547 81,060,284
Deferred outflows Total assets and		1,596,715		1,004,491		408,062		592,963		2,004,777		1,597,454
deferred outflows	\$	30,892,395	\$	32,544,687	\$	49,419,801	\$	50,113,051	\$	80,312,196	\$	82,657,738
Non-current liabilities Current liabilities Total liabilities Deferred inflows Total liabilities and deferred inflows	\$	7,658,533 1,280,199 8,938,732 1,030,138 9,968,870	\$	7,795,515 1,268,416 9,063,931 1,127,462 10,191,393	\$	15,870,726 3,796,201 19,666,927 80,563	\$	17,518,061 3,950,816 21,468,877 116,238 21,585,115	\$	23,529,259 5,076,400 28,605,659 1,110,701 29,716,360	\$	25,313,576 5,219,232 30,532,808 1,243,700 31,776,508
Net position: Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted Total net position Total liabilities and	_	7,640,557 2,658,510 10,624,458 20,923,525	_	7,085,403 1,947,912 13,319,979 22,353,294	_	14,337,571 108,597 15,226,143 29,672,311	_	12,931,062 108,597 15,488,277 28,527,936	_	21,978,128 2,767,107 25,850,601 50,595,836	_	20,016,465 2,056,509 28,808,256 50,881,230
net position	\$	30,892,395	\$	32,544,687	\$	49,419,801	\$	50,113,051	\$	80,312,196	\$	82,657,738

The City's net investment in capital assets (e.g. land, buildings, machinery and equipment), less any outstanding debt used to acquire those assets, totaled \$21,978,128 (43.4% of total net position) at September 30, 2018. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City's investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities. This fiscal year as with the prior fiscal year, all debt proceeds related to the purchase of capital assets have been expended.

An additional portion of the City's net position of \$2,767,107 or (5.5% of total net position), represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of unrestricted net position of \$25,850,601 (51% of total net position) may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the city is able to report positive balances in all categories of net position, both in the separate governmental and business-type activities.

Governmental Activities - Governmental activities before transfers decreased the City's net position by \$2,302,296. The key elements of this change are reported in Table 2A.

TABLE 2A

CITY OF GULF BREEZE, FLORIDA

COMPONENT CHANGE FROM PRIOR YEAR IN NET POSITION - GOVERNMENTAL

FOR THE YEARS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018 AND 2017

	Governmen	tal A	Activities		Year over year change			
	2018		2017	\$ Amount		Pct of 2017		
Revenues:								
Program revenues:								
Charges for services	\$ 1,420,538	\$	1,400,180	\$	20,358	1.5%		
Operating grants and								
contributions	266,785		404,699		(137,914)	-34.1%		
Capital grants and								
contributions	314,312		-		314,312	100.0%		
General revenues:								
Property taxes	2,157,048		2,114,746		42,302	2.0%		
Other taxes	1,838,344		1,798,290		40,054	2.2%		
Intergovernmental revenues	924,404		785,669		138,735	17.7%		
Gain on sale of capital assets	103,468		20,830		82,638	396.7%		
Miscellaneous	762,524		784,763		(22,239)	-2.8%		
Investment earnings	44,410		56,261		(11,851)	-21.1%		
Total revenues	7,831,833		7,365,438		466,395	6.3%		
Expenses:								
Governmental activities:								
General government	2,861,010		2,307,012		553,998	24.0%		
Public safety	3,256,172		3,116,311		139,861	4.5%		
Transportation	977,564		1,083,623		(106,059)	-9.8%		
Economic environment	293,423		659,419		(365,996)	-55.5%		
Culture and recreation	2,403,308		2,547,734		(144,426)	-5.7%		
Debt service interest	 342,652		343,507		(855)	-0.2%		
Total expenses	10,134,129		10,057,606		76,523	0.8%		
Change in net position								
before transfers	(2,302,296)		(2,692,168)		389,872	-14.5%		
Transfers	 872,527	,	1,864,671		(992,144)	-53.2%		
Change in net position	\$ (1,429,769)	\$	(827,497)	\$	(602,272)	-72.8%		

Charges for services increased \$20,358 or (1.5%). The largest part of the increase is related to surcharge fees allowed under Chapter 180.191, Florida Statutes, to municipal water and sewer customers outside of the City boundaries.

The governmental activities experienced a decrease of \$137,914 or (34.1%) in operating grants and contributions during the fiscal year. This decrease is primarily related to the Deadman's Island preservation efforts, which have been funded by the Army Corps of Engineers Estuary Act. This project is now complete and is in the monitoring phase until fiscal year ending September 30, 2021.

The City experienced an increase related to capital grants and contributions of \$314,312 or 100%, with the contribution of funds from the Gulf Breeze Sports Association (GBSA) in the amount of \$70,389 towards the multi-purpose building located within the Recreation Complex, \$225,000 related to donated land from the Fairpoint Regional Utility Service, Gulf Breeze Will-do donation in the amount of \$8,927 for the Splash Pad observatory area, donations totaling \$7,500 from the Historical Preservation Society for display cases and other donations totaling \$2,496 related to recreation related capital projects.

Property tax revenues increased \$42,302 over the prior year or (2%); increases of \$40,054 or (2.2%) in other taxes and increases to intergovernmental revenues of \$138,735 or (17.7%); increase of \$82,638 or (397%) related to the gain on the sale of assets, minor decreases to miscellaneous revenues in the amount of \$22,239 or (2.8%) with decreases to investment earnings in the amount of \$11,851 or (21.1%), all combined totaling \$269,639 or (4.8%) increase above the prior year revenue for governmental activities.

The above mentioned (17.7%) increase to intergovernmental revenues, includes \$120,713 in revenues related to a taxpayer approved referendum passed in August 30, 2016, to levy an additional half-cent sales tax. This sales tax revenue is to be used by the primary government to fund infrastructure projects. This levy began in January 2017 and the city will receive these funds for five (5) years.

For comparative purposes, total revenues for governmental activities increased \$466,395 or (6.3%) above the prior fiscal year. The largest portion of this increase is related to capital grants and contributions in the amount of \$314,312 or approximately (67.4%) of the total increase in governmental activity revenues for the fiscal year.

In 2016, the City received one-time revenues related from the sale of the property to the Florida Department of Transportation (FDOT). This was one-time extraordinary revenue of approximately \$5.8 million dollars for property sold to the State related to the construction of the Pensacola Bay Bridge. This FDOT project began construction in 2017 and is slated to be completed by 2021. Information related to the construction of this bridge can be found on https://nwflroads.com/projects/409334-1.



Artist's rendering of the new Pensacola Bay Bridge, courtesy of FDOT



Current state of the Pensacola Bay Bridge Project

The city invested \$3.5 million from the land sale in long-term investments in 2016. The decrease in investment earnings totaling \$11,851 or (21.1%) can be tied to the use of reserve money to fund capital improvement projects during the fiscal year ending 9/30/2018.

The corresponding total expenses increased \$76,523 or approximately (1%) over the prior year.

The largest portion of the governmental activity increase in spending is approximately \$553,998 or (24%) related to general government spending. The largest portions of the increase in spending are related to Highway 98 landscaping projects totaling \$295,921 or approximately (53%) plus \$295,742 related to the legal settlement for the long-standing Catawba Street right-of-way lawsuit or (53%) of the overall general government increase. These increases plus overall spending decreases totaling \$37,665 related to operational costs, make up the net increase in general government expenses for fiscal year ending September 30, 2018.

Public safety expenses increased approximately \$139,861 or (4.5%), the increase is related to salaries and wages, coupled with an increase in worker's compensation related claims. These increases are the result from State and local requests for additional police presence in our schools. The requests for increased police presences resulted from the Marjory Stoneman Douglas shooting in Parkland, Florida in February 2018. Additional overtime has been necessary to cover the needs of the school district, to cover regular shifts, plus provide coverage when employees are out of work due to injuries.

Transportation expenses decreased approximately \$106.059 or (9.8%), these decreases are related to the deferment of street paving projects to the fiscal year ending September 30, 2019.

Economic environment expenses decreased \$365,996 or (55.5%) and culture and recreation expenses decreased \$144,426 or (5.7%). These decreases are associated with prior year engineering and feasibility studies being completed in prior years and the isthmus dredging and transport breakwater project for Deadman's Island restoration and preservation being completed and moving to the monitoring phase. The governmental expenses related to debt service interest decreased \$855 or (0.2%), the overall increase in spending is \$76,523 or approximately (1%) for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2018 for governmental activities.

Business-Type Activities - Business-type activities increased the City's net position by \$2,016,902 before transfers, as indicated on Table 2B, below.

TABLE 2B
CITY OF GULF BREEZE, FLORIDA
COMPONENT CHANGE FROM PRIOR YEAR IN NET POSITION - BUSINESS-TYPE
FOR THE YEARS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018 AND 2017

	Business-type Activities				Year over y		
		2018	2017		\$ Amount		Pct of 2017
Revenues:							
Program revenues:							
Charges for services -							
Water and sewer	\$	2,578,344	\$	2,560,106	\$	18,238	0.7%
Natural gas		3,030,245		2,773,322		256,923	9.3%
South Santa Rosa Utility		6,235,896		6,089,546		146,350	2.4%
Tiger Point Golf Course		1,397,998		676,274		721,724	106.7%
Solid waste control		761,776		684,488		77,288	11.3%
Stormwater management		238,246		239,470		(1,224)	-0.5%
Gulf Breeze Financial Services		169,367		176,001		(6,634)	-3.8%
Innerarity Point	_	24,666	_	70,246		(45,580)	-64.9%
Total charges for services		14,436,538		13,269,453		1,167,085	8.8%
Operating grants and							
contributions		-		1,183		(1,183)	-100.0%
Capital grants and							
contributions		2,136,120		3,494,650		(1,358,530)	-38.9%
General revenues:							
Other revenues		688,033		615,180		72,853	11.8%
Investment earnings		171,796		155,745		16,051	10.3%
Total revenues		17,432,487		17,536,211		(103,724)	-0.6%
Expenses:							
Business-type activities:							
Water and sewer		2,238,392		2,167,688		70,704	3.3%
Natural gas		2,472,995		2,288,516		184,479	8.1%
SSRUS utilities		6,172,339		6,165,008		7,331	0.1%
Tiger Point Golf Course		2,123,844		1,238,998		884,846	71.4%
Solid waste control		648,776		587,226		61,550	10.5%
Stormwater management		527,044		491,625		35,419	7.2%
Gulf Breeze Financial Services		1,218,479		423,343		795,136	187.8%
Innerarity Point		13,716		23,708		(9,992)	-42.1%
Total expenses		15,415,585		13,386,112		2,029,473	15.2%
Change in net position							
before transfers		2,016,902		4,150,099		(2,133,197)	-51.4%
Transfers		(872,527)		(1,864,671)		(426,923)	-22.9%
Change in net position	\$	1,144,375	\$	2,285,428	\$	(1,141,053)	-49.9%

In the fiscal year ending September 30, 2018, charges for services related to business-type activities increased by approximately \$1,167,085 or (8.8%) over the prior fiscal year. The largest part of this increase is revenues generated by the Tiger Point Golf Course, which increased by \$721,724 or (106.7%) over the prior fiscal year. This increase is attributable to the golf operations being in-service a full year during the fiscal year, whereas the prior fiscal year the operations were for only six months. The City has a management agreement with Honours Golf Company, LLC for the golf operations, as the City purchased the course to provide spray fields for the water treatment plant located directly behind the golf course.

The water and sewer charges inside the city limits increased only \$18,238 above the prior year or approximately (1%) this modest increase is related to having a stable base of customers. South Santa Rosa Utility Services experienced an increase in charges for services of \$146,350 or (2.4%) above the prior fiscal year. Solid waste control experienced an increase in charges for services of \$85,891 or (12.7%). The increased customer base related to growth outside of the city limits accounts for these revenue increases. Stormwater management experienced a minor increase in charges for services of \$1,121 or (.005%). The natural gas operations increase of \$256,923 or (9.3%) is related to increased consumption for natural gas. These increases in business type activities helped to off-set the decrease in revenues generated by Gulf Breeze Financial Services. Charges for services by Gulf Breeze Financial Services (GBFS), decreased by \$6,842 or (3.8%) below the prior year. This is tied to no longer receiving loan program fees from the 1985 loan program, as the program ceased in 2017. The decreases related to Innerarity Point are the result of water revenues no longer being generated on behalf of the City. The revenues are going to Emerald Coast Utilities Authority (ECUA) in Pensacola, this transition to ECUA occurred in April 2018, resulting in a loss of revenues of \$56,320 or (69.5%) below the prior fiscal year.

Capital grants and contributions decreased \$1,358,530 or (38.9%) over the prior fiscal. This decrease is related primarily to the prior year grant in the amount of approximately \$1,570,827 from the State of Florida Department of Environmental Protection for stormwater improvements. New housing developments outside of the city limits also contributed \$649,264 in donated infrastructure to the South Santa Rosa Utility System in fiscal year ending September 30, 2018.

Other revenues for business-type activities increased by approximately \$72,853 or (11.8%) over the prior fiscal year. The increase in revenues is directly related to the sale of assets through the contractual agreement with Gov-deals, which is an on-line auction portal. Investment earnings for business-type activities increased \$16,051 or (10.3%) over the prior fiscal year, primarily related to investments through Gulf Breeze Financial Services.

Business-type expenditures increased \$2,029,473 or (15.2%) over the prior fiscal year. The majority of this increase \$884,846 is related to the Tiger Point Golf Course operations and represents and increase of (71.4%). This increase is attributable the golf operations being in-service during the prior fiscal year for only six months verses a full year of operations under the management agreement with Honours Golf Company, LLC. There was also a decrease in costs associated with the Innerarity Point water system moving to Emerald Coast Utilities Authority (ECUA) in Pensacola. This transition to ECUA occurred in April 2018 and resulted in a decrease in costs of \$9,992 or (42.1%) below the prior fiscal year.

There were other minor increases related to expenditures in the water and sewer services inside the city which increased \$70,704 or (3.3%); increases to South Santa Rosa Utility Services (SSRUS) of \$7,331 or (0.1%), both which are primarily operational in nature. Increases to the natural gas fund of \$184,479 or (8.1%) are primarily related to testing and maintenance costs associated with operational safety requirements and customer expansion.

The expenses associated with the Solid Waste fund increased by \$61,550 or (10.5%) and in the Stormwater management fund expenses increased by \$35,419 or (7.2%). The Council hired an outside consulting firm to perform a rate study for Stormwater management, sustainability resulting in rate increases effective in November 2018. In addition, cost-saving measures for the Solid Waste fund were also approved by Council to be implemented in the fiscal year ending September 30, 2019. The Council also approved to transfer \$519,000 from the General Fund reserves to the Stormwater fund during fiscal year ending September 30, 2018, in order to move forward with engineering studies related to needed infrastructure projects.

During fiscal year ending September 30, 2018, Gulf Breeze Financial Services (GBFS) expenses increased \$795,136 or (187.8%) related to a legal settlement. More information can be gathered by directly contacting GBFS in-writing at 315 Fairpoint Drive, Gulf Breeze, FL 32561. Gulf Breeze Financial Services is a blended component unit of the City and issues separate financial statements.

Table 2C below provides a comparative analysis of both governmental and business- type activities for the past two fiscal years as it relates to the change in net position.

TABLE 2C CITY OF GULF BREEZE, FLORIDA CHANGE IN NET POSITION FOR THE YEARS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018 AND 2017

	Governmen	tal Activities	Business-ty	pe Activities	Total				
•	2018	2017	2018	2017	2018	2017			
Revenues:									
Program revenues:									
Charges for services	\$ 1,420,538	\$ 1,400,180	\$ 14,436,538	\$ 13,269,453	\$ 15,857,076	\$ 14,669,633			
Operating grants and									
contributions	266,785	404,699	-	1,183	266,785	405,882			
Capital grants and									
contributions	314,312	-	2,136,120	3,494,650	2,450,432	3,494,650			
General revenues:									
Property taxes	2,157,048	2,114,746		_	2,157,048	2,114,746			
Other taxes	1,838,344	1,798,290		_	1,838,344	1,798,290			
Intergovernmental revenues	924,404	785,669		_	924,404	785,669			
Gain on sale of capital assets	103,468	20,830	5,652	4,049	109,120	24,879			
Miscellaneous	762,524	784,763	682,381	611,131	1,444,905	1,395,894			
Investment earnings	44,410	56,261	171,796	155,745	216,206	212,006			
Total revenues	7,831,833	7,365,438	17,432,487	17,536,211	25,264,320	24,901,649			
Expenses:									
Governmental activities:	2 071 010	2 207 012			2.061.010	2 207 012			
General government	2,861,010	2,307,012	-	-	2,861,010	2,307,012			
Public safety	3,256,172	3,116,311	-	-	3,256,172	3,116,311			
Transportation	977,564	1,083,623	-	-	977,564	1,083,623			
Economic environment	293,423	659,419	-	-	293,423	659,419			
Culture and recreation	2,403,308	2,547,734	-	-	2,403,308	2,547,734			
Debt service interest	342,652	343,507	-	-	342,652	343,507			
Business-type activities:						-			
Water and sewer	-	-	2,238,392	2,167,688	2,238,392	2,167,688			
Natural gas	-	-	2,472,995	2,288,516	2,472,995	2,288,516			
SSRUS utilities	-	-	6,172,339	6,165,008	6,172,339	6,165,008			
Tiger Point Golf Course	-		2,123,844	1,238,998	2,123,844	1,238,998			
Solid waste control	-	-	648,776	587,226	648,776	587,226			
Stormwater management	-	-	527,044	491,625	527,044	491,625			
Gulf Breeze Financial Services	-	-	1,218,479	423,343	1,218,479	423,343			
Innerarity Point			13,716	23,708	13,716	23,708			
Total expenses	10,134,129	10,057,606	15,415,585	13,386,112	25,549,714	23,443,718			
Change in net position									
before transfers	(2,302,296)	(2,692,168)	2,016,902	4,150,099	(285,394)	1,457,931			
T. C	972.527	1.064.671	(972.527)	(1.964.671)					
Transfers	872,527	1,864,671	(872,527)	(1,864,671)					
Change in net position	(1,429,769)	(827,497)	1,144,375	2,285,428	(285,394)	1,457,931			
Net position, beginning of year	22,353,294	23,180,791	20 027 027	26,242,508	51,181,230	40 422 200			
Unadjusted	22,333,294	23,100,791	28,827,936	20,242,308	31,101,230	49,423,299			
Net Position, as of September 30	\$ 20,923,525	\$ 22,353,294	\$ 29,972,311	\$ 28,527,936	\$ 50,895,836	\$ 50,881,230			

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CITY'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, the City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds - The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the City of Gulf Breeze's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$13,464,017, which represents a decrease of \$1,909,175 or (12.4%) in comparison with the prior year. Definitions related to fund balance classifications can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

At September 30, 2018, the governmental funds have a total of \$2,658,510 restricted for the following purposes:

Community redevelopment	\$ 1,618,745
Debt service requirements	\$ 221,100
Infrastructure & improvements	\$ 642,998
Public safety related projects	\$ 175,667

At September 30, 2018, the governmental funds have a total of \$416,564 committed for the following purposes:

Beautification projects/landscaping	\$ 150,646
Insurance Reserve	\$ 250,000
Park projects	\$ 15,481
Utility payment assistance	\$ 437

At September 30, 2018, the governmental funds have a total of \$448,272 assigned for the following purposes:

Public Safety	\$ 348,272
Disaster Recovery	\$ 100,000

(73.6%) or \$9,912,601 of the governmental fund balances remain unassigned by the government and \$22,138 is non-spendable as it is set-aside for inventory and \$5,932 for prepaid items. At this time, the City does not have a formal minimum fund balance policy and is working with legal counsel to develop a policy during fiscal year ending September 30, 2019. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to the fund's total operational expenditures. The unassigned fund balance of \$9,912,601 represents (96.8%) of the total General Fund expenditures of \$9,599,150 at the fiscal year ending September 30, 2018.

The Community Redevelopment Area (CRA) fund is used specifically for improvements within the City's defined commercial Tax Increment Financing (TIF) district. The Urban Core Redevelopment (UCR) fund receives the tax revenues from the (TIF) district. Long-term planning and projects within the district are managed by the CRA as defined in the CRA plan which is approved by the County taxing authorities and the Council. These tax revenues are also used to support and enhance economic development within the district, some of these costs include traffic management, lighting and landscaping costs. The end of the year fund balance in the CRA is \$1,519,076 and will be used towards projects as approved in the plan approved by the State of Florida in 2017.

Intergovernmental revenues increased for the City in fiscal year ending September 30, 2018, primarily related to a tax payer approved referendum passed in August 30, 2016, to levy an additional half-cent sales tax. This sales tax revenue is to be used by the primary government to fund infrastructure projects. This levy began in January 2017 and the city will receive these funds for five (5) years. These funds have been restricted at fiscal year-end as mentioned previously for infrastructure/capital improvements.

Proprietary Funds - A government's proprietary funds can be classified into two fund types: enterprise funds and internal service funds. In the case of the City, enterprise funds are used to report activities for which a fee is charged to external users for goods or services. Furthermore, a given activity must be accounted for in an enterprise fund if it meets any of the following criteria: (1) There is outstanding debt that is backed solely by fees and charges; (2) Laws or regulations require that fees and charges be set to recover costs, including capital costs (depreciation or debt service); or (3) There is a pricing policy that fees and charges be set to recover costs, including capital costs (depreciation or debt service).

Enterprise fund accounting is designed to highlight the extent to which fees and charges are sufficient to cover the cost of providing goods and services.

Unrestricted net position of the proprietary funds of the City totaled \$15,226,143 at the end of the fiscal year, which represents an decrease of \$262,134 below the prior fiscal year. The following table illustrates the unrestricted net position for proprietary funds at fiscal year ended September 30, 2018 and 2017.

	FY 2018	FY 2017
Water & Sewer Fund	\$ 1,309,439	\$ 1,406,221
Natural Gas Fund	(1,197,202)	(1,802,165)
South Santa Rosa Utility Services	6,101,794	5,623,348
Stormwater Management	(445,054)	(449,313)
Gulf Breeze Financial Services	9,408,478	10,664,542
Non-major Proprietary Funds	 48,688	 45,644
Total Unrestricted Net Position	\$ 15,226,143	\$ 15,488,277

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

The General Fund actual expenditures were below the final amended budget for the fiscal by \$2,263,043. This decrease is primarily related to capital spending projects not completed at the fiscal year. The total projects budgeted but not completed resulted in \$1,896,912 savings to the bottom-line. The biggest portion of this money being related to the new Police Department Building budgeted at \$1,913,525, with engineering and design expenditures of \$84,525 in fiscal year ending September 30, 2018. Other projects budgeted related to street paving were deferred until fiscal year ending September 30, 2019, with savings of \$295,238. These expenses were re-budgeted for the September 30, 2019 fiscal year.

The General Fund actual revenues exceeded the final amended budget by \$116,335. The increased revenues above the final amended budget is attributed to non-anticipated settlement revenues from the Local Options Sales Tax (LOST) funds received from the State after the final budget amendment was prepared in early November 2018, as required to comply with Florida Statute 166.241.

The highlights of the budgetary changes are as follows:

The final amended budgeted for expenditures increased by \$523,725, primarily related to additional capital contributions as ratified by Council on November 14, 2018 to comply with Florida Statute 166.241.

The Council has established the level of budgetary control at the fund level. The City Manager and the Director of Finance are authorized to transfer budgeted amounts within departments of a fund and between departments of a fund; however, any revisions that alter the total expenditures of any fund must be approved by City Council.

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

TABLE 3 CITY OF GULF BREEZE, FLORIDA CAPITAL ASSETS

	Governmen	tal A	ctivities	Business-type Activities					Total				
	2018	2017			2018		2017	2018			2017		
Land	\$ 1,646,909	\$	1,421,909	\$	3,853,887	\$	3,853,887	\$	5,500,796	\$	5,275,796		
Construction in progress	183,580		32,450		797,486		34,868		981,066		67,318		
Buildings and improvements	12,449,387		12,342,551		2,924,793		2,924,793		15,374,180		15,267,344		
Improvements other													
than buildings	15,928,621		15,133,433		8,533,651		8,533,651		24,462,272		23,667,084		
Infrastructure	1,077,264		1,077,264		51,322,074		50,344,935		52,399,338		51,422,199		
Machinery and equipment Accumulated depreciation	6,518,066 (23,022,797)		5,841,215 (21,408,936)		7,614,139 (44,012,324)		6,488,893 (41,073,366)		14,132,205 (67,035,121)	_	12,330,108 (62,482,302)		
Total	\$ 14,781,030	\$	14,439,886	\$	31,033,706	\$	31,107,661	\$	45,814,736	\$	45,547,547		

The increase in the City of Gulf Breeze's investment in capital assets for the current fiscal year was \$262,279 or increased approximately (1%) above the prior year total investment. As components of this change, government assets increased by \$341,144 for a (2.4%) increase while business-type assets decreased \$73,955 or (2.4%) below the prior year total investment. Some of the major changes in capital assets are summarized below.

- Scheduled depreciation of existing assets exceeded investment in capital assets for both governmental assets and business-type assets;
- Donated Infrastructure from developers;
- New Golf Carts for the Tiger Point Golf Course;
- Improvements to the SSRUS water system infrastructure;
- Donated land from Fairpoint Regional Utility System;
- Public Safety new vehicles and equipment;
- Completion of the Shoreline Park Gazebo project;
- Multipurpose Recreation Facility;
- Recreation Department Splash Pad.



Recreation Department Gazebo project in-progress

Recreation Department Gazebo project substantially complete



Recreation Department multi-purpose building

Recreation Department Splash Pad

Additional information on the City of Gulf Breeze's capital assets can be found in Note 5 in the notes to the financial statements.

Long-term Debt

At the end of the current fiscal year, the City had total bonded debt and outstanding loans of \$24,146,519. Governmental debt is to be repaid from general government revenues. Business-type obligations are secured by specified revenue sources.

TABLE 4
CITY OF GULF BREEZE, FLORIDA
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES

		Governmen	tal A	ctivities		Business-ty	pe A	ctivities		Te		
	2018		2017		2018		2017		2018			2017
Revenue bonds	\$	6,916,073	\$	7,138,883	\$	11,787,850	\$	13,047,432	\$	18,703,923	\$	20,186,315
State revolving loan		-		-		722,472		767,148		722,472		767,148
Capital lease obligation		-		-		2,841,594		3,215,303		2,841,594		3,215,303
Unearned revenue		-		-		18,548		36,369		18,548		36,369
Compensated absences		263,871		234,220	_	148,762	_	133,823	_	412,633	_	368,043
Total	\$	7,179,944	\$	7,373,103	\$	15,519,226	\$	17,200,075	\$	22,699,170	\$	24,573,178

In October 2016, after a competitive request for proposal process, the City refinanced approximately \$2.65 million in South Santa Rosa Utilities System (SSRUS) Revenue Bonds with U.S. Bancorp Governmental at an interest rate of 1.339%. The debt refinanced was the SSRUS Refunding Revenue Bond Series 2004, issued in November 2004, with varying interest rates from 2.5% to 5.5%. The SSRUS Refunding Revenue Bond Series 2004, was issued to refund all of the City's Series 1994 South Santa Rosa Utility System Revenue Bonds used for the water system infrastructure.

The governmental and business-type activity revenue bond balances decreased largely as a result of principal repayments on debt. There are no limitations placed upon the amount of debt the City may issue either by the City's charter, code of ordinances or by Florida Statutes. Additional information on the City's long-term obligations can be found in Note 13 in the notes to the financial statements.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET

- Total assessed property values within the City increased approximately (5.3%) over the prior tax year from \$768,601,504 to \$809,215,818.
- Per capita income decreased slightly from \$51,222 to \$50,870, or approximately (1%) below the prior fiscal year.

- Budgeted capital expenditures increased approximately (10%) from \$7.8 million in fiscal year ending 9/30/2018 to \$8.6 million for fiscal year ending 9/30/2019.
- There were approximately \$604,000 in capital projects which were not completed by 9/30/2018, which were picked up in the budget carry forward amendment into the 9/30/2019 fiscal year budget.
- The New Police Department Building was budgeted at \$1.93 million in the 9/30/2018 budget. The engineering and design work were partially completed by the end of the fiscal year, for a total of approximately \$85,000. This project was re-budgeted for 9/30/2019 at \$1.83 million.

Major capital projects for the upcoming fiscal year include:

- o New Police Department Building: \$1.83 million.
- o Road paving projects at \$1 million.
- o Recreational projects at approximately \$467,000.
- o Public Safety vehicles and equipment at approximately \$225,000.
- o City Hall renovations at \$302,400 for new roof and public restroom improvements.
- O Utilities Maintenance/Improvements: \$3.7 million, with \$1.6 million related to engineering and design to expand and upgrade the City's Waste Water Treatment Plant.
- o Stormwater Drainage Improvements: \$357,000; an additional \$4.1 million is scheduled for the next 10 years.
- New businesses within the CRA district have increased the tax base by \$4.4 million for tax year 2018. The total estimated increase in tax revenues for the new fiscal year is approximately \$36,000.

The increase in the tax base is related to the following projects:

- o The Arbors
- o Dairy Queen
- Sacred Heart Medical Office Building
- o Henghold Skin Center

Of these projects, The Arbors is having the greatest impact on the local economy and will become one of the four most valuable properties in the city. Located on a 5.25-acre parcel of land on Joachim Drive, The Arbors is a three-story, 132-unit, 138,000-square-foot 'Resort Style Senior Living' facility slated to open during the spring of 2018. The Arbors is expected to house up to 157 residents and provide 70 full-time and part-time jobs. The full increase to the tax base for the new projects will be realized in the tax year 2019, as additional revenues for fiscal year 2020.

• Other Highlights:

- o The County taxing authority approved and the Council adopted by Ordinance in 2018, a new thirty-year Community Redevelopment Agency (CRA) planning document. This plan is projected to bring \$52,600,000 in additional tax revenues to the City over the next thirty years.
- o The fiscal year ending September 30, 2019, includes funds carried forward to complete a wage study related to all governmental and business-type activity employees. The goal is to have this study completed in order to implement in the FY2020 budget.

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City of Gulf Breeze's finances for all of those with an interest in the City's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Director of Finance, 1070 Shoreline Drive, Gulf Breeze, Florida 32561. The City of Gulf Breeze's website address is www.cityofgulfbreeze.com.



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CITY OF GULF BREEZE, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

		Primary Government				Component Unit		
		Governmental		Susiness-type				al Trust Agency
		Activities		Activities		Total	an	d Subsidiary
ASSETS								
Current Assets: Cash and cash equivalents	\$	3,234,061	\$	4,744,639	\$	7,978,700	\$	4,981,653
Investments	J.	3,078,635	J	9,471,574	٥	12,550,209		4,981,033
Receivables, net		337,827		1,565,537		1,903,364		40,910
Interfund receivables (payables)		4,504,871		(4,504,871)		-		-
Due from other governments		250,265		496,170		746,435 17,489		-
Note receivable from joint venture Prepaid items		5,932		17,489		5,932		7,086
Inventory, at cost		22,138		404,506		426,644		-
Restricted assets								
Cash and cash equivalents		2,926,587		2,109,116		5,035,703		65,775
Total current assets		14,360,316		14,304,160		28,664,476	-	5,095,424
Non-Current Assets:								
Restricted assets								
Cash and cash equivalents		-		139,711		139,711		-
Other assets								
Investment in limited liability company Bond issuance costs, net		-		28,172 120,170		28,172 120,170		977
Investment in joint venture		-		3,054,613		3,054,613		-
Advance to joint venture		_		226,272		226,272		_
Note receivable from joint venture		-		104,935		104,935		-
Net pension asset		154,334		-		154,334		-
Capital assets								
Non-depreciable		1,830,489 12,950,541		4,651,373		6,481,862		-
Depreciable Total non-current assets		14,935,364		26,382,333 34,707,579		39,332,874 49,642,943	-	977
Total non-various assets		11,755,501		31,707,375		15,012,515		
Total Assets		29,295,680		49,011,739		78,307,419		5,096,401
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Pensions		1,596,715		98,151		1,694,866		
Loss on bond refunding		-		309,911		309,911		-
The transfer of the same of th		1.506.515		100.062		2004.555		,
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources		1,596,715		408,062		2,004,777	-	
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows	\$	30,892,395	\$	49,419,801	\$	80,312,196	\$	5,096,401
LIABILITIES Current Liabilities:								
Accounts payable	\$	755,363	\$	820,131	\$	1,575,494	\$	32,651
Accrued liabilities	Ψ	118,584	Ψ	142,405	Ψ	260,989	Ψ	-
Accrued interest		-		30,306		30,306		-
Due to other governments		22,352		846		23,198		153,553
Compensated absences		46,566		26,252		72,818		-
State revolving loan payable		-		44,676		44,676 354,726		-
Revenue bonds payable Capital lease payable		-		354,726 373,709		373,709		
Payable from restricted assets				373,707		373,707		
Accrued interest		112,934		196,955		309,889		-
Customer deposits		-		925,176		925,176		-
Revenue bonds payable		224,400		881,019		1,105,419		
Total current liabilities		1,280,199		3,796,201		5,076,400		186,204
Non-current liabilities:								
Unearned revenue		-		18,548		18,548		9,511
Compensated absences		263,871		148,762		412,633		-
State revolving loan payable		. .		722,472		722,472		-
Revenue bonds payable		6,916,073		11,787,850		18,703,923		-
Capital lease payable Net pension liability		433,903		2,841,594 321,465		2,841,594 755,368		-
Total other postemployment benefits (OPEB) liability		44,686		30,035		74,721		-
Total non-current liabilities		7,658,533		15,870,726		23,529,259		9,511
T 4 17 1 199		0.020.722		10.666.027		20.605.650		105.715
Total Liabilities		8,938,732		19,666,927		28,605,659	-	195,715
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Pensions		1,030,138		80,563		1,110,701		
NET POSITION								
Net investment in capital assets		7,640,557		14,337,571		21,978,128		_
Restricted for:		.,,/		y y-		, ,.		
Recapture indemnity agreement		-		-		-		65,775
Public safety		175,667		-		175,667		-
Community redevelopment		1,618,745				1,618,745		-
Debt service and other debt requirements Infrastructure		221,100 642,998		108,597		329,697 642,998		-
Unrestricted		10,624,458		15,226,143		25,850,601		4,834,911
Total Net Position		20,923,525		29,672,311		50,595,836		4,900,686
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows, and								
Net Position	_\$	30,892,395	\$	49,419,801	\$	80,312,196	\$	5,096,401

CITY OF GULF BREEZE, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

				Prog	gram Revenues				N	et (Exp	ense) Revenue a	nd Cha	nges in Net Posit	ion	
										Prim	ary Government	ry Government			
	Expenses		Charges for Services		erating Grants and Contributions		apital Grants and ontributions	G	overnmental Activities		usiness-Type Activities		Total	Ca A	nponent Unit apital Trust gency and Subsidiary
Functions:															
Governmental:	A 2061.01	0 0	420.202	Φ.	140.006	Ф	214212	Φ.	(1.07(.200)	Φ.		ф	(1.07(.200)		
General government	\$ 2,861,01		430,302	\$	140,006	\$	314,312	\$	(1,976,390)	\$	-	\$	(1,976,390)		
Public safety	3,256,17		611,389		108,783		-		(2,536,000)		-		(2,536,000)		
Transportation	977,56		-		-		-		(977,564)		-		(977,564)		
Economic environment	293,42		-		-		-		(293,423)		-		(293,423)		
Culture and recreation	2,403,30		378,847		17,996		-		(2,006,465)		-		(2,006,465)		
Debt service interest	342,65		-		-		-		(342,652)		-		(342,652)		
Total governmental activities	10,134,12	.9	1,420,538		266,785		314,312		(8,132,494)				(8,132,494)		
Business-type:															
Water and sewer	2,238,39	2	2,578,344		-		32,158		-		372,110		372,110		
Natural gas	2,472,99	5	3,030,245		-		55,574		_		612,824		612,824		
South Santa Rosa Utility	8,296,18		7,633,894		_		2,048,388		_		1,386,099		1,386,099		
Solid waste control	648,77		761,776		_		-		_		113,000		113,000		
Stormwater management	527,04		238,246		_		_		_		(288,798)		(288,798)		
Gulf Breeze Financial Services	1,218,47		169,367		_		_		_		(1,049,112)		(1,049,112)		
Innerarity Point	13,71		24,666		_		_		_		10,950		10,950		
Total business-type activities	15,415,58		14,436,538		-		2,136,120		-		1,157,073		1,157,073		
Total primary government	\$ 25,549,71	4 \$	15,857,076	\$	266,785	\$	2,450,432		(8,132,494)		1,157,073		(6,975,421)		
Capital Trust Agency															
and subsidiary	\$ 1,776,75	\$	2,321,474	\$	-	\$	-							\$	544,718
	General Revenue	s:													
	Taxes								2 157 040				2 1 5 7 0 4 0		
	Property taxes								2,157,048		-		2,157,048		-
	Tourist devel	opment t	axes						209,300		-		209,300		-
	Fuel taxes								233,944		-		233,944		-
	Franchise tax								344,871		-		344,871		-
	Communicati		e taxes						259,313		-		259,313		-
	Utility service								790,916		-		790,916		-
	Intergovernmen								924,404				924,404		-
	Gain on sale of								103,468		5,652		109,120		-
	Income from jo	ınt ventu	re						-		477,532		477,532		-
	Miscellaneous								762,524		204,849		967,373		86,031
	Unrestricted inv		0						44,410		171,796		216,206		16,173
	Total general	revenue	S						5,830,198		859,829		6,690,027		102,204
	Transfers								872,527		(872,527)				
	Change in net pos								(1,429,769)		1,144,375		(285,394)		646,922
	Net position at beg	-	-						22,353,294		28,527,936		50,881,230		4,253,764
	Net position at en	d of year						\$	20,923,525	\$	29,672,311	\$	50,595,836	\$	4,900,686

CITY OF GULF BREEZE, FLORIDA BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

		General		Urban Core Redevelopment		Non-Major Governmental Funds		Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS		General	_	redevelopment		1 unus	_	1 unus
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	2,862,420	\$	_	\$	371,641	\$	3,234,061
Investments	•	3,078,635	·	_	•	- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	•	3,078,635
Receivables, net		337,827		_		_		337,827
Interfund receivables		4,507,272		_		_		4,507,272
Due from other governments		165,413		_		84,852		250,265
Prepaid items		5,932		_		, -		5,932
Inventory, at cost		22,138		_		_		22,138
Restricted assets		,						,
Cash and cash equivalents		1,201,433	_	1,527,024	_	198,130		2,926,587
Total Assets	\$	12,181,070	\$	1,527,024	\$	654,623	\$	14,362,717
LIABILITIES								
Accounts payable	\$	725,698	\$	7,948	\$	21,717	\$	755,363
Accrued liabilities		118,046		-		538		118,584
Interfund payables		-		-		2,401		2,401
Due to other governments		-		-		22,352		22,352
Total Liabilities		843,744		7,948	_	47,008		898,700
FUND BALANCES								
Non-spendable								
Inventory		22,138		-		-		22,138
Prepaid items		5,932		-		-		5,932
Restricted								
Public safety		-		-		175,667		175,667
Community redevelopment		-		1,519,076		99,669		1,618,745
Debt service		221,100		-		-		221,100
Infrastructure		642,998		-		-		642,998
Committed								
Community funds		437		-		-		437
Self-insurance		250,000		=		-		250,000
Beautification		150,646		-		-		150,646
Parks subdivision		15,481		=		-		15,481
Assigned								
Disaster recovery		100,000		=		-		100,000
Public safety		15,993		-		332,279		348,272
Unassigned		9,912,601		-		-	_	9,912,601
Total Fund Balances		11,337,326		1,519,076		607,615		13,464,017
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	12,181,070	\$	1,527,024	\$	654,623	\$	14,362,717

CITY OF GULF BREEZE, FLORIDA RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds (page 29)		\$ 13,464,017
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the		
statement of net position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not		
financial resources and therefore are not reported		
in the governmental funds.		
Governmental non-depreciable assets	1,830,489	
Governmental depreciable assets	35,973,338	
Less accumulated depreciation	(23,022,797)	14,781,030
The net pension asset reported in governmental activities is not		
a financial resource and therefore is not reported		
in the governmental funds.		154,334
Deferred outflows related to pensions are not		
financial resources and therefore are not reported		
in the governmental funds.		1,596,715
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current		
period and therefore are not reported as liabilities in the		
governmental funds.		
Revenue bonds payable	(7,140,473)	
Accrued interest	(112,934)	
Compensated absences	(310,437)	
Net pension liability	(433,903)	
Net other postemployment benefits (OPEB) liability	(44,686)	(8,042,433)
Deferred inflows related to pensions are not		
financial resources and therefore are not reported		
in the governmental funds.		(1,030,138)
Total Net Position - Governmental Activities (page 28)		\$ 20,923,525

CITY OF GULF BREEZE, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

	General	Urban Core		Non-Major Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues:					
Taxes	\$ 2,871,900	\$ 914,192	\$	209,300	\$ 3,995,392
Licenses and permits	91,382	-		-	91,382
Intergovernmental	1,149,316	-		41,873	1,191,189
Charges for services	717,767	-		-	717,767
Fines and forfeitures	65,636	-		545,753	611,389
Investment earnings	44,410	-		-	44,410
Miscellaneous	 744,543	 9,461		8,520	 762,524
Total revenues	5,684,954	923,653	_	805,446	7,414,053
Expenditures:					
Current					
General government	2,179,982	192,042		6	2,372,030
Public safety	2,679,127	=		292,269	2,971,396
Transportation	476,733	-		-	476,733
Economic environment	273,158	=		-	273,158
Culture and recreation	1,630,880	=		50,438	1,681,318
Capital outlay	1,799,589	175,524		8,364	1,983,477
Debt service					
Principal	215,600	=		-	215,600
Interest	 344,081	 -		-	 344,081
Total expenditures	9,599,150	367,566		351,077	 10,317,793
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over (under) expenditures	 (3,914,196)	 556,087		454,369	 (2,903,740)
Other Financing					
Sources (Uses):					
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	103,468	-		-	103,468
Contributions	314,312	-		-	314,312
Transfers in	2,261,907	-		-	2,261,907
Transfers out	(549,880)	(373,500)		(466,000)	(1,389,380)
Settlement	(295,742)	 		-	(295,742)
Total other financing					
sources (uses)	 1,834,065	 (373,500)		(466,000)	 994,565
Net change in fund balances	(2,080,131)	182,587		(11,631)	(1,909,175)
Fund Balances:					
Beginning of year	 13,417,457	 1,336,489		619,246	 15,373,192
End of year	\$ 11,337,326	\$ 1,519,076	\$	607,615	\$ 13,464,017

CITY OF GULF BREEZE, FLORIDA RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

Net change in fund balances - governmental funds (page 31)		\$ (1,909,175)
Amounts reported for <i>governmental activities</i> in the statement of activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those		
assets is depreciated over their estimated lives. The net effect		
of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets,		
including disposal, which decrease net position, are not reported		
in the governmental funds.		
Expenditures for capital assets	1,983,477	
Less current year depreciation	(1,642,333)	341,144
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current		
period and therefore are not reported in the governmental		
funds.		
Debt principal payments	215,600	
Change in accrued interest expense	3,019	218,619
Amortization of bond discounts, reported in the statement of		
activities, does not require the use of current financial		
resources, therefore, it is not reported as an expenditure in		
governmental funds.		(1,590)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not		
require the use of current financial resources and therefore		
are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.		
Change in long-term compensated absences		(26,809)
Governmental funds do not recognize expenditures for the change		
in the net pension liability from year to year.		
Change in Florida Retirement System net pension liability	(3,257)	
Change in Health Insurance Subsidy Program net pension liability	7,911	
Change in Florida Municipal Pension Trust Fund net		
pension liability	(11,926)	(7,272)
Governmental funds do not recognize expenditures for the change		
in the net other postemployment benefits liability from year		
to year.		 (44,686)
Change in Net Position - Governmental Activities (page 28)		\$ (1,429,769)

CITY OF GULF BREEZE, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

	Or	iginal Budget	F	inal Budget	 Actual		Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
Revenues:							
Taxes	\$	2,852,092	\$	2,848,300	\$ 2,871,900	\$	23,600
Licenses and permits		75,100		91,381	91,382		1
Intergovernmental		1,073,359		1,122,040	1,149,316		27,276
Charges for services		642,200		713,658	717,767		4,109
Fines and forfeitures		70,500		65,637	65,636		(1)
Investment earnings		5,000		5,834	44,410		38,576
Miscellaneous		673,500		721,769	 744,543		22,774
Total revenues		5,391,751		5,568,619	 5,684,954		116,335
Expenditures:							
Current							
General government		1,989,061		2,218,314	2,179,982		38,332
Public safety		2,635,817		2,714,155	2,679,127		35,028
Transportation		749,303		771,971	476,733		295,238
Economic environment		270,969		273,895	273,158		737
Culture and recreation		1,489,341		1,627,672	1,630,880		(3,208)
Capital outlay		3,684,000		3,696,501	1,799,589		1,896,912
Debt service							
Principal		201,390		215,600	215,600		-
Interest		318,587		344,085	344,081		4
Total expenditures		11,338,468		11,862,193	9,599,150		2,263,043
Deficiency of revenues							
under expenditures		(5,946,717)		(6,293,574)	 (3,914,196)	_	2,379,378
Other Financing Sources (Uses):							
Proceeds from sale of capital assets		_		91,120	103,468		12,348
Contributions		_		15,544	314,312		298,768
Transfers in		2,683,907		2,261,907	2,261,907		2,0,700
Transfers out		(267,723)		(549,880)	(549,880)		_
Settlement		(207,723)		(5.15,000)	(295,742)		(295,742)
Total other financing sources		_		_	 (=>0,7 .=)		(250,7.12)
(uses)		2,416,184		1,818,691	1,834,065		15,374
Appropriation of Fund Balance		3,530,533		4,474,883	 		(4,474,883)
Net change in fund balance	\$	-	\$		(2,080,131)	\$	(2,080,131)
Fund Balance:							
Beginning of year					 13,417,457		
End of year					\$ 11,337,326		

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

CITY OF GULF BREEZE, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL URBAN CORE REDEVELOPMENT SPECIAL REVENUE FUND YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

							riance with nal Budget - Positive
	Orig	ginal Budget	Fi	inal Budget	Actual	(Negative)
Revenues:							
Taxes	\$	916,217	\$	916,217	\$ 914,192	\$	(2,025)
Expenditures:							
Current							
Culture and recreation		291,341		291,341	192,042		99,299
Capital outlay		658,415		804,005	175,524		628,481
Total expenditures		949,756		1,095,346	367,566		727,780
Excess of revenues							
over expenditures	·	(33,539)		(179,129)	 556,087		735,216
Other Financing Sources (Uses):							
Transfers out		(373,500)		(373,500)	 (373,500)		
Appropriation of Fund Balance		407,039		552,629	 -		(552,629)
Net change in fund balance	\$		\$	_	182,587	\$	182,587
Fund Balance:							
Beginning of year					 1,336,489		
End of year					\$ 1,519,076		

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CITY OF GULF BREEZE, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

		r & Sewer Fund	N	atural Gas Fund		South Santa Rosa Utility	tormwater anagement	_	Gulf Breeze Financial Services		on-Major roprietary Funds	P	Total Proprietary Funds
ASSETS	·												
Current Assets:													
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	-	\$	686,966	\$	3,630,713	\$ 58,074	\$	269,326	\$	99,560	\$	4,744,639
Investments		-		-		65,375	-		9,406,199		-		9,471,574
Receivables, net		317,309		289,952		852,672	26,905		3,958		74,741		1,565,537
Due from other governments		-		-		342,617	-		153,553		-		496,170
Note receivable from joint venture		8,045		-		9,444	-		-		-		17,489
Inventory, at cost		19,964		265,036		119,506	-		-		-		404,506
Restricted assets													
Cash and cash equivalents		324,350		260,837		1,414,566	 97,288				12,075		2,109,116
Total current assets		669,668	_	1,502,791		6,434,893	 182,267	_	9,833,036		186,376		18,809,031
Non-Current Assets:													
Investment in limited liability company		-	_	-			 	_	28,172		-		28,172
Restricted assets													
Cash and cash equivalents				-	_	139,711	 	_			-	_	139,711
Capital assets, net													
Land		-		-		3,816,825	37,062		-		-		3,853,887
Construction in progress		25,856		-		538,747	232,883		-		-		797,486
Buildings		-		-		1,993,845	-		-		-		1,993,845
Improvements other than building		29,984		336,027		6,214,811	-		46,236		-		6,627,058
Infrastructure	1	1,605,850		2,382,791		8,773,659	3,346,849		-		-		16,109,149
Machinery and equipment		343,389		267,542		1,019,423	5,691		10,236		6,000		1,652,281
Total capital assets	2	2,005,079		2,986,360	_	22,357,310	 3,622,485		56,472		6,000		31,033,706
Other assets:						00.425	21.742						120 150
Bond issuance costs, net		-		-		98,427	21,743		-		-		120,170
Investment in joint venture]	1,557,853		-		1,496,760	-		-		-		3,054,613
Advance to joint venture		115,399		-		110,873	-		-		-		226,272
Note receivable from joint venture		48,270				56,665	 	_					104,935
Total other assets Total non-current assets		1,721,522 3,726,601		2,986,360		1,762,725 24,259,746	 3,644,228		84,644		6,000		3,505,990 34,707,579
Total non-current assets		5,720,001		2,980,300		24,239,740	 3,044,228	_	64,044		0,000		34,707,379
Total Assets		1,396,269	_	4,489,151	_	30,694,639	 3,826,495	_	9,917,680	_	192,376		53,516,610
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES													
Pensions		30,922		22,828		36,371	7,851		-		179		98,151
Loss on bond refunding		-		-		309,911	 -	_	-		-		309,911
Total deferred outflows of resources		30,922		22,828		346,282	 7,851				179		408,062
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows	\$ 4	1,427,191	\$	4,511,979	\$	31,040,921	\$ 3,834,346	\$	9,917,680	\$	192,555	\$	53,924,672

LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS	Water & Sewer Fund	Natural Gas Fund	South Santa Rosa Utility	Stormwater Management	Gulf Breeze Financial Services	Non-Major Proprietary Funds	Total Proprietary Funds
AND NET POSITION							
Current Liabilities:	e (0.075	e (2.002	# 426 220	e 56.072	n 145.426	e co 446	e 020 121
Accounts payable	\$ 69,875	\$ 62,082	\$ 426,229	\$ 56,073	\$ 145,426	\$ 60,446	\$ 820,131
Accrued liabilities Accrued interest	13,843	77,088	43,667	3,851	3,000	956	142,405
	502.210	2 200 000	30,306	500.000	204 204		30,306
Interfund payables	583,219	2,200,000	864,348	500,000	304,304	53,000	4,504,871
Due to other governments	-	-	-	-	-	846	846
Payable from restricted assets	4 . 400			40.000			4050
Accrued interest	15,400	-	132,935	48,620	-	-	196,955
Customer deposits	248,132	260,837	404,132	-	-	12,075	925,176
Revenue bonds payable	30,600	-	822,680	67,688	-	-	920,968
Compensated absences	4,951	5,452	13,796	1,813	-	240	26,252
State revolving loan payable	-	-	44,676	-	-	-	44,676
Revenue bonds payable	-	-	314,777	-	-	-	314,777
Capital lease payable			373,709				373,709
Total current liabilities	966,020	2,605,459	3,471,255	678,045	452,730	127,563	8,301,072
Non-Current Liabilities:							
Unearned revenue	-	-	18,548	-	-	-	18,548
Compensated absences	28,054	30,896	78,178	10,272	-	1,362	148,762
State revolving loan payable	-	-	722,472	-	-	-	722,472
Revenue bonds payable	947,400	-	8,476,623	2,363,827	-	-	11,787,850
Capital lease payable	-	-	2,841,594	-	-	-	2,841,594
Interfund payables	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Net pension liability	87,409	58,592	136,595	29,927	-	8,942	321,465
Net other postemployment benefits liability	5,128	8,791	16,116	-	-	-	30,035
Total non-current liabilities	1,067,991	98,279	12,290,126	2,404,026	-	10,304	15,870,726
Total Liabilities	2,034,011	2,703,738	15,761,381	3,082,071	452,730	137,867	24,171,798
Deferred Inflows of Resources:							
Pensions	25,656	19,083	29,465	6,359			80,563
Net Position:							
Net investment in capital assets	1,027,079	2,986,360	9,070,690	1,190,970	56,472	6,000	14,337,571
Restricted							
Debt service and other debt							
requirements	31,006	-	77,591	-	-	-	108,597
Unrestricted	1,309,439	(1,197,202)	6,101,794	(445,054)	9,408,478	48,688	15,226,143
Total net position	2,367,524	1,789,158	15,250,075	745,916	9,464,950	54,688	29,672,311
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows							
and Net Position							
	\$ 4,427,191	\$ 4,511,979	\$ 31,040,921	\$ 3,834,346	\$ 9,917,680	\$ 192,555	\$ 53,924,672

CITY OF GULF BREEZE, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUNDS YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

	Water & Sewer Fund	Natural Gas Fund	South Santa Rosa Utility	Stormwater Management	Gulf Breeze Financial Services	Non-Major Proprietary Funds	Total Proprietary Funds
Operating Revenue:							
Charges for services	0.550.244	0 2020245	A 6245.006	0 220.246		0 506.442	0 10.050.150
Utilities	\$ 2,578,344	\$ 3,030,245	\$ 6,245,896	\$ 238,246	\$ -	\$ 786,442	\$ 12,879,173
Golf course	-	-	1,387,998	-	-	-	1,387,998
Financial services					169,367		169,367
Total charges for services	2,578,344	3,030,245	7,633,894	238,246	169,367	786,442	14,436,538
Operating Expenses:							
Personal services	565,731	652,295	2,405,392	181,152	122,651	122,867	4,050,088
Contractual services	1,020,525	839,935	1,132,312	3,366	-	510,039	3,506,177
Supplies	67,779	285,843	814,153	5,917	-	614	1,174,306
Professional services	26,771	4,762	80,880	70,053	466,040	895	649,401
Repairs and maintenance	148,533	38,997	535,482	16,391	-	22,077	761,480
Office and utilities	86,253	117,648	635,980	3,112	22,257	-	865,250
Depreciation and amortization	276,394	533,515	2,080,565	133,109	7,531	6,000	3,037,114
Total operating expenses	2,191,986	2,472,995	7,684,764	413,100	618,479	662,492	14,043,816
Operating income (loss)	386,358	557,250	(50,870)	(174,854)	(449,112)	123,950	392,722
Non-Operating Revenue (Expenses):							
Investment earnings	-	-	734	-	162,615	-	163,349
Interest income from primary government	-	-	-	-	8,447	-	8,447
Grants	-	55,574	342,617	-	-	-	398,191
Interest expense	(46,406)	-	(611,419)	(113,944)	-	-	(771,769)
Income from joint venture	243,542	-	233,990	-	-	-	477,532
Settlement	-	-	-	-	(600,000)	-	(600,000)
Miscellaneous	38,818	45,584	126,353		(448)	194	210,501
Total non-operating revenue (expenses)	235,954	101,158	92,275	(113,944)	(429,386)	194	(113,749)
Income (Loss) Before Transfers							
and Capital Contributions	622,312	658,408	41,405	(288,798)	(878,498)	124,144	278,973
Transfers and Capital Contributions:							
Transfers in	30,700	-	589,319	519,000	-	-	1,139,019
Transfers out	(654,841)	(391,898)	(396,624)	(61,083)	(380,000)	(127,100)	(2,011,546)
Capital contributions	32,158	-	1,705,771	-	-	-	1,737,929
Total transfers and							
capital contributions	(591,983)	(391,898)	1,898,466	457,917	(380,000)	(127,100)	865,402
Changes in net position	30,329	266,510	1,939,871	169,119	(1,258,498)	(2,956)	1,144,375
Net position at beginning of year	2,337,195	1,522,648	13,310,204	576,797	10,723,448	57,644	28,527,936
Net position at end of year	\$ 2,367,524	\$ 1,789,158	\$ 15,250,075	\$ 745,916	\$ 9,464,950	\$ 54,688	\$ 29,672,311

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CITY OF GULF BREEZE, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - PROPRIETARY FUNDS YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

	W	ater & Sewer Fund	N	Natural Gas Fund		South Santa Rosa Utility		tormwater anagement		Gulf Breeze Financial Services		Non-Major Proprietary Funds	1	Total Proprietary Funds
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:		2 (2 7 002		2 000 205			_	240.050	_	1.15.006		000 054		44656000
Receipts from customers and users Payments from (to) other funds	\$	2,635,082 1,457	\$	3,099,397 (33,334)	\$	7,745,554 48,265	\$	240,050	\$	147,996	\$	808,851 3,000	\$	14,676,930 19,388
Payments to suppliers and providers		(1,114,651)		(1,240,431)		(3,506,926)		(63,149)		(447,310)		(562,250)		(6,934,717)
Payments to employees		(550,001)		(644,248)		(2,381,069)		(180,337)		(122,651)		(124,497)		(4,002,803)
Settlement		-		-		-		-		(600,000)		-		(600,000)
Net cash provided by (used in)					_				_	<u> </u>				
operating activities		971,887		1,181,384	_	1,905,824		(3,436)	_	(1,021,965)		125,104		3,158,798
Cash Flows from Non-Capital														
Financing Activities:														
Issuance of note receivable to														
primary government		-		-		-		-		(342,518)		-		(342,518)
Payments received from primary														
government on note receivable		-		-		-		-		46,822		-		46,822
Proceeds from primary government		-		-		-		-		600,000		-		600,000
Transfers in		30,700		- -		589,319		519,000		-		-		1,139,019
Transfers out	_	(654,841)		(391,898)	_	(396,624)		(61,083)	_	(380,000)	_	(127,100)		(2,011,546)
Net cash provided by (used in) non-capital financing activities		(624,141)		(391,898)		192,695		457,917		(75,696)		(127,100)		(568,223)
non-capital infancing activities	_	(024,141)		(371,676)	_	172,073		437,917	_	(73,070)		(127,100)		(300,223)
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities:														
Acquisition and construction of														
capital assets		(374,105)		(195,062)		(1,506,747)		(232,884)		(5,097)		-		(2,313,895)
Principal paid on bonds payable		(29,400)		-		(1,091,001)		(65,085)		-		-		(1,185,486)
Principal paid on state revolving loan		-		-		(43,344)		-		-		-		(43,344)
Principal paid on capital leases		-		-		(382,753)		-		-		-		(382,753)
Interest paid on long-term debt		(46,406)		-		(455,931)		(111,045)		-		-		(613,382)
Capital contributions and grants		32,158		55,574	_	1,056,507			_					1,144,239
Net cash provided by (used in) capital and related financing activities	s	(417,753)		(139,488)		(2,423,269)		(409,014)		(5,097)		-		(3,394,621)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities:														
Purchases of investments		_		_		_		_		(1,485,578)		_		(1,485,578)
Proceeds from sale of investments		_		_		_		_		1,283,947		_		1,283,947
Interest on note receivable from										-,,				-,,
primary government		_		-		_		-		8,447		_		8,447
Loss from investment in limited														
liability company		-		-		-		-		(448)		-		(448)
Principal repayment from joint venture		8,045		-		9,444		-		-		-		17,489
Interest income					_	364			_	234,643				235,007
Net cash provided by		0.045				0.000				41.011				50.064
investing activities	_	8,045	_		_	9,808			_	41,011		-		58,864
Net Change in Cash														
and Cash Equivalents		(61,962)		649,998		(314,942)		45,467		(1,061,747)		(1,996)		(745,182)
Cash and Cash Equivalents -														
Beginning of the Year	_	386,312	_	297,805	_	5,499,932		109,895	_	1,331,073		113,631	_	7,738,648
Cash and Cash Equivalents -														
End of the Year	\$	324,350	\$	947,803	\$	5,184,990	\$	155,362	\$	269,326	\$	111,635	\$	6,993,466
Plantage d A ac									_					
Displayed As:	ø		e	(0(0((ф	2 (20 712	ø	50.074	¢	260.226	e	00.560	e	4.744.620
Cash and cash equivalents Current - Restricted cash and	\$	-	\$	686,966	\$	3,630,713	\$	58,074	\$	269,326	\$	99,560	\$	4,744,639
cash equivalents		324,350		260,837		1,414,566		97,288		_		12,075		2,109,116
Non-current - Restricted cash and		524,550		200,007		1,117,500		77,200		_		12,073		2,107,110
cash equivalents					_	139,711			_					139,711
	¢	324,350	\$	947,803	\$	5,184,990	\$	155,362	\$	269,326	\$	111,635	\$	6,993,466
	φ	344,330	Ф	77,003	Φ	2,104,220	φ	155,502	Φ	207,320	Ф	111,033	ф	0,223,400

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

CITY OF GULF BREEZE, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - PROPRIETARY FUNDS YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018 (Continued)

	Wat	ter & Sewer Fund	N	Vatural Gas Fund		South Santa Rosa Utility		tormwater anagement	(Gulf Breeze Financial Services		Ion-Major roprietary Funds	F	Total Proprietary Funds
Reconciliation of Operating Income						-								
(Loss) to Net Cash Provided by														
(Used in) Operating Activities:														
Operating income (loss)	\$	386,358	\$	557,250	\$	(50,870)	\$	(174,854)	\$	(449,112)	\$	123,950	\$	392,722
Adjustments to reconcile operating														
income (loss) to net cash														
provided by (used in) operating activit	ies -													
Depreciation and	100													
amortization expense		276,394		533,515		2,080,565		133,109		7,531		6,000		3,037,114
Provision for uncollectible accounts		(4,806)		(6,371)		(762)		(463)		-		(2,474)		(14,876)
Settlement		-		-		-		-		(600,000)		-		(600,000)
Miscellaneous income		38,818		45,584		126,353		_		-		194		210,949
Changes in operating assets		, -		- ,		- ,								
and liabilities:														
Receivables		38,352		29,939		(11,736)		2,267		_		24,689		83,511
Due from other governments		-		-		-		-		(21,371)		-		(21,371)
Inventory, at cost		(9,498)		41,623		(58,526)		_		-		-		(26,401)
Deferred outflows of		,				, , ,								, , ,
resources - pensions		4,453		3,374		13,765		3,749		-		4,604		29,945
Accounts payable		(3,040)		(18,618)		(253,674)		36,992		41,487		(28,625)		(225,478)
Accrued liabilities		4,893		15,655		(2,113)		(969)		(500)		171		17,137
Interfund payables		251,479		(33,334)		48,265		-		-		3,000		269,410
Due to other governments		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Customer deposits		(1,862)		8,141		17,424		-		-		-		23,703
Unearned revenue		(15,626)		-		(2,195)		-		-		-		(17,821)
Compensated absences		6,014		(259)		(2,199)		660		-		(1,801)		2,415
Net pension liability		1,321		981		1,155		216		-		(193)		3,480
Net OPEB obligation		5,128		8,791		16,116		-		-		-		30,035
Deferred inflows of														
resources - pensions		(6,491)		(4,887)		(15,744)		(4,143)		-		(4,411)		(35,676)
Total adjustments		585,529	_	624,134	_	1,956,694		171,418	_	(572,853)	_	1,154	_	2,766,076
Net Cash Provided By (Used in)														
Operating Activities	\$	971,887	\$	1,181,384	\$	1,905,824	\$	(3,436)	\$	(1,021,965)	\$	125,104	\$	3,158,798
3	·		÷		÷	, , .	÷	(-,,	÷	()-	÷	-, -	÷	
Supplemental Schedule of Noncash C	apita	al												
and Related Financing Activities														
Change in fair value of investment														
in joint venture	\$	243,542	\$	-	\$	233,990	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	477,532
Acquisition of capital assets														
contributed	\$	-	\$		\$	649,264	\$	-	\$		\$	-	\$	649,264

CITY OF GULF BREEZE, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION - FIDUCIARY FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

	Poli R	Agency Funds			
ASSETS					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	-	\$	7,253	
Due from other governments		73,654		-	
Investments:					
Equity Mutual Funds		4,732,396		-	
Total Assets		4,806,050		7,253	
LIABILITIES					
Due to others				7,253	
NET POSITION					
Restricted for pension benefits	\$	4,806,050	\$		

CITY OF GULF BREEZE, FLORIDA Exhibit XI STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION - FIDUCIARY FUNDS YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

	lice Officers' Retirement Fund
ADDITIONS:	
Contributions	
Employer	\$ 174,722
Plan members	26,298
State of Florida	73,655
Total contributions	 274,675
Investment income	371,900
Less investment expense	(10,273)
Net investment income	361,627
Total additions	 636,302
DEDUCTIONS:	
Benefits and refunds paid to plan members and beneficiaries	780,158
Administrative expenses	9,213
Total deductions	789,371
NET DECREASE	(153,069)
NET POSITION RESTRICTED FOR PENSION BENEFITS:	
Beginning of year	 4,959,119
End of year	\$ 4,806,050

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NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The City of Gulf Breeze, Florida (the City) was chartered as a municipality by a Special Act of the Florida Legislature on May 1, 1961, under Chapter 61.2207, Laws of Florida, pursuant to House Bill number 557. On August 10, 1961 residents voted to adopt the charter and elected the first city officials. As authorized by its charter, the City provides the following services: public safety (police, fire, and inspection), highways and streets, water and sewer, natural gas, sanitation, stormwater drainage, culture and recreation, public improvements, planning and zoning, and general administrative services.

The financial statements of the City have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted (GAAP) in the United States of America applicable to governmental units and the Uniform Accounting System mandated by Section 218.33, Florida Statutes. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the standard-setting body for governmental accounting and financial reporting.

The following is a summary of the more significant accounting policies of the City:

A. Reporting Entity

A four member City Council and a Mayor govern the City, each elected at-large for four-year terms for Council Members and a two-year term for the Mayor. The Council has no powers other than those expressly vested in it by State Statute and the City Charter, and their governmental powers cannot be delegated. Each Councilman and the Mayor receive \$1.00 per year in compensation for their service.

As required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, these financial statements present the City of Gulf Breeze (the primary government) and its component units. In evaluating the City as a reporting entity, management has considered all potential component units for which the City may or may not be financially accountable and, as such, be includable within the City's financial statements. Management utilized criteria set forth in GASB Statement No. 61 (GASB 61) for determining financial accountability of potential component units in evaluating all potential component units. In accordance with GASB 61, the City (primary government) is financially accountable if it appoints a voting majority of the potential component unit's governing board and (1) it is able to impose its will on the organization or (2) there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefit to or impose specific financial burden on the City. In addition, component units can be other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

As of September 30, 2018, the City of Gulf Breeze had three component units, as defined by GASB 61, which have been presented in the financial statements of the primary government as either "discretely presented component units" or "blended component units." The component units are: the Urban Core Redevelopment (Community Redevelopment Agency), Gulf Breeze Financial Services, Inc., and Capital Trust Agency, Inc. and Subsidiary.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

A. Reporting Entity (Continued)

Urban Core Redevelopment (Community Redevelopment Agency) was established by the City in December 1989 based on the Finding of Necessity documentation required pursuant to Chapter 163, Florida Statutes and is a blended component unit reported as a major governmental fund in the City's financial statements. Pursuant to Resolution No. 18-89, the City Council, including the Mayor, serve as the Community Redevelopment Agency board of directors who approves the annual operating budget and has operational responsibility for the component unit.

Gulf Breeze Financial Services, Inc. (GBFS) was incorporated as of March 6, 1997. The members of the City Council, including the Mayor, serve as directors of GBFS. GBFS was formed exclusively for the purposes of assisting the City of Gulf Breeze in administration, operation, marketing, organizing, and servicing of various financing programs such as the Gulf Breeze Local Government Loan Program through which the City is either a participant or a sponsor of such financing programs, usually involving the issuance of bonds. Gulf Breeze Financial Services, Inc. is a blended component unit reported as an enterprise fund in the City's financial statements. GBFS issues separate financial statements which may be obtained by writing to Gulf Breeze Financial Services, Inc., 315 Fairpoint Drive, Gulf Breeze, FL 32561 or calling (850) 934-4046.

Capital Trust Agency, Inc. (CTA) was established by the City on May 19, 1999, with Resolution 14-99 and incorporated on June 30, 1999, with the directors appointed by the City Council. CTA was formed for the purposes of assisting in the financing, acquisition, construction, development, equipping, maintenance, operation, and/or promotion of certain facilities, intangibles, and capital projects. The City exclusively benefits from the activity of CTA and received \$620,000 in miscellaneous revenues during the fiscal year ending September 30, 2018. In 2007, CTA and GBFS formed Capital Trust Agency Community Development Entity, LLC (CTA-CDE) to attract tax credit fund incentives into financing projects to help renew Florida's distressed neighborhoods. CTA holds a 99% ownership interest in CTA-CDE and is the managing member. Accordingly, CTA presents its financial information consolidated with that of CTA-CDE (Subsidiary). CTA and Subsidiary is reported as a discretely presented component unit. CTA and Subsidiary issues separate financial statements which may be obtained by writing to Capital Trust Agency, Inc., 315 Fairpoint Drive, Gulf Breeze, FL 32561 or calling (850) 934-4046.

Conduit Debt

The City has sponsored the following financing programs involving the issuance, by the City of Gulf Breeze, Florida, of the following bonds:

- \$485,805,000 Floating Rate Demand Revenue Bonds, Series 1985, \$163,080,000 outstanding.
- \$20,500,000 Variable Rate Demand Revenue Bonds, Series 1999, \$15,830,000 outstanding.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

A. Reporting Entity (Continued)

Conduit Debt (Continued)

- \$18,190,000 Variable Rate Demand Revenue Bonds, Series 2010A, \$3,415,000 outstanding.
- \$12,255,000 Variable Rate Demand Revenue Bonds, Series 2010B, \$1,720,000 outstanding.

These bonds were issued pursuant to a Trust Indenture by and between the City and SunTrust Bank, as Trustee, for the purpose of funding the Gulf Breeze Local Government Loan Pool Program, which makes loans to local government and not-for-profit entities. The bonds are payable solely from the Trust and the proceeds generated from loans to the borrowing entities. The City is not liable for repayment of the bonds under the terms of the Trust Agreement, and the sole remedy for any bondholder as set forth in the Trust Agreement is limited to the assets of the Trust. Accordingly, the activity of the trust is not included in these financial statements.

B. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The basic financial statements include both government-wide (based on the City as a whole) and fund financial statements. The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely, to a significant extent, on charges and fees for support. Likewise, the primary government is reported separately from the legally separate component units for which the primary government is financially accountable.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Some centralized expenses, to include an administrative overhead component, are included in fund direct expenses. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

B. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

Separate fund financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though fiduciary funds are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement* focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Pension plans recognize revenue when contributions are due, as there is a statutory requirement to make the contribution. Property taxes are recorded as revenue in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Agency funds do not have a measurement focus, as they only report assets and liabilities; however, agency funds do use the accrual basis of accounting to recognize receivables and payables.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources* measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the City considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period, except for certain grant revenues which are recognized as revenues in the same period in which the grant expenditures occurred. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Franchise taxes, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Only the portion of special assessments receivable within the current fiscal period is revenue of the current period. Sales taxes, gasoline taxes, and other intergovernmental revenues collected and held by the state at year-end on behalf of the City, are also recognized as revenue. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting (Continued)

The Santa Rosa County Tax Collector bills and collects property taxes for the City in accordance with the laws of the State of Florida. Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of the date of assessment and remain in effect until discharge by payment. Taxes are payable when levied (on November 1, or as soon thereafter as the assessment roll becomes available to the Tax Collector).

The following is the current property tax calendar:

Lien Date	January 1, 2018
Levy Date	November 1, 2018
Due Date	November 1, 2018
Delinquent Date	April 1, 2019

Discounts of 1% are granted for each month that taxes are paid prior to March 2018.

Revenue recognition criteria for property taxes under the GASB requires that property taxes expected to be collected within 60 days of the current period be accrued. No accrual has been made for 2018 ad valorem taxes because property taxes are not legally due until subsequent to the end of the fiscal year. Current year taxes, which are uncollected as of the end of the fiscal year, are generally immaterial in amount and highly susceptible to uncollectability and, therefore, are not recorded as a receivable as of September 30, 2018.

D. Basis of Presentation

The financial transactions of the City are recorded in individual funds. Each fund is a separate accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts recording cash and other financial resources, together with all related liabilities and residual equities or balances, and changes therein, which are segregated for the purpose of carrying on specific activities or attaining certain objectives in accordance with special regulations, restrictions, or limitations. As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are other charges between the government's utility function and various other functions of the government. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Amounts reported as *program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as *general revenues* rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish *operating* revenues and expenses from *non-operating* items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the City's enterprise funds are charges to customers for sales and services.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

D. Basis of Presentation (Continued)

Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and service, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses, including tap and impact fees intended to cover the impact of future additional infrastructure costs.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the government's policy to use restricted resources first and then unrestricted resources, as they are needed.

The following three broad classifications are used to categorize the fund types used by the City:

Governmental

Governmental funds focus on the determination of financial position and changes in financial position (sources, uses, and balances of financial resources) and not net income. The City has the following major governmental funds.

<u>General Fund</u> - This is the City's primary operating fund and is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

<u>Urban Core Redevelopment Fund</u> - This fund is used to account for the activities of the Gulf Breeze Community Redevelopment Agency. The Community Redevelopment Agency was established to enable the City to utilize tax increment financing (TIF) to foster improvements and redevelopment in the City's commercial corridor.

Proprietary

Proprietary funds focus on the determination of net income, financial position, and cash flows. All of the City's proprietary funds are enterprise funds, as fees are charged to external users for services. The following is a description of the major proprietary funds of the City.

<u>Water and Sewer Fund</u> - Used to account for the provision of water and sewer services to the residents of the City and some residents of Santa Rosa County. All activities necessary to provide such services are accounted for in this fund, including, but not limited to, administration, operations, maintenance, financing and related debt service, and billing and collection.

<u>Natural Gas Fund</u> - Used to account for the activity associated with providing gas service to the citizens of the City.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

D. Basis of Presentation (Continued)

Proprietary (Continued)

<u>South Santa Rosa Utility Fund</u> - Used to account for the operations of the water and sewer system for residents east of Gulf Breeze to Midway and sewage disposal for the residents of the City.

<u>Stormwater Management Fund</u> - To account for activities associated with managing stormwater.

<u>Gulf Breeze Financial Services</u> - Used to account for the activities relating to the administration, operation, marketing, organizing, and servicing of various financing programs, such as the Gulf Breeze Local Government Loan Pool.

Fiduciary

Fiduciary funds are used to account for the assets held on behalf of outside parties, including other governments. The City has two major fiduciary funds.

<u>Pension Trust Fund</u> - Used to report the resources that are required to be held in trust for the members and beneficiaries of the one defined benefit pension plan administered by the City; the Police Officers' Retirement Pension Fund.

<u>Agency Funds</u> - Used to account for assets held by the City on behalf of others. The City's agency funds include the Donations Fund, which accounts for contributions for various organizations with the City, and the D.A.R.E. fund, used to account for assets contributed to the Police Department for special projects.

E. Assets, Deferred Outflows, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows, and Net Position or Fund Balances

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The City considers all highly liquid investments (including restricted assets) with a maturity of ninety days or less when purchased and investments with the State Board of Administration (SBA) to be cash equivalents. Additionally, each fund's equity in the City's investment pool (see page 50) is considered to be a cash equivalent since the City can deposit or effectively withdraw cash at any time without prior notice or penalty.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

E. <u>Assets, Deferred Outflows, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows, and Net Position or Fund Balances</u> (Continued)

Deposits and Investments

The investment of surplus funds and restricted reserve funds is governed by the City's investment policy under the provisions of Section 218.415, Florida Statutes. Investments authorized by the City's investment policy and state statute include intergovernmental investment pools, money market funds, including money market mutual funds, interest bearing time deposits or savings accounts in qualified public depositories, direct obligations of the U.S. Treasury and U.S. agencies and instrumentalities, and other investments authorized by law or by resolution for a municipality. All the City's investments are stated at fair value.

Chapter 280, Florida Statutes, provides that deposits must be placed in a depository designated under the provisions of Chapter 136 and the regulations of the Department of Banking and Finance as a qualified public depository. As such, these deposits are considered to be fully insured.

The City's cash and investment pool and certain individual funds participate in the Local Government Surplus Funds Trust Fund, operated by Florida's State Board of Administration (SBA). The SBA is governed by Chapter 19-3 of the Florida Administrative Code (FAC). The FAC provides guidance and establishes the general operating procedures for the administration of the Local Government Surplus Funds Trust Fund. Additionally, the Florida Auditor General performs an operational audit of activities and investments of the SBA. In accordance with GASB Statement No. 31, the Local Government Surplus Funds Trust Fund is a "2a-7 like" pool, and thus, SBA investments are valued using the pooled share price. City investments with the SBA may be made or liquidated by wire on a same day basis. The City's investments with the SBA are considered to be cash equivalents for reporting purposes.

Pension trust funds may invest in annuity and life insurance contracts of life insurance companies in amounts sufficient to provide, in whole or in part, the benefits to which all of the participants in the municipal police officers' retirement trust fund shall be entitled under the provisions of Chapter 185, Florida Statutes, and pay the initial and subsequent premiums thereon; time or savings accounts of a national bank, a state bank insured by the Bank Insurance Fund, or a savings and loan association insured by the Savings Association Insurance Fund which is administered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or a state or federal chartered credit union whose share accounts are insured by the National Credit Union Share Insurance Fund; obligations of the United States or obligations guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States; bonds issued by the State of Israel; bonds, stocks, or other evidences of indebtedness issued or guaranteed by a corporation organized under the laws of the United States, any state or organized territory of the United States, or the District of Columbia, provided:

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

E. Assets, Deferred Outflows, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows, and Net Position or Fund Balances (Continued)

Deposits and Investments (Continued)

The corporation is listed on any one or more of the recognized national stock exchanges or on the National Market System of the NASDAQ Stock Market and, in the case of bonds only, holds a rating in one of the three highest classifications by a major rating service; and

The board of trustees shall not invest more than 5 percent of its assets in the common stock or capital stock of any one issuing company, nor shall the aggregate investment in any one issuing company exceed 5 percent of the outstanding capital stock of the company nor shall the aggregate of its investments at cost, in accordance with the trust's investment policy, exceed 50 percent of the fund's assets.

Interfund Receivables and Payables

Interfund transactions are reflected as loans, services provided, reimbursements, or transfers. Loans between funds outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as "interfund balances" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances" (i.e., the non-current portion of interfund loans). Any residual balances outstanding between governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as interfund receivables (payables).

Services provided, deemed to be at market, or near market rates, are treated as revenues and expenditures/expenses. Reimbursements occur when one fund incurs a cost, charges the appropriate benefiting fund, and reduces its related cost as a reimbursement. All other interfund transactions are treated as transfers. Transfers between governmental or proprietary funds are netted as part of the reconciliation to the government-wide columnar presentation.

Based on the collection history of the proprietary fund receivables, the City does not have an allowance for uncollectible accounts.

Inventory

Inventory is valued at cost (first-in, first-out). The consumption method is used to account for the inventory. Under the consumption method, inventory items are recorded as expenditures during the period inventory is used. The General Fund balance equal to the inventory amount has been reserved in the fund financial statements to indicate that it is not available for appropriation.

Restricted Assets

Certain resources in the City's General Fund and proprietary funds have been set aside for repayment of debt, certain projects, and customer deposits and are classified as restricted assets because their use is limited by applicable bond covenants and project requirements.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

E. Assets, Deferred Outflows, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows, and Net Position or Fund Balances (Continued)

Bond Issuance Costs

Bond issuance costs for proprietary funds are amortized over the estimated life of the issue using the straight-line method. The City follows GASB Statement No. 62 which allows matching the regulated rate recovery of the costs if certain criteria are met.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (roads, bridges, curbs and sidewalks, drainage systems, lighting systems, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. The City defines capital assets as assets with an initial cost more than the following:

Land	\$ > 0
Buildings and improvements	\$ 10,000
Infrastructure	\$ 10,000
Improvements other than buildings	\$ 10,000
Machinery and equipment	\$ 1,000

Such assets are recorded at historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation.

The City chose not to retroactively report infrastructure in accordance with Phase III implementation of GASB Statement No. 34. The City's infrastructure consists of roads, bridges, curbs and sidewalks, drainage systems, lighting systems, and similar items constructed or improved after 2003.

As the government constructs or acquires additional capital assets each period, including infrastructure assets, they are capitalized and reported at cost. The reported value excludes normal maintenance and repairs which are essentially amounts spent in relation to capital assets that do not increase the capacity or efficiency of the item or extend its useful life beyond the original estimate.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. The amount of interest to be capitalized is calculated by offsetting interest expense incurred from the date of the borrowing until the completion of the project with interest earned on invested proceeds over the same period.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

E. Assets, Deferred Outflows, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows, and Net Position or Fund Balances (Continued)

Capital Assets (Continued)

Property, plant, and equipment and infrastructure assets of the primary government, as well as the component units, are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

	Years
Buildings and improvements	39
Infrastructure	20-40
Improvements other than buildings	15-27
Machinery and equipment	3-10

Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

The City has implemented the provisions of GASB Statement Nos. 63 and 65. Statement No. 63, Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position, provides financial reporting guidance for deferred outflows and inflows of resources, originally introduced and defined in GASB Concepts Statement No. 4, Elements of Financial Statements, as an acquisition or consumption, respectively, of net assets applicable to a future reporting period. Further, Concepts Statement No. 4 also identifies net position as the residual of all other elements presented in a statement of financial position. Statement No. 65, Items Previously Reported As Assets and Liabilities, reclassifies and recognizes certain items that were formerly reported as assets and liabilities as one of the four financial statement elements, (1) deferred outflows of resources, (2) outflows of resources, (3) deferred inflows of resources, and (4) inflows of resources. Concepts Statement No. 4 requires that deferred outflows and deferred inflows be recognized only in those instances specifically identified in GASB pronouncements. Statement No. 65 provides that guidance.

The City reports increases and decreases in net position that relate to future periods as deferred inflows of resources and deferred outflows of resources, respectively, in a separate section of the statement of net position. The deferred outflows of resources arising from the refunding of bonds is being amortized over the remaining life of the refunding bonds as part of interest expense. The deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions are further discussed in Note 6.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

E. Assets, Deferred Outflows, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows, and Net Position or Fund Balances (Continued)

Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Retirement Plan for the Police Officers of the City of Gulf Breeze, FL (Police Pension Plan) and additions to/deductions from the Police Pension Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the Police Pension Plan.

For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Compensated Absences

It is the City's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation and sick pay based on the length of service to the City. All vacation and sick pay is accrued when earned and/or incurred in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in general fund financial statements only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements.

Non-Current Liabilities

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

Bond issuance costs are reported as deferred charges and amortized over the term of the related debt. The difference between the re-acquisition price (new debt) and the net carrying value of the old debt creates a deferred gain or loss from advance refunding of debt. This difference is deferred and amortized as a component of interest expense using the bonds outstanding method over the shorter of the remaining life of the old debt or the life of the new debt. The deferred account is reported in deferred outflows.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

E. <u>Assets, Deferred Outflows, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows, and Net Position or Fund Balances</u> (Continued)

Non-Current Liabilities (Continued)

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums from refundings received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

Classification of Fund Balance

GASB Statement No. 54 (GASB 54), Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions, establishes fund balance classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which a government is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources reported in governmental funds. Fund balance classifications, under GASB 54, are comprised of the following:

- <u>Nonspendable</u> includes amounts that are (a) not in spendable form, or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash, for example: inventories, deposits, prepaid items, and advances to other funds.
- <u>Restricted</u> includes amounts that can be spent only for the specific purposes stipulated by external resource providers, constitutionally or through enabling legislation. Restrictions may effectively be changed or lifted only with the consent of resource providers.
- <u>Committed</u> includes fund balance amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes that are internally imposed by a formal action (a Resolution) of the government's highest level of decision making authority, the City Council. Commitments may be changed or lifted only by the City taking the same formal action (a Resolution) that imposed the constraint initially. Contractual obligations are included to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual obligations.
- <u>Assigned</u> includes amounts intended to be used by the government for specific purposes. The City Council by formal vote (or management designee via Council action) has the authority authorized to assign fund balance to a specific purpose. In governmental funds other than the General Fund, assigned fund balance represents the amount that is not restricted or committed. This indicates that the resources in other governmental funds are, at a minimum, intended to be used for the purpose of that fund.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

E. <u>Assets, Deferred Outflows, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows, and Net Position or Fund Balances</u> (Continued)

<u>Classification of Fund Balance</u> (Continued)

• <u>Unassigned</u> - includes residual positive fund balance within the General Fund which has not been classified within the other above mentioned categories. Unassigned fund balance may also include negative balances for any governmental fund if expenditures exceed amounts restricted, committed, or assigned for those specific purposes.

These classifications reflect not only the nature of funds, but also provide clarity to the level of restriction placed upon fund balance. Fund balance can have different levels of restraint, such as external versus internal compliance requirements. Unassigned fund balance is a residual classification with the General Fund. The General Fund should be the only fund that reports a positive unassigned balance. In all other funds, unassigned is limited to negative residual fund balance. The City does not have a formal minimum fund balance policy.

In circumstances when an expenditure is made for a purpose for which amounts are available in multiple fund balance classifications, fund balance is generally depleted in the order of restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned.

Classification of Net Position

The government-wide and business-type fund financial statements utilize a net position presentation. Net position is categorized as net investment in capital assets, restricted and unrestricted.

- <u>Net Investment in Capital Assets</u> is intended to reflect the portion of net position which is associated with non-liquid, capital assets, net of related debt.
- <u>Restricted Net Position</u> are liquid assets, generated from revenues and net bond proceeds, which are not accessible for general use because of third-party (statutory, bond covenant or granting agency) limitations.
- *Unrestricted Net Position* represents unrestricted liquid assets.

F. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

G. New Accounting Pronouncements

In June 2015, the GASB issued Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions. This Statement establishes standards for recognizing and measuring liabilities, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and expenses/expenditures for postemployment benefits. For defined benefit OPEB, this Statement identifies the methods and assumptions that are required to be used to project benefit payments, discount projected benefit payments to their actuarial present value and attribute the present value to periods of employee service. As such, implementation of the Statement occurred in the City's fiscal year ended September 30, 2018.

In March 2016, the GASB issued Statement No. 82, *Pension Issues - an Amendment of GASB Statements No.* 67, No. 68, and No. 73. This Statement establishes accounting and financial reporting requirements for pensions provided to employees of state or local government employers. This Statement also establishes financial reporting requirements for pension plans administered through trusts that meet certain criteria. As such, implementation of the Statement occurred in the City's fiscal year ending September 30, 2018.

NOTE 2 - STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

A. Budgets

Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. Annual appropriated budgets are adopted by ordinance for all major governmental and all proprietary funds. However, budgets for proprietary funds are not legally required to be reported on and are not included in these financial statements. All appropriations lapse at fiscal year-end except for appropriations related to multi-year capital projects.

Budgetary data reflected in the financial statements are established by the following procedures:

Prior to September 1, of each year, proposed budgets are received by the City Council from the City Manager. These proposed expenditures, along with all estimated receipts, taxes to be levied, and balances expected to be brought forward are considered by the City Council. The City Council requires such changes as deemed necessary, sets proposed millages, and establishes dates for tentative and final public budget hearings as prescribed by Florida Statutes.

Proposed budgets are advertised in a newspaper of general circulation in the City. Public hearings are conducted for the purposes of receiving input, responding to complaints, and providing reasons and explanations for intended actions to all citizens participating.

NOTE 2 - STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY (Continued)

A. <u>Budgets</u> (Continued)

Prior to October 1, the budget for all governmental funds (except for the Police Special Revenue Fund, for which no budget is prepared due to the uncertainty of annual revenues) and proprietary funds of the City is legally enacted through passage of an ordinance. Budget amendments are periodically passed through resolutions during the fiscal year. Budgeted beginning fund balance in the accompanying financial statements reflects planned utilization of prior years' unassigned fund balance to the level required to accomplish current year objectives.

The level of budgetary control (that is the level at which expenditures cannot legally exceed appropriations) has been established at the fund level. The City Manager and Finance Director are authorized to transfer budgeted amounts within departments of a fund and between departments of a fund; however, any revisions that alter the total expenditures of any fund must be approved by the City Council. Budget amounts reflected in the financial statements are originally adopted amounts and amounts as amended by action of the City Council by revision of fund totals.

B. Encumbrances

Encumbrances represent commitments related to unperformed contracts for goods or services. Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of resources are recorded in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, is employed in the governmental funds. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end are reported as assignments of fund balances and do not constitute expenditures or liabilities because the commitments will be reappropriated and honored during the subsequent year.

NOTE 3 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Deposits:

Deposits may be exposed to custodial credit risk, which is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the government's deposits may not be returned. The City manages its custodial credit risk by maintaining its deposits with "Qualified Public Depositories" (QPDs), as defined in Chapter 280, Florida Statutes, which bear no custodial credit risk or are in institutions which meet the exemption requirements of Chapter 280. The exemptions qualify under the exemptions of Section 280.03(e) or 280.03(f), Florida Statutes as a deposit made in accordance with Section 17.57(g), Florida Statutes. The provisions of Chapter 280 allow "Qualified Public Depositories" to participate in a multiple financial institution collateral pool to ensure the security for public deposits. All Qualified Public Depositories must place with the Treasurer of the State of Florida, securities which have a market value equal to 50% of all public funds on deposit at the end of each month in excess of any applicable deposit insurance. In the event of default by a qualified public institution, the State Treasurer will pay public depositors all losses. Losses in excess of insurance and collateral will be paid through assessments between all Qualified Public Depositories. Under this method, all deposits are fully insured or collateralized with securities held by the State Treasurer in the City's name.

NOTE 3 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Investments:

As of September 30, 2018, the City had the following investments:

	Weighted	
	Average	
	Maturity (Years)	 2018
Florida Municipal Investment Trust	1.44	\$ 65,375
Money Market Mutual Funds	N/A	300,438
Exchange-traded Funds	N/A	1,483,705
Federal Instrumentalities	2.131	7,323,401
Corporate Notes	3.93	1,058,921
State and Local Government Debt	2.991	 2,318,369
Total Investments		\$ 12,550,209

Fair Value Measurements:

The City categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

The following table presents assets carried at fair value at September 30, 2018:

	 Level 1	 Level 2	Level 3	- —	Total			
Money Market Mutual Funds	\$ 300,438	\$	\$	\$	300,438			
Exchange-traded Funds	1,483,705				1,483,705			
Federal Instrumentalities		7,323,401			7,323,401			
Corporate Notes		1,058,921			1,058,921			
State and Local Government Debt	 	 2,318,369			2,318,369			
Total Investments	\$ 1,784,143	\$ 10,700,691	\$ -	\$	12,484,834			

The Florida Municipal Trust Fund is measured at cost and excluded from the fair value hierarchy disclosure.

NOTE 3 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Fair Value Measurements:

Securities are valued using the following approaches:

Money Market Mutual Funds and Exchange-traded Funds: Valued at the closing price reported on the active market on which the individual securities are traded.

Federal Instrumentalities, Corporate Notes and State and Local Government Debt: Valued based on institutional bond quotes and evaluations based on various market and industry inputs.

Interest Rate Risk:

The City's investment policy sets limits to match investment maturities with known cash needs and anticipated cash flow requirements. Investments of current operating funds have same day liquidity. Investments of reserves, project funds, debt proceeds and other non-operating funds have a term appropriate to the needs for funds and in accordance with debt covenants, but shall not exceed ten (10) years.

Credit Risk:

The City is authorized under Section 218.415, Florida Statutes, and the City investment policy of the City, to invest and reinvest surplus public funds in its control or possession, in accordance with resolutions to be adopted from time-to-time, in:

- The Local Government Surplus Funds Trust Fund or any intergovernmental investment pool authorized pursuant to the Florida Interlocal Cooperation Act as provided in Section 163.01, Florida Statutes.
- Securities and Exchange Commission registered money market funds.
- Interest-bearing time deposits or savings accounts in qualified public depositories as defined in Section 280.02, Florida Statutes.
- Direct obligations of the United States Treasury.
- Federal agencies and instrumentalities.
- Rated or unrated bonds, notes, or instrument backed by the full faith and credit of the government of Israel.
- United States government obligations, United States government agency or instrumentality obligations, and the obligations of federal government sponsored enterprises, which have a liquid market with a readily determinable market value, and securities whose timely payment of principal and interest are fully guaranteed by the foregoing.

NOTE 3 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Credit Risk (Continued):

- Securities of, or other interests in, any open-end or closed-end management type investment company or investment trust registered under the Investment Company Act of 1940, 15 U.S.C. ss. 80a-1 et seq., as amended from time-to-time, provided the portfolio of such investment company or investment trust is limited to obligations of the United States Government or any agency or instrumentality thereof and to repurchase agreements fully collateralized by such United States Government obligations and provided such investment company or investment trust takes delivery of such collateral either directly or through an authorized custodian.
- Investment-grade obligations of state and local governments and public authorities.
- Collateralized guaranteed investment contracts.
- Mutual funds, or exchange-traded funds ("high grade equity funds") that are comprised primarily of U.S. based, large cap companies that are dividend achievers or dividend aristocrats.
- High grade corporate debt consisting of U.S. dollar denominated debt obligations of domestic or foreign corporations, or foreign sovereignties issued in the U.S. or in foreign markets.
- Other investments authorized by law or by ordinance for a county or a municipality.

At September 30, 2018, the City's investments had the following credit quality:

	Credit	Portfolio Asset
Security Type	Rating	Allocation
Money Market Mutual Funds	NR	2.72%
Equity Funds	N/A	15.50%
Federal Instrumentalities	AA+	45.82%
Corporate Notes	AAA	0.27%
Corporate Notes	AA+	2.10%
Corporate Notes	AA-	2.60%
Corporate Notes	AA	1.21%
Corporate Notes	A^+	1.29%
Corporate Notes	A	0.58%
Corporate Notes	A-	2.08%
Corporate Notes	BBB+	1.37%
State and Local Government Debt	AAA	4.03%
State and Local Government Debt	AA+	3.62%
State and Local Government Debt	AA	1.58%
State and Local Government Debt	A+	3.48%
State and Local Government Debt	A	0.93%
State and Local Government Debt	A-	0.59%
State and Local Government Debt	AA-	10.23%

NOTE 3 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Credit Risk (Continued):

The City's investment policy has established asset allocation and issuer limits on the following investments to reduce concentration of credit risk of the entity's investment portfolio.

	Asset	
	Allocation	Individual
	Maximum	Issuer Limit
U.S. Government Obligations	100%	N/A
Local Government Investment Pools	100%	N/A
Certificates of Deposit	25%	50%
Federal Agency & Instrumentality Obligations	100%	50%
Collateralized Repurchase Agreements	15%	50%
Other Investment Pools (Rated "A" or better)	30%	50%
State and/or Local Government Taxable and/or Tax-Exempt Debt	30%	50%
High Grade Corporate Debt and Commercial Paper	15%	50%
High Grade Exchange-traded Funds	25%	50%

Concentration of Credit Risk:

As of September 30, 2018, the City had the following issuer concentrations based on fair value:

	F	Portfolio Asset Allocation	
Money Market Mutual Funds:			
Schwab Government Money Fund	\$	339,068	2.72%
Equity Funds:			
ALPS Alerian MLP ETF		265,099	2.13%
ISHARES Select Dividend ETF		406,223	3.26%
ISHARES US Utilities ETF		384,536	3.08%
Schwab US Dividend ETF		430,890	3.46%
Vanguard Dividend Appreciation ETF		445,219	3.56%
Federal Instrumentalities:			
Federal Farm Credit Banks Funding Corporation		245,272	1.97%
Federal Home Loan Bank Notes		390,267	3.13%
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation		2,761,579	22.14%
Federal National Mortgage Association		2,243,503	17.99%
Government National Mortgage Association		90,083	0.59%

NOTE 3 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Concentration of Credit Risk (Continued):

	Fair Value	Portfolio Asset Allocation
Corporate Notes:		
Apple, Inc.	261,536	2.10%
BP Capital Market	160,521	1.29%
J P Morgan Chase	259,696	2.08%
Morgan Stanley	92,338	0.74%
Oracle Corporation	324,686	2.60%
Wal-Mart Stores	151,155	1.21%
WELLS FARGO BK N	71,994	0.58%
American Express	78,654	0.63%
EXXON MOBIL COR	33,792	0.27%
State and Local Government Debt:		
Alameda County, California	71,559	0.57%
Antelope Valley Community College District	48,669	0.39%
City of Chicago/Chicago Midway Airport Revenue Refunding Bonds	115,333	0.93%
City of Fort Lauderdale, Florida	24,965	0.20%
Dormitory Authority of the State of New York	101,795	0.82%
Energy Northwest / Columbia Generating Station Electric Revenue Bonds	223,652	1.79%
Florida Hurricane Catastrophe Fund Finance Corporation	24,985	0.20%
Greater Orlando Aviation Authority	102,941	0.83%
Guilford County, North Carolina Build America Bonds	156,677	1.26%
Kansas Development Finance Authority	49,596	0.40%
L'Anse Creuse Public Schools County of Macomb, State of Michigan	98,050	0.79%
Minneapolis - St. Paul Metropolitan Airports Commission	24,515	0.20%
New Orleans Aviation Board	73,616	0.59%
Niagara Falls Bridge Commission/Toll Bridge System Revenue Bonds	175,340	1.41%
North Carolina A&T University	114,899	0.92%
Oregon State Lottery Revenue Bonds	172,256	1.38%
Passaic Valley Water Commission Water Supply System	241,527	1.94%
Public Finance Authority/Taxable Refunding Revenue Bonds	144,471	1.16%
Rhode Island Housing and Mortgage Finance Corporation/Homeownership Opport	178,543	1.43%
State of California	352,450	2.83%
State of Hawaii	72,596	0.58%
State of Louisiana	88,342	0.71%
State of New York General Obligation Bonds	150,141	1.20%
State of Oregon	49,817	0.40%
The Board of Regents of Higher Education Montana State University	44,634	0.36%
The Oklahoma Development Finance Authority	24,282	0.19%
The Regents of the University of California	98,106	0.79%
Triborough Bridge and Tunnel Authority	24,966	0.20%
<u>\$</u>	12,484,834	100%

NOTE 4 - RECEIVABLES AND DUE FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTS

Receivables at September 30, 2018, were as follows:

		Gove	rnmer	ıtal														
		Act	tivitie	s		Business-Type Activities												
	Non-Major										Gu	ılf Breeze	No	on-Major		Total		
			Gov	ernmental	W	Water and Natural South Santa Stormwater					Water and Natural South Santa Stormwater Financial Pro			oprietary	Primary			
	_	General		Funds		Sewer	er Gas		Ro	Rosa Utility Managemen		nagement	<u>Services</u>		Funds		Government	
Accounts	\$	213,114	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	38,904	\$	-	\$	3,958	\$	-	\$	255,976
Utilities		-		-		343,723		317,038		799,469		29,726		-		82,245		1,572,201
Notes		126,888		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		126,888
Other		2,507		-		6,206		3,002		90,171		-				-		101,886
		342,509		-		349,929		320,040		928,544		29,726		3,958		82,245		2,056,951
Less allowance for																		
uncollectible accounts	_	4,682		-		32,620		30,088		75,872		2,821				7,504		153,587
Total	\$	337,827	\$	-	\$	317,309	\$	289,952	\$	852,672	\$	26,905	\$	3,958	\$	74,741	\$	1,903,364

The City's due from other governments for governmental activities was \$250,265 as of September 30, 2018, which consisted of amounts due from the State of Florida and Santa Rosa County, Florida, primarily for taxes.

The City's due from other governments for business-type activities was \$496,170 as of September 30, 2018, which consisted of amounts due to GBFS from CTA for expenses for shared personnel and office space and amounts due from Santa Rosa County, Florida, for FEMA reimbursements.

NOTE 5 - CHANGES IN CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended September 30, 2018, was as follows:

Primary Government

	Beginning Balance Increases			_	ecreases/ Fransfers	Ending Balance		
Governmental Activities							-	
Capital assets not being depreciated								
Land	\$	1,421,909	\$	225,000	\$		\$	1,646,909
Construction in progress		32,450		161,580		10,450		183,580
Total capital assets not being depreciated		1,454,359		386,580	-	10,450		1,830,489
Capital assets being depreciated								
Buildings and improvements		12,342,551		106,836		-		12,449,387
Improvements other than buildings		15,133,433		784,738		(10,450)		15,928,621
Infrastructure		1,077,264		-		-		1,077,264
Machinery and equipment		5,841,215		705,323		28,472		6,518,066
Total capital assets being depreciated		34,394,463		1,596,897		18,022		35,973,338
Less accumulated depreciation								
Buildings and improvements		(4,033,532)		(493,329)		-		(4,526,861)
Improvements other than buildings		(12,211,323)		(737,425)		-		(12,948,748)
Infrastructure		(345,965)		(55,498)		-		(401,463)
Machinery and equipment		(4,818,116)		(356,081)		(28,472)		(5,145,725)
Total accumulated depreciation	_	(21,408,936)		(1,642,333)	-	(28,472)		(23,022,797)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net		12,985,527		(45,436)		(10,450)		12,950,541
Governmental Activities, net	\$	14,439,886	\$	341,144	\$	-	\$	14,781,030
Business-Type Activities								
Capital assets not being depreciated								
Land	\$	3,853,887	\$	-	\$	-	\$	3,853,887
Construction in progress		34,868		784,766		22,148		797,486
Total capital assets not being depreciated		3,888,755		784,766		22,148		4,651,373
Capital assets being depreciated								
Buildings and improvements		2,924,793		-		-		2,924,793
Improvements other than buildings		8,533,651		-		-		8,533,651
Infrastructure		50,344,932		977,142		-		51,322,074
Machinery and equipment		6,488,893		1,223,399		98,153		7,614,139
Total capital assets being depreciated		68,292,269		2,200,541		98,153		70,394,657
Less accumulated depreciation								
Buildings and improvements		(794,600)		(136,348)		-		(930,948)
Improvements other than buildings		(1,427,777)		(478,816)		-		(1,906,593)
Infrastructure		(33,557,867)		(1,655,058)		-		(35,212,925)
Machinery and equipment		(5,293,119)		(766,892)		(98,153)		(5,961,858)
Total accumulated depreciation		(41,073,363)		(3,037,114)	-	(98,153)		(44,012,324)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net		27,218,906		(836,573)				26,382,333
Business-Type Activities, net	\$	31,107,661	\$	(51,807)	\$	22,148	\$	31,033,706

NOTE 5 - CHANGES IN CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental Activities		
General government	\$	114,477
Public safety		284,770
Transportation		500,831
Economic environment		20,265
Culture and recreation	_	721,990
Total depreciation expense - governmental activities	\$	1,642,333
Business-Type Activities		
Water and Sewer	\$	276,394
Natural Gas		533,515
South Santa Rosa Utility		2,080,565
Stormwater Management		133,109
Gulf Breeze Financial Services		7,531
Non-major proprietary funds		6,000
Total depreciation expense - business-type activities	\$	3,037,114

NOTE 6 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS

Florida Retirement System - General Employees:

The Florida Retirement System (FRS) was created in Chapter 121, Florida Statutes, to provide a defined benefit pension plan for participating public employees. The FRS was amended in 1998 to add the Deferred Retirement Option Program (DROP) under the defined benefit plan and amended in 2000 to provide a defined contribution plan alternative to the defined benefit plan for FRS members. Chapter 112, Florida Statutes, established the Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy Program (HIS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan to assist retired members of any state-administered retirement system in paying the costs of health insurance.

The State of Florida issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the FRS. That report may be obtained by writing to the Florida Division of Retirement, 2639 N. Monroe Street, Building C, Tallahassee, Florida 32399, or calling 1-850-488-6491.

NOTE 6 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

Florida Retirement System - General Employees (Continued)

FRS Pension Plan

A. Plan Description

The City contributes to the FRS Pension Plan, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the State of Florida Division of Retirement, Department of Management Services. The FRS Pension Plan provides retirement, disability, or death benefits to plan members or their designated beneficiaries. Chapters 121, 122, and 123, Florida Statutes, provide the authority under which benefit provisions are established. The provisions may only be amended by legislative action. All permanent employees hired prior to January 1, 1996, participate in this plan.

B. Contribution and Funding Policy

Contribution requirements of the plan are established in Chapter 121, Florida Statutes, and may only be amended by legislative action. Effective July 1, 2011, the Florida Legislature passed Senate Bill 2100 requiring all employee members to contribute 3% to the FRS Pension Plan. Formerly, only employers were required to contribute to the FRS Pension Plan. The FRS Pension Plan funding policy now provides for monthly employer and employee contributions at actuarially determined rates that, expressed as percentages of annual covered payroll are adequate to accumulate sufficient assets to pay benefits when due. Level percentages of payroll employer contribution rates, established by state law, are determined using the entry-age actuarial funding method. If an unfunded actuarial liability reemerges as a result of future plan benefit changes, assumption changes, or methodology changes, it is assumed any unfunded actuarial liability would be amortized over 30 years, using level dollar amounts. Except for gains reserved for rate stabilization, it is anticipated future actuarial gains and losses are amortized on a rolling 10% basis, as a level dollar amount.

In July 2002, the Florida Legislature established a uniform contribution rate system for the FRS, which remained in effect with the passage of Senate Bill 2100. The uniform contribution system covers both the FRS Pension Plan and the FRS Investment Plan. Employers and employees contribute a percentage of the total payroll for each class of FRS membership.

Effective July 1, 2018, the actuarially determined contribution rates, expressed as a percentage of covered payroll, including the required employee 3% contribution are 27.50% for police officer and firefighter (special risk) employees, 11.26% for regular employees, and 14.03% for DROP.

NOTE 6 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

Florida Retirement System - General Employees (Continued)

FRS Pension Plan (Continued)

B. Contribution and Funding Policy (Continued)

The City contributed 100% of its statutorily required contributions for the current and preceding three years. The City's contributions to the FRS Pension Plan for fiscal year ended September 30, 2018 are listed below.

General employees	\$ 5,582
Special risk employees	29,860
DROP	17,805
Total contributions	\$ 53,247

C. <u>Pension Liabilities</u>, <u>Pension Expense</u>, and <u>Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions</u>

At September 30, 2018, the City reported a net pension liability of \$610,995 for its proportionate share of the FRS Pension Plan's net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2018, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2018. The City's proportionate share of net pension liability was based on the City's fiscal year 2018 contributions relative to the fiscal year 2018 contributions of all participating members. At June 30, 2018, the City's proportionate share was 0.002028501%, which was an increase of 0.000020078% from its proportionate share measured at June 30, 2017.

NOTE 6 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

Florida Retirement System - General Employees (Continued)

FRS Pension Plan (Continued)

C. <u>Pension Liabilities</u>, <u>Pension Expense</u>, and <u>Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)</u>

For the year ended September 30, 2018, the City recognized pension expense of \$66,685 related to the FRS Pension Plan. In addition, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

		Deferred]	Deferred
		Outflows		Inflows
	of	Resources	of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	51,760	\$	1,879
Change in assumptions		199,085		-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings				
on FRS Pension Plan investments		-		47,107
Changes in proportion and differences between City FRS Pension Plan				
contributions and proportionate share of FRS Pension Plan contributions		17,015		124,386
City FRS Pension Plan contributions subsequent to measurement date		16,193		-
	\$	284,053	\$	173,372

The deferred outflows of resources related to pensions totaling \$16,193 resulting from City contributions to the FRS Pension Plan subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending September 30, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending		
September 30		
		40.505
2019	\$	40,285
2020		24,572
2021		(9,802)
2022		19,203
2023		16,928
Thereafter		3,302
	<u>\$</u>	94,488

NOTE 6 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

Florida Retirement System - General Employees (Continued)

FRS Pension Plan (Continued)

D. Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability in the July 1, 2018 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 2.60%
Salary increases 3.25%, average, including inflation
Investment rate of return 7.00%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

Mortality rates were based on the Generational RP-2000 with Projection Scale BB.

The actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2018 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2008 through June 30, 2013.

The long-term expected rate of return on FRS Pension Plan investments was not based on historical returns, but instead is based in a forward-looking capital market economic model. The allocation policy's description of each asset class was used to map the target allocation to the asset classes shown below. Each asset class assumption is based on a consistent set of underlying assumptions and includes an adjustment for the inflation assumption. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic and geometric real rates of return for each major class are summarized in the following table:

	Target	Annual Arithmetic	Compound Annual (Geometric)	Standard
	Allocation (1)	Return	Return	Deviation
Cash	1.00%	2.90%	2.90%	1.80%
Fixed income	18.00%	4.40%	4.30%	4.00%
Global equity	54.00%	7.60%	6.30%	17.00%
Real estate (property)	11.00%	6.60%	6.00%	11.30%
Private equity	10.00%	10.70%	7.80%	26.50%
Strategic investments	6.00%	6.00%	5.70%	8.60%
	100.00%			
Assumed inflation - Mean		2.60%		1.90%

Note: (1) As outlined in the FRS Pension Plan's investment policy.

NOTE 6 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

Florida Retirement System - General Employees (Continued)

FRS Pension Plan (Continued)

E. Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00%. The FRS Pension Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the discount rate for calculating the total pension liability is equal to the long-term expected rate of return.

F. Sensitivity of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following table presents the City's proportionate share of net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.00% as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1% point lower (6.00%) or 1% point higher (8.00%) than the current rate:

		1%		Current		1%		
		Decrease (6.00%)		Decrease Discount Rate		rease Discount Rate		Increase
				(7.00%)		(8.00%)		
City's proportionate share of								
the net pension liability	\$	1,115,092	\$	610,995	\$	192,313		

G. Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the FRS Pension Plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued FRS Pension Plan and Other State-Administered Systems Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

H. Payables to the Pension Plan

At September 30, 2018 the City reported a payable of \$4,330 for the outstanding amount of contributions to the FRS Pension Plan required for the year ended September 30, 2018.

NOTE 6 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

Florida Retirement System - General Employees (Continued)

HIS Pension Plan

A. Plan Description

The Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy Program ("HIS Plan") is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan established under Section 112.363, Florida Statutes, and may be amended by the Florida Legislature at any time. The benefit is a monthly payment to assist retirees of State-administered retirement systems in paying their health insurance costs and is administered by the Division of Retirement within the Florida Department of Management Services.

B. Benefits Provided

For the year ended September 30, 2018, eligible retirees and beneficiaries received a monthly HIS payment of \$5 for each year of creditable service completed at the time of retirement, with a minimum payment of \$30 and a maximum payment of \$150 per month pursuant to Section 112.363, Florida Statutes. To be eligible to receive a HIS Plan benefit, a retiree under a State-administered retirement system must provide proof of health insurance coverage, which includes Medicare.

C. Contributions

The HIS Plan is funded by required contributions from FRS participating employers as set by the Florida Legislature. Employer contributions are a percentage of gross compensation for all active FRS members. At September 30, 2018 the contribution rate was 1.66%. The City contributed 100% of its statutorily required contributions for the current and preceding three years. HIS Plan contributions are deposited in a separate trust fund from which payments are authorized. HIS Plan benefits are not guaranteed and are subject to annual legislative appropriation. In the event the legislative appropriation or available funds fail to provide full subsidy benefits to all participants, benefits may be reduced or cancelled.

The City's contributions to the HIS Plan totaled \$13,923 for the year ended September 30, 2018.

NOTE 6 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

Florida Retirement System - General Employees (Continued)

HIS Pension Plan (Continued)

D. <u>Pension Liabilities</u>, <u>Pension Expense</u>, and <u>Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions</u>

At September 30, 2018, the City reported a net pension liability of \$144,373 for its proportionate share of the HIS Plan's net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2018, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2016.

The City's proportionate share of net pension liability was based on the City's fiscal year 2018 contributions relative to the fiscal year 2018 contributions of all participating members. At June 30, 2018, the City's proportionate share was 0.001364057%, which was a decrease of 0.000004404% from its proportionate share measured at June 30, 2017.

For the year ended September 30, 2018, the City recognized pension expense of \$6,681 related to the HIS Plan. In addition, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	(Deferred Outflows Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	2,210	\$	245
Change in assumptions		16,056		15,264
Net difference between projected and actual earnings				
on HIS Plan investments		87		-
Changes in proportion and differences between City HIS Plan				
contributions and proportionate share of HIS Plan contributions		-		65,552
City HIS Plan contributions subsequent to measurement date		1,810		-
	\$	20,163	\$	81,061

The deferred outflows of resources related to pensions totaling \$1,810 resulting from City contributions to the HIS Plan subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending September 30, 2019.

NOTE 6 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

Florida Retirement System - General Employees (Continued)

HIS Pension Plan (Continued)

D. <u>Pension Liabilities</u>, <u>Pension Expense</u>, and <u>Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)</u>

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending	
September 30	
2019	\$ (15,436)
2020	(15,443
2021	(11,284)
2022	(8,835)
2023	(9,340
Thereafter	(2,370)
	\$ (62,708)

E. Actuarial Assumptions

Actuarial valuations for the HIS Plan are conducted biennially. The July 1, 2018 HIS valuation is the most recent actuarial valuation and was used to develop the total pension liability amount as of June 30, 2018. The July 1, 2018 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions at the June 30, 2018 measurement date:

Inflation 2.60%
Salary increases 3.25%, average, including inflation
Municipal Bond Rate 3.87%

Mortality rates were based on the Generational RP-2000 with Projection Scale BB.

Because the HIS Plan is funded on a pay-as-you-go basis, no experience study has been completed for that plan. The actuarial assumptions that determined the total pension liability for the HIS Plan were based on certain results of the most recent experience study conducted for the FRS Pension Plan.

NOTE 6 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

Florida Retirement System - General Employees (Continued)

HIS Pension Plan (Continued)

F. Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 3.87%. In general, the discount rate for calculating the total pension liability is equal to the single rate equivalent to discounting at the long-term expected rate of return for benefit payments prior to the projected depletion date. Because the HIS benefit is essentially funded on a pay-as-you-go basis, the depletion date is considered to be immediate and the single equivalent discount rate is equal to the municipal bond rate selected by the HIS Plan sponsor. The Bond Buyer General Obligation 20-Bond Municipal Bond Index was adopted as the applicable municipal bond index.

G. Sensitivity of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following table presents the City's proportionate share of net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 3.87% as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1% point lower (2.87%) or 1% point higher (4.87%) than the current rate:

		1% Decrease (2.87%)		Current Discount Rate (3.87%)		1%
						Increase (4.87%)
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	164,433	\$	144,373	\$	127,653

H. Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the HIS Plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued FRS Pension Plan and Other State-Administered Systems Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

I. Payables to the Pension Plan

At September 30, 2018 the City reported a payable of \$1,089 for the outstanding amount of contributions to the HIS Plan required for the year ended September 30, 2018.

NOTE 6 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

Florida League of Cities - Police Officers

A. Plan Description

Contribution requirement:

Police officers hired after January 1, 1996 participate in the Retirement Plan for the Police Officers of the City of Gulf Breeze, Florida, a single-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the City of Gulf Breeze, FL. which uses the Florida Municipal Pension Trust Fund (FMPTF), a division of the Florida League of Cities, Inc. to manage the Plan's investments. Chapter 185, Florida Statutes provides the authority under which benefit provisions are established. An employee becomes fully vested after six years of credited service with normal retirement at age 55 or age 52 with 25 years of credited service. These provisions may only be amended by legislative action. The FMPTF issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information of the defined benefit pension plan of the City's police employees. The Retirement Plan for the Police Officers of the City of Gulf Breeze, FL (Police Pension Plan) does not issue audited stand-alone financial statements.

Name of the pension plan: Retirement Plan for the Police Officers of the City of Gulf Breeze, FL
Legal plan administrator: Board of Trustees of the Retirement Plan for the Police Officers of the City of

Gulf Breeze, FL

Plan type: Single-employer defined benefit pension plan

Number of covered individuals: 29 (three inactive employees and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits; 11

inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits; 15 active employees) Employer contributions are actuarially determined; employees must contribute 4.00% of pensionable earnings; employee contribution requirement may be amended by City ordinance, but employer contribution requirement is subject to

State minimums.

Pension plan reporting: The plan issues an unaudited stand-alone financial report each year, which

contains information about the plan's fiduciary net position. The plan's fiduciary net position has been determined on the same basis used by the pension plan and is equal to the market value of assets calculated under the accrual basis of accounting. This report is available to the public at the plan's administrative office: Retirement Department, Florida League of Cities, Inc., P.O. Box 1757,

Tallahassee, FL 32302, (800) 342-8112.

NOTE 6 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

Florida League of Cities - Police Officers (Continued)

B. Benefits Provided

Employees covered: Police officers employed by the City of Gulf Breeze, FL Types of benefits offered: Retirement, disability, and pre-retirement death benefits

Basic pension formula: 3.50% of average earnings times service earned through March 2, 2014 plus 3%

of average earnings times service earned on and after March 2, 2014.

Early retirement adjustment: Early retirement pension is reduced by 3% for each year by which the early

retirement date precedes the normal retirement date.

Larger of basic pension formula or 42% of average earnings (for service-Disability pension:

connected disabilities)

Larger of basic pension formula or 25% of average earnings (for non-serviceconnected disabilities if the participant has earned at least 10 years of service) Disability benefits are offset as necessary to preclude the total of the disability benefit, worker's compensation, and other City-provided disability compensation

from exceeding average earnings.

Basic pension formula payable for 10 years at early or normal retirement age Pre-retirement death benefit:

(payable to the beneficiary of a vested participant)

Return of accumulated employee contributions (payable to the beneficiary of a

non-vested participant)

Age 55 with at least six years of service, or age 52 with at least 25 years of Normal retirement age:

service.

Early retirement age: Age 50 with at least six years of service Vesting requirement: 100% vesting after six years of service Form of payment: Actuarially increased single life annuity

10-year certain and life annuity

Actuarially equivalent 50%, 66.67%, 75%, or 100% joint and contingent annuity Any other actuarially equivalent form of payment approved by the Board of

Trustees

Average earnings: Average of the highest five years of pensionable earnings out of the last 10 years Cost-of-living adjustment:

3.00% per year, delayed three years after retirement with respect to benefits

earned after February 3, 2014.

Supplemental benefit: \$5.00 per month times years of service (payable as a single life annuity)

Legal authority: The plan was established effective January 1, 1996 pursuant to City ordinance

and has been amended several times since that date.

Changes: No plan changes were adopted since the prior measurement date.

NOTE 6 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

Florida League of Cities - Police Officers (Continued)

C. Contributions

Article X, Section 14 of the State Constitution and Part IV, Chapter 112, Florida Statutes grant the authority to establish and amend the contribution requirements of the City. Both of these provisions require that any increase in retirement benefits must be funded concurrently on an actuarially sound basis. Rates are based on an actuarially determined rate recommended by an independent actuary. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. The City is required to contribute the difference between the actuarially determined rate and the contribution rate of employees. Active plan members are required to contribute 4% to the plan. All required employer contributions are made monthly at actuarially determined rates.

Under the aggregate cost valuation method, funding amounts are determined by computing future plan costs. The City is responsible for the non-employee actuarially determined annual required contribution; however, State contributions can be used when determining the City's actual contribution. As a result, State contributions are included when computing percentage contributions.

The City's contributions to the Police Pension Plan totaled \$174,722 for the year ended September 30, 2018.

NOTE 6 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

Florida League of Cities - Police Officers (Continued)

D. Actuarial Assumptions

Employer's reporting date: September 30, 2018

Measurement date: September 30, 2018

Actuarial valuation date: October 1, 2017

Discount rate: 7.00% per annum (2.92% per annum is attributable to long-term inflation); this

rate was used to discount all future benefit payments.

Salary increases: 4.00% per annum

Cost-of-living increases: 3.00% per year, delayed three years after retirement with respect to benefits

earned after February 3, 2014.

Mortality basis: Sex-distinct rates set forth in the RP-2000 Blue Collar Mortality Table, with full

generational improvements in mortality using Scale BB

Retirement: Retirement is assumed to occur at normal retirement age.

Other decrements: None assumed

Non-investment expenses: Liabilities have been loaded by 1.75% to account for non-investment expenses. Future contributions: Contributions from the employer and employees are assumed to be made as

legally required.

Changes: No assumptions have changed since the prior measurement date.

NOTE 6 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

Florida League of Cities - Police Officers (Continued)

D. Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

The long-term expected rate of return on Police Pension Plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the Police Pension Plan's target asset allocation as of September 30, 2018 (see the discussion of the Police Pension Plan's investment policy) are summarized in the following table:

	Target	Long-Term	
Investment Category	Allocation	Real Return	_
Core bonds	16.00%	0.50%	per annum
Multi-sector	24.00%	1.00%	per annum
U.S. large cap equity	39.00%	6.00%	per annum
U.S. small cap equity	11.00%	6.75%	per annum
Non-U.S. equity	10.00%	6.75%	_ per annum
Total or weighted arithmetic average	100.00%	4.08%	per annum

E. Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that the employee contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that the City's contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between the actuarially determined contribution rates and the employee rate. Based on those assumptions, the Police Pension Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on Police Pension Plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

NOTE 6 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

Florida League of Cities - Police Officers (Continued)

F. Changes in Net Pension Liability

	Total	Plan	Net		
	Pension	Fiduciary		Pension	
	 Liability	 Net Position	Lia	ability (Asset)	
Balance as of September 30, 2017	\$ 4,076,747	\$ (4,916,410)	\$	(839,663)	
Change due to:					
Service cost	244,776	-		244,776	
Expected interest growth	300,455	(326,109)		(25,654)	
Unexpected investment income	-	(45,789)		(45,789)	
Demographic experience	767,868	-		767,868	
Employer contributions	-	(246,799)		(246,799)	
Employee contributions	-	(28,558)		(28,558)	
Benefit payments & refunds	(780,158)	780,158		-	
Administrative expenses	-	19,485		19,485	
Changes in benefit terms	-	-		-	
Assumption changes	 	_			
Balance as of September 30, 2018	\$ 4,609,688	\$ (4,764,022)	\$	(154,334)	

G. <u>Sensitivity of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate</u>

The following presents the net pension liability of the City, calculated using the discount rate of 7.00%, as well as what the City's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1% -point lower (6.00%) or 1% -point higher (8.00%) than the current rate.

		1%	Current			1%
		Decrease (6.00%)	Discount Rate (7.00%)			Increase (8.00%)
	_	(0.0070)		(7.0070)		(0.0070)
Total pension liability	\$	5,463,223	\$	4,609,688	\$	3,932,612
Less fiduciary net position		(4,764,022)		(4,764,022)		(4,764,022)
Net pension asset	\$	699,201	\$	(154,334)	\$	(831,410)

NOTE 6 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

Florida League of Cities - Police Officers (Continued)

H. Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the Police Pension Plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued FMPTF report.

I. <u>Pension Expense</u>, and <u>Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions</u>

For the year ended September 30, 2018, the City recognized pension expense of \$258,725. At September 30, 2018 the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources			
Balance as of September 30, 2017	\$ 824,117		\$	963,138
Change due to:				
Amortization payments		(201,335)		(152,659)
Investment gain/loss		-		45,789
Demographic gain/loss		767,868		-
Assumption changes		-		-
Total change		566,533		(106,870)
Balance as of September 30, 2018	\$	1,390,650	\$	856,268

NOTE 6 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

Florida League of Cities - Police Officers (Continued)

I. <u>Pension Expense</u>, and <u>Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions</u> (Continued)

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	Deferr Outflo of Resou			Deferred Inflows Resources
Balance as of September 30, 2018	\$	1,390,650	\$	856,268
Amount recognized in the 2018/2019 pension expense:				
Investment gain/loss		54,439		73,942
Demographic gain/loss		102,753		69,030
Assumption changes		44,144		7,805
Total change		201,336		150,777
Balance as of September 30, 2019		1,189,314		705,491
Amount recognized in the 2019/2020 pension expense:				
Investment gain/loss		_		73,942
Demographic gain/loss		102,753		69,030
Assumption changes		44,144		7,805
Total change		146,897		150,777
Balance as of September 30, 2020		1,042,417		554,714
Amount recognized in the 2020/2021 pension expense:				(2.407
Investment gain/loss		100.752		63,497
Demographic gain/loss		102,753		69,030
Assumption changes		44,144		7,805
Total change		146,897		140,332
Balance as of September 30, 2021		895,520		414,382

NOTE 6 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

Florida League of Cities - Police Officers (Continued)

I. <u>Pension Expense</u>, and <u>Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions</u> (Continued)

	Deferred Outflows	Deferred Inflows
	of Resources	of Resources
Amount recognized in the 2021/2022 pension expense:		
Investment gain/loss	-	9,157
Demographic gain/loss	102,753	69,030
Assumption changes	44,144	7,805
Total change	146,897	85,992
Balance as of September 30, 2022	748,623	328,390
Amount recognized in the 2022/2023 pension expense:		
Demographic gain/loss	102,753	69,030
Assumption changes	44,144	7,805
Total change	146,897	76,835
Balance as of September 30, 2023	\$ 601,726	\$ 251,555

J. Payables to the Pension Plan

At September 30, 2018 the City reported a payable of \$6,962 for the outstanding amount of contributions to the pension plan required for the year ended September 30, 2018.

K. Required Supplementary Information

The Schedule of Contributions and Schedule of Changes in Employer Net Pension Liability and Related Ratio can be found in the required supplementary information of this comprehensive annual financial report.

NOTE 7 - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB)

GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions, requires governments to account for other postemployment benefits (OPEB) on an accrual basis, rather than on a pay-as-you-go basis. The effect is the recognition of an actuarially determined expenses when a future retiree earns their postemployment benefits, rather than when they use their postemployment benefits. The total OPEB liability is recorded at the fund level for proprietary activities and the allocated amount for governmental activities is presented at the government-wide level. The annual OPEB cost is included in the line item of personal services for proprietary fund statements and is allocated by function for governmental activities on the government-wide financial statements.

A. Plan Description

The City provides postemployment benefits for eligible participants enrolled in the City-sponsored single-employer plans for health care through BlueCare HMO 59. These benefits are provided in the form of an implicit rate subsidy where retirees pay combined active/retiree rates for health coverage.

The City has followed a pay-as-you-go funding policy, contributing only those amounts necessary to provide for its portion of current year benefit costs and expenses. The contribution requirement for plan members are established by the City. For active employees, the City pays any remaining required amounts after contributions of plan members are taken into account. Retired members pay the full premium associated with the coverage elected. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria of paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75.

The City contracted with a recognized and certified actuarial firm to provide an actuarial valuation of postemployment benefits. A copy of this report can be obtained by contacting the City of Gulf Breeze's Finance Department.

At September 30, 2018, plan membership consisted of the following:

Retired employees currently receiving health benefits	1
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving health benefits	0
Active employees	94
Total	95
Total	

NOTE 7 - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) (Continued)

B. Benefits Provided

The City uses BlueCare HMO 59 as their provider to provide retiree health care medical and prescription drug coverage to eligible retirees of any age.

C. Total OPEB Liability

At September 30, 2018, the City reported a total OPEB liability of \$74,721 for the single-employer plan. The total OPEB liability was measured as of September 30, 2018 and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The total OPEB liability as of September 30, 2018, reflects the following changes of benefit terms and actuarial assumptions for the plan:

- The interest rate change from the beginning of the year of 3.63% to 4.24% as of the end of the year, using the 20-year bond rates and a change in Actuarial Cost methodology to the Entry Age Normal (EAN) method per GASB No. 75.
- In 2018, no plan experience is reflected in the GASB No. 75 schedule of statement of changes, as this is the first certified valuation.

NOTE 7 - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) (Continued)

D. Actuarial Assumptions

Actuarial valuations involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of events far into the future. As such, amounts regarding the funding status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to revision as actual results are compared to past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. Actuarial calculations reflect long-term perspective. Significant accrual methods and assumptions for the reporting period September 30, 2018 were as follows:

Discount rate: 4.24% per annum (source) Bond Buyer 20-Bond GO index

Salary increases: 3.50% per annum

Medical inflation rate Chained-CPI (C-CPI) of 2.0% per annum

Marriage rate An assumed marriage rate of 50% was used for all future retirees.

Medicare eligibility All current and future retirees are assumed to be eligible for Medicare.

Actuarial cost method Entry Age Normal based on level percentage of projected salary.

Retirement: Retirement is assumed to occur at normal retirement age.

Plan participation percentage The participation percentage is the assumed rate of future eligible retirees who elect

to continue health coverage at retirement. It is assumed that 10% of all employees and their dependents who are eligible for early retirement benefits will participate in the retiree medical plan. Based on City's expectations, no (0%) participants will

enroll in the plan once Medicare eligible.

Plan election rate It is assumed 100% of eligible future retirees will elect the BlueCare HMO 59 plan.

Mortality rates RP-2014 generational table scaled using MP-18 and applied on a gender-specific

basis.

Health care cost trend rate Annual trends are based on the current HCA Consulting trend study and are

applied on a select and ultimate basis. Select trends are reduced 0.5% each year

until reaching the ultimate trend rate.

Pre-Medicare medical and Rx benefits; select rate 7.0%; ultimate rate 4.5%

Administrative fees; select rate 4.5%; ultimate rate 4.5%

NOTE 7 - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) (Continued)

E. Changes to Total OPEB Liability

	Total	Plan		Net	
	OPEB	Fiduciary		OPEB	
	 Liability	Net Position	Liability		
Balances as of October 1, 2017	\$ 67,323	\$ -	\$	67,323	
Change for the year:					
Service cost	3,681	-		3,681	
Interest cost	2,959	-		2,959	
Changes in assumptions or					
other inputs	3,184	-		3,184	
Benefit payments	 (2,426)	-		(2,426)	
Balances as of September 30, 2018	\$ 74,721	\$ -	\$	74,721	

F. Sensitivity Analysis

The following table represents the total OPEB liability of the City, as well as what the City's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1% point lower (3.24%) or 1% point higher (5.24%) than the current discount rate.

OPEB Discount Rate Sensitivity		1%		Current	1%
	_	Decrease 3.24%		count Rate	Increase 5.24%
City's total OPEB Liability	\$	70,000	\$	74,721	\$ 80,000

NOTE 7 - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) (Continued)

The following table represents the total OPEB liability of the City, as well as what the City's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1% point lower (6.00% decreasing to 3.50%) or 1% point higher (8.00% decreasing to 5.50%) than the current rate.

Health Care Cost Trend Rate Sensitivity	Healthcare Cost								
	1% Decrease (6.00%			end Rates (7.00%	1% Increase (8.00%				
		creasing to 3.50%)	decreasing to 4.50%)			decreasing to 5.50%)			
City's total OPEB Liability	\$	67,000	\$	74,721	\$	88,000			

NOTE 8 - DEFINED CONTRIBUTION PENSION PLAN

The City, for general employees hired after January 1, 1996, participates in the Florida Municipal Pension Trust Fund, a defined contribution pension plan administered by the Florida League of Cities. This plan provides benefits at retirement to general employees of the City. Chapter 121, Florida Statutes provides the authority under which benefit provisions are established. These provisions may only be amended by legislative action. Eligible employees must have completed one year of service before the City begins making contributions on their behalf. The City is required to make contributions equal to 8% of compensation for each eligible employee. Employees are not allowed to contribute to the plan. Contribution requirements are established and may be amended by City Council action.

Florida League of Cities financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Employer contributions are recognized in the period that the contributions are due. Annual valuations are required for all defined contribution plans. The Florida League of Cities, as administrator, will provide these valuations. The valuations provide allocation of employer contributions, earnings and losses, distributions, and forfeitures. The Florida League of Cities issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report can be obtained by writing to Florida League of Cities, Inc., 201 West Park Avenue, Tallahassee, FL 32302-1757, or by calling (850) 222-9684.

The City's contributions to the plan for the year ended September 30, 2018 totaled \$194,694, which was equal to the required contributions for the year.

NOTE 9 - DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLAN

The City offers employees a deferred compensation plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. The plan is a tax-deferred supplemental retirement program that allows City employees to contribute a portion of their salary before federal income taxes to a retirement account. The assets are held in trust for the employee's benefit. The plan participants, individually, select and make changes in funding options made available by the independent plan administrator. Since plan participants select the investment fund or funds in which their deferred compensation accounts are invested, the City has no liability for investment losses. The City's fiduciary responsibility is to administer the plan properly and to assure the investment alternatives made available are reasonable.

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 32, the assets and liabilities of the plan are not reflected in the City's financial statements since the City has no fiduciary responsibilities, other than administrative, in connection with the plan.

Contributions made by plan members during the year ended September 30, 2018, were \$122,304.

NOTE 10 - GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCES

Fund balances are classified either as non-spendable or as spendable. Spendable fund balances are further classified in a hierarchy based on the extent to which there are external and internal constraints on the spending of these fund balances. These classifications are described as follows:

Non-spendable fund balances include amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Spendable fund balances are classified as follows depending on the City's ability to control the spending of these fund balances.

Restricted fund balances can only be used for specific purposes which are externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations or are imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed fund balances can only be used for specific purposes imposed internally by the City's formal action of highest level of decision making authority.

Assigned fund balances are fund balances intended to be used for specific purposes, but which do not meet the more formal criterion to be considered either restricted or committed.

Unassigned fund balances represent the residual positive fund balance within the General Fund, which has not been assigned to other funds and has not been restricted, committed, or assigned. In funds other than the General Fund, unassigned fund balances are limited to negative residual balances.

NOTE 11 - RISK MANAGEMENT

General Liability, Automobile, and Property Insurance

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; employee medical benefits; and natural disasters. The City of Gulf Breeze is insured for liability and casualty losses through the Florida League of Cities' Florida Municipal Insurance Program. Under this program the League assumes the full risk of loss on claims over \$10,000 for which insurance is purchased. There has been no significant reduction in insurance coverage from the prior year. The City retains some risk of loss in the form of deductibles and has designated a portion of fund balance/net position as a reserve for these possible losses. Based on prior claims experience, management believes this reserve to be adequate. A self-insurance reserve has been established in the General Fund for \$250,000, Water and Sewer Fund for \$75,000, and the Natural Gas Fund for \$50,000. There were no settlements in excess of the insurance coverage in any of the three prior fiscal years.

Workers' Compensation Insurance

Effective October 1, 2015, the City of Gulf Breeze is insured for workers' compensation through the Florida League of Cities' Florida Municipal Insurance Program. Under this program the League assumes the risk of loss on claims for which insurance is purchased subject to certain limits. Prior to October 1, 2015, the City was self-insured for workers' compensation. The City remains self-insured for workers' compensation for claims existing prior to October 1, 2015. These activities are recorded in the General Fund. There were no settlements in excess of the insurance coverage in any of the three prior fiscal years.

Changes in the estimated liability for self-insured losses for the past two years are as follows:

		2017		
Unpaid claims, beginning Claims incurred and changes in estimates Less: claims paid	\$	75,000 919 (919)	\$	75,000 81,264 (81,264)
Unpaid claims, ending	\$	75,000	\$	75,000

NOTE 11 - RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

Unpaid claims are reported in accrued liabilities on the balance sheet.

Incurred but not reported claims have not been determined by actuarial valuation and are not reported in the accompanying financial statements. It is the opinion of management that such claims that may presently exist would not have a material effect on the City's financial position.

NOTE 12 - NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES

Changes in Non-Current Liabilities

The following is a summary of changes in long-term debt and other non-current liabilities of the City:

	I	Beginning						Ending	Du	ue Within
		Balance	Additions		Reductions		Balance		One Year	
Governmental activities:										
Revenue Improvement Bonds,										
Series 2007	\$	7,387,600	\$	-	\$	(215,600)	\$	7,172,000	\$	224,400
Less deferred amounts										
for issuance discount		(33,117)		-		1,590		(31,527)		-
Compensated absences		283,628		195,521		(168,712)		310,437		46,566
Total governmental activities, long term debt and other liabilities	\$	7,638,111	\$	195,521	\$	(382,722)	\$	7,450,910	\$	270,966

NOTE 12 - NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES (Continued)

Changes in Non-Current Liabilities (Continued)

		Beginning					Ending	Due Within		
	Balance		Additions		Reductions		 Balance		One Year	
Business-type activities:					<u> </u>			·		
SSRU Refunding Revenue Note,										
Series 2016	\$	2,650,000	\$	-	\$	(740,000)	\$ 1,910,000	\$	775,000	
Add deferred amounts										
for issuance premium		71,517		-		(23,837)	47,680		-	
Revenue Improvement Bonds,										
Series 2007		1,007,400		-		(29,400)	978,000		30,600	
SSRU Refunding Revenue Note		3,162,461		-		(224,739)	2,937,722		231,144	
Revenue Improvement Bonds,										
Series 2016A		4,844,940		-		(126,262)	4,718,678		131,313	
Revenue Improvement Bonds,										
Series 2016B		2,496,600		-		(65,085)	2,431,515		67,688	
Capital lease payable, meters		3,598,056		-		(382,753)	3,215,303		373,709	
State revolving loan		810,492		-		(43,344)	767,148		44,676	
Unearned revenue		36,369		-		(17,821)	18,548		-	
Compensated absences		172,599		147,812		(145,397)	 175,014		26,252	
Total business-type activities, long	3									
term debt and other liabilities	\$	18,850,434	\$	147,812	\$	(1,798,638)	\$ 17,199,608	\$	1,680,382	

NOTE 12 - NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES (Continued)

Description of Long-Term Debt and Other Liabilities Outstanding

\$ 224,400	\$	6,947,600	\$	7,172,000
		(31,527)		(31,527)
\$ 224,400	\$	6,916,073	\$	7,140,473
\$ 775,000	\$	1,135,000	\$	1,910,000
 		47,680		47,680
775,000 30,600		1,182,680 947,400		1,957,680 978,000
231,144		2,706,578		2,937,722
\$	\$ 224,400 \$ 775,000 - 775,000	\$ 224,400 \$ \$ 775,000 \$ - 775,000	- (31,527) \$ 224,400 \$ 6,916,073 \$ 775,000 \$ 1,135,000 - 47,680 775,000 1,182,680 30,600 947,400	- (31,527) \$ 224,400 \$ 6,916,073 \$ \$ 775,000 \$ 1,135,000 \$ - 47,680 775,000 1,182,680

NOTE 12 - NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES (Continued)

<u>Description of Long-Term Debt and Other Liabilities Outstanding (Continued)</u>

Revenue Bonds (Continued) \$5,000,000, City of Gulf Breeze, Florida, South Santa Rosa Utility System Capital Improvement Revenue Bond, Series 2016A, due in annual installments of \$155,060 to			
\$3,681,530 through 2026, interest rate at 4.0%. Secured			
by pledged revenues of the City's utility systems. Proceeds			
used to refund various City loans and to finance certain			
capital improvements.	131,313	4,587,365	4,718,678
\$2,756,520, City of Gulf Breeze, Florida, South Santa Rosa			
Utility System Capital Improvement Revenue Bond,			
Series 2016B, due in annual installments of \$79,920 to			
\$1,896,374 through 2026, interest rate at 4.0%. Secured			
by pledged revenues of the City's utility systems. Proceeds			
used to refund various City loans and to finance certain			
capital improvements.	67,688	2,363,827	2,431,515
Total Bonds and Notes	1,235,745	11,787,850	13,023,595
Capital Lease			
Capital lease with SunTrust for water and gas meters and			
other equipment; due in semi-annual installments			
ranging from \$161,102 to \$289,000; payments through			
2026; bearing an interest rate of 2.8%; secured by			
meters and other financed equipment; net book value at			
September 30, 2018 of \$2,564,993.	373,709	2,841,594	3,215,303
State Revolving Loan			
State revolving loan payable of \$971,323, due in			
semi-annual payments of \$33,868, through			
September 15, 2032, bearing an interest rate of 3.05%.	44,676	722,472	767,148
01 3.0370.	77,070	122,712	707,140
Total Business-Type Activities	\$ 1,654,130	\$ 15,351,916	\$ 17,006,046
Grand Total Long-Term Debt			\$ 24,146,519

NOTE 12 - NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES (Continued)

Annual Requirements to Amortize Debt Outstanding

The annual requirements to amortize all debt outstanding as of September 30, 2018, are as follows:

Years Ending									Revenue Improvement Bonds					
September 30,									Prir	ncipal		Interest		
2019								\$		224,400	\$	334,035		
2020										237,600		324,217		
2021										246,400		313,778		
2022										255,200		302,774		
2023										268,400		291,121		
2024-2028									1,	535,600		1,254,162		
2029-2033									1,	940,400		836,990		
2034-2038									2,	464,000		290,301		
								\$	7,	172,000	\$	3,947,378		
								_						
		2016 Re	sfor dir	.~		2007 I	Oavani	10		2012 E) of in	dina		
Years Ending		Reven		C	2007 Revenue Improvement Bonds				2013 Refunding Revenue Note					
September 30,	_	Principal		Interest		Principal	iiciit D	Interest	_	Principal	Interest			
<u>September 56,</u>										- merpur	_	1111111111		
2019	\$	775,000	\$	20,443	\$	30,600	\$	45,550	\$	231,144	\$	78,209		
2020		815,000		9,768		32,400		44,211		237,732		71,535		
2021		320,000		2,148		33,600		42,788		244,507		64,274		
2022		-		-		34,800		41,287		251,476		57,007		
2023		-		-		36,600		39,698		258,643		49,534		
2024-2028		-		-		209,400		171,022		1,408,076		128,031		
2029-2033		-		-		264,600		114,135		306,144		-		
2034-2038		-		-		336,000		39,587		-	_	-		
	\$	1,910,000	\$	32,359	\$	978,000	\$	538,278	\$	2,937,722	\$	448,590		

NOTE 12 - NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES (Continued)

Annual Requirements to Amortize Debt Outstanding (Continued)

Business-Type Activities (Continued)

		Series	2016	A	Series 2016B						
Years Ending		Revenu	ie Boi	nds		Improven	nent B	onds			
September 30,		Principal	Interest			Principal	Interest				
2019	\$	131,313	\$	192,246	\$	67,688	\$	99,043			
2020		136,565		186,896		70,396		96,285			
2021		142,028		181,332		73,212		93,417			
2022		147,709		175,546		76,140		90,434			
2023		153,618		169,528		79,186		87,332			
2024-2028		4,007,445		470,021		2,064,893		424,118			
	\$	4,718,678	\$	1,375,569	\$	2,431,515	\$	890,629			
Years Ending		SunTrust Equ	uipme	ent Lease	State Revolving Loan						
September 30,		Principal		Interest		Principal	Interest				
2019	\$	373,709	\$	87,291	\$	44,676	\$	23,060			
2020		364,821		77,179		46,049		21,687			
2021		399,285		66,715		47,464		20,727			
2022		442,721		55,279		48,923		18,813			
2023		490,495		42,505		50,426		17,310			
2024-2028		1,144,272		43,933		276,353		62,327			
2029-2033						253,257		17,687			
	<u></u>										
	\$	3,215,303	\$	372,902	\$	767,148	\$	181,611			

NOTE 12 - NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES (Continued)

Debt Covenants

There are a number of covenants in the debt agreements, including a rate covenant requiring net revenue of South Santa Rosa Utilities to be at least 125% of annual debt service requirements.

Compensated Absences

For the governmental activities, claims and judgments and compensated absences were generally liquidated by the General Fund.

NOTE 13 - ADVANCE REFUNDING OF DEBT

The City has issued refunding revenue bonds to defease certain outstanding bonds to achieve debt service coverage savings. The City has placed the proceeds from the refunding issues in irrevocable escrow accounts with a trust agent to insure payment of debt service on the refunded bonds.

Accordingly, the trust account assets and the liabilities for the defeased bonds are not included in the City's financial statements. Although defeased, the refunded debt from these earlier issues will not be actually retired until the call dates have come due or until maturity if they are not callable issues.

At September 30, 2018, the City has \$1,910,000 of bonds outstanding that are considered to be defeased.

NOTE 14 - INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES AND TRANSFERS

The composition of interfund balances at September 30, 2018 is as follows:

Interfund Balances

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Amount
General	Natural Gas	\$ 2,200,000
General	Stormwater Management	500,000
General	South Santa Rosa Utility	1,151,871
South Santa Rosa Utility	Water & Sewer	583,219
General	Red Light	2,401
General	Gulf Breeze Financial Services	600,000
General	Solid Waste	53,000
		\$ 5,092,892

Interfund balances are comprised of a receivable from the Natural Gas Fund to the General Fund for providing funding for the pipeline extension project; a receivable from the Stormwater Management Fund to the General Fund for providing funding for capital improvements; a receivable from the South Santa Rosa Utility Fund to the General fund for providing funding for capital improvements; a receivable from the Water & Sewer Fund to the South Santa Rosa Utility Fund for utility and impact fees; and a receivable from the Solid Waste fund to the General Fund for providing funding for operations.

Interfund Transfers

Transfers In

Trans fers Out		General		General		General				-major rnmental	W	Water and Sewer		South Santa Rosa Utility		Stormwater Management		Total
General	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	30,880	\$	519,000	\$	549,880						
Urban Core Redevelopment		373,500		-		-		-		-		373,500						
Water and Sewer		242,000		-		-		412,841		-		654,841						
Natural Gas		246,300		-		-		145,598		-		391,898						
South Santa Rosa Utility		396,624		-		-		-		-		396,624						
Stormwater Management		61,083		-		-		-		-		61,083						
Gulf Breeze Financial Services		380,000		-		-		-		-		380,000						
Non-major Governmental		466,000		-		-		_		-		466,000						
Non-major Proprietary		96,400				30,700						127,100						
Totals	\$	2,261,907	\$		\$	30,700	\$	589,319	\$	519,000	\$	3,400,926						

NOTE 14 - INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES AND TRANSFERS (Continued)

The interfund balances are comprised of transfers between funds to provide funding for various programs, initiatives, debt payments, overhead costs, and to provide funding for capital projects and improvements. Some examples of transfers to the General Fund include transfers from the Red Light Fund (non-major governmental), in the amount of \$345,000 to provide funding for overtime provided by law enforcement personnel for traffic enforcement, plus funding for new police cruisers and other law enforcement equipment; The Tourism Development Fund (non-major governmental), provided \$121,000 to the City's General Fund to help defray the costs associated with the maintenance of beach access points, fishing piers and other tourism related destinations; The Urban Core Redevelopment fund provides funding to defray the costs associated with law enforcement in the Community Redevelopment Area (CRA), in addition to funds associated with defraying the payroll costs associated with planning and management of the area, for a total contribution of \$373,500. The City's General Fund provided \$519,000 towards Stormwater initiatives at the direction of Council, these funds were used for engineering studies related to improvement projects for the East and West Basin stormwater projects. The South Santa Rosa Utility received funding from the City Water and Sewer Fund in the amount of \$302,500 towards shared costs between the two utilities and transfers totaling \$286,819 from other funds (including the City Water and Sewer Fund) to cover capital funding/debt services costs associated with the 2013 Sun Trust Capital Lease Agreement for the meter change-out program. The total amount of transfers into South Santa Rosa Utilities is \$589,319 for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2018.

NOTE 15 - JOINT VENTURE

As defined in GASB Statement No. 14, Accounting for Municipal Solid Waste Landfill Closure and Postclosure Care Costs, a joint venture is a separate legal entity or other organization that results from a contractual arrangement (or interlocal agreement) and that is owned, operated or governed by two or more participants as a separate and specific activity subject to joint control in which the participants retain (a) an on-going financial interest or (b) an ongoing financial responsibility. The City, Holley-Navarre Water System, Inc. and Midway Water System, Inc. agreed to work together and pursue collective solutions to future water supply needs to residents of Santa Rosa County and the surrounding areas. As a result, they created the Fairpoint Regional Utility System (FRUS), which is owned one-third by each.

The investment is accounted for under the equity method of accounting and is included with other assets on the Statement of Net Position. During 2018, the City's investment value in the joint venture increased by \$477,532 and as of September 30, 2018, was \$3,054,613. A copy of the financial statements for FRUS is available by writing to 8574 Turkey Bluff Road, Navarre, Florida 32569.

The City has a non-interest bearing note receivable from FRUS requiring monthly payments of \$1,457 through September 2025. The amount due from FRUS totaled \$122,424 at September 30, 2018.

The City has a "take or pay" minimum purchase commitment with FRUS. The on-going commitment requires the City to accept and pay for an average of 1,957,909 gallons of water per day over the billing period. If FRUS cannot provide those volumes despite its best efforts, then the commitment is reduced proportionately to the deliverable volumes. As of September 30, 2018, the FRUS rate was \$1.55 per thousand gallons.

NOTE 16 - RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The City Council appoints the Directors of CTA. During the year ended September 30, 2018, CTA transferred \$620,000 to the City. The transaction was reflected as revenue of the City and an expense of CTA in the statement of activities. The purpose of the transfer was to subsidize the governmental operations of the City.

CTA-CDE paid an annual management fee of \$114,000 to GBFS for the year ended September 30, 2018.

CTA and CTA-CDE share office space with GBFS. In addition, certain expenses incurred by GBFS, such as payroll and related fringe benefits, general and administrative expenses, and professional fees are also allocated to CTA and CTA-CDE. Total costs allocated to CTA for the year ended September 30, 2018 were \$43,001, of which \$18,624 remained unpaid and is included in CTA accrued liabilities as of September 30, 2018.

The salaries and benefits related to the CTA Executive Director's employment contract are charged in full to CTA, but are paid by GBFS and reimbursed. For the year ended September 30, 2018, those expenses totaled \$300,000, of which \$134,929 remained unpaid and is included in CTA's accrued liabilities as of September 30, 2018.

In August 2007, CTA-CDE was certified as a Community Development Entity (CDE) by the Community Development Financial Institutions (CDFI) Fund of the United States Department of the Treasury. Certification as a CDE allowed CTA-CDE to become eligible to apply to the CDFI Fund for the allocation of New Market Tax Credits (NMTCs). CTA-CDE was granted an allocation of \$75 million of NMTC authority from the CDFI Fund under the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009 and pursuant to an Allocation Agreement dated June 18, 2009. Through this allocation, CTA-CDE is authorized to allocate the tax credits to private equity investors in CTA-CDE.

The funds raised by CTA-CDE through the NMTCs are used to invest in or lend to projects in Florida meeting the low-income community eligibility requirements, as outlined by the CDFI Fund.

Under CTA-CDE's Allocation Agreement with the CDFI Fund, the following entities have become approved Subsidiary Allocatees of CTA-CDE: CTA CDE Sub 1, LLC; CTA CDE Sub 2, LLC; CTA CDE Sub 3, LLC; CTA CDE Sub 4, LLC; and CTA CDE Sub 5, LLC.

Per the management and administration agreement between CTA-CDE and the Subsidiary Allocatees, CTA-CDE is to receive an annual asset management fee in the aggregate amount of up to \$271,995 for its services in managing and administering the Subsidiary Allocatees. For the year ended September 30, 2018, \$139,310 of the asset management fee had been earned and recognized. As of September 30, 2018, \$12,750 had not been collected and was presented as a receivable on the accompanying statement of net position. In addition, in accordance with the terms of the Subsidiary Allocatees operating agreement, CTA-CDE is to be paid fees in connection with the assignment of a portion of CTA-CDE's NMTC allocation to the Subsidiary Allocatees. No such fees were earned during the year ended September 30, 2018.

Per the operating agreements of the Subsidiary Allocatees, CTA-CDE earns fees for its payment of operating expenses on the Subsidiary Allocatees' behalf. For the year ended September 30, 2018, such fees earned were \$86,086 and are included in miscellaneous income on the statement of activities.

NOTE 17 - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Grant Receipts

Amounts received or receivable from grants are subject to audit and adjustment by the grantor. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time, although the City expects such amount, if any, to be immaterial.

Construction Contracts

The City has approximately \$1,550,000 in engineering services contracts related to the Wastewater Treatment Plant and Gilmore Basin design. As of September 30, 2018, the remaining contractual commitments under these contracts totaled approximately \$887,000.

The City has approximately \$102,000 in a construction contract for drainage and paving work. As of September 30, 2018, the remaining contractual commitment under this contract was approximately \$73,000.

The City has approximately \$250,000 in construction contracts for waterline improvements in Villa Venyce. As of September 30, 2018, the remaining contractual commitment under these contracts were approximately \$183,000.

Minimum Purchase Commitment

As discussed in Note 16, the City has a minimum purchase commitment with FRUS which requires the City to accept and pay for an average of 1,957,909 gallons of water per day over the billing period.

Settlements

During 2018, the City settled a law suit with the Trustees over the Catawba Street right-of-way and Pensacola Bay and accrued \$295,742 which is recorded in accounts payable in the balance sheet - governmental funds and in settlement expenses in the statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances - governmental funds.

During 2018, GBFS settled a law suit with the Government Credit Corporation and paid \$600,000. GBFS borrowed those funds from the City, which have to be paid back by October 1, 2021. The advance bears interest at 3%.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION PENSION SCHEDULES

CITY OF GULF BREEZE, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF NET PENSION LIABILITY FLORIDA RETIREMENT SYSTEM PENSION PLAN LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS*

	 2018	2017		2016	 2015	2014
City of Gulf Breeze's proportion of net pension liability	0.002028501%		0.002008423%	0.002777516%	0.002590508%	0.003036459%
City of Gulf Breeze's proportionate share of net pension liability	\$ 610,995	\$	594,282	\$ 701,325	\$ 334,599	\$ 185,269
City of Gulf Breeze's covered payroll	\$ 445,524	\$	438,197	\$ 554,088	\$ 618,721	\$ 608,979
City of Gulf Breeze's proportionate share of net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	137.14%		135.62%	126.57%	54.08%	30.42%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	84.26%		83.89%	84.88%	92.00%	96.09%

^{*} The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of June 30. Information provided above was obtained from an actuarial valuation; information prior to fiscal year 2014 was not available.

CITY OF GULF BREEZE, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF NET PENSION LIABILITY HEALTH INSURANCE SUBSIDY PROGRAM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS*

	 2018	2017			2016	 2015	 2014
City of Gulf Breeze's proportion of net pension liability	0.001364057%		0.001368461%		0.001884406%	0.001995196%	0.002228351%
City of Gulf Breeze's proportionate share of net pension liability	\$ 144,373	\$	146,322	\$	219,620	\$ 203,479	\$ 208,356
City of Gulf Breeze's covered payroll	\$ 445,524	\$	438,197	\$	554,088	\$ 618,721	\$ 608,979
City of Gulf Breeze's proportionate share of net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	32.94%		33.39%		39.64%	32.89%	34.21%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	2.15%		1.64%		0.97%	0.50%	0.99%

^{*} The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of June 30. Information provided above was obtained from an actuarial valuation; information prior to fiscal year 2014 was not available.

CITY OF GULF BREEZE, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN EMPLOYER NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIO FLORIDA MUNICIPAL PENSION TRUST FUND LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS*

	 2018	 2017	 2016	 2015	 2014	 2013		2012
Total pension liability Plan fiduciary net position	\$ 4,609,688 4,764,022	\$ 4,076,747 4,916,410	\$ 4,181,611 4,134,613	\$ 3,720,885 3,901,457	\$ 2,986,232 3,769,799	\$ 2,724,845 3,314,601	\$_	3,608,235 2,779,873
Employer net pension liability (asset) - ending	\$ (154,334)	\$ (839,663)	\$ 46,998	\$ (180,572)	\$ (783,567)	\$ (589,756)	\$	828,362
Plan fiduciary net position as a % of total pension liability	103.35%	120.60%	98.88%	104.85%	126.24%	121.64%		77.04%
Covered payroll	\$ 702,730	\$ 621,418	\$ 632,650	\$ 560,545	\$ 573,863	\$ 573,863	\$	563,728
Employer's net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll	-21.96%	-135.12%	N/A	N/A	N/A	-102.77%		146.94%

^{*} The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of October 1. Information provided above was obtained from an actuarial valuation; information prior to fiscal year 2012 was not available.

CITY OF GULF BREEZE, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS FLORIDA RETIREMENT SYSTEM PENSION PLAN LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS*

	2018 2017			 2016	2015			2014	
Contractually required contribution	\$	53,247	\$	47,110	\$ 57,239	\$	59,916	\$	67,591
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		(53,247)		(47,110)	(57,239)		(59,916)		(67,591)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$		\$		\$ 	\$		\$	
City of Gulf Breeze's covered payroll **	\$	438,225	\$	438,197	\$ 554,088		618,721		608,979
Contribution as a percentage of covered payroll		12.15%		10.75%	10.33%		9.68%		11.10%

^{*} The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of June 30. Information provided above was obtained from an actuarial valuation; information prior to fiscal year 2014 was not available.

CITY OF GULF BREEZE, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS HEALTH INSURANCE SUBSIDY PROGRAM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS*

	 2018		2017		2016	2015			2014	
Contractually required contribution	\$ 13,923	\$	13,114	\$	16,807	\$	13,687	\$	14,066	
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	(13,923)		(13,114)		(16,807)		(13,687)		(14,066)	
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 	\$		\$		\$		\$		
City of Gulf Breeze's covered payroll **	\$ 438,225	\$	438,197	\$	554,088		618,721		608,979	
Contribution as a percentage of covered payroll	3.18%		2.99%		3.03%		2.21%		2.31%	

^{*} The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of June 30. Information provided above was obtained from an actuarial valuation; information prior to fiscal year 2014 was not available.

CITY OF GULF BREEZE, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS FLORIDA MUNICIPAL PENSION TRUST FUND LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS*

	 2018	 2017	 2016	 2015	 2014	 2013	 2012
Actuarially determined contribution	\$ 174,722	\$ 190,129	\$ 152,604	\$ 120,446	\$ 196,200	\$ 268,765	\$ 89,212
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	 (174,722)	 (190,129)	 (152,604)	 (120,446)	 (196,200)	 (268,765)	 (89,212)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$ -
City of Gulf Breeze's covered payroll	\$ 702,730	\$ 621,418	\$ 632,650	\$ 560,545	\$ 573,863	573,863	563,728
Contribution as a percentage of covered payroll	24.86%	30.60%	24.12%	21.49%	34.19%	46.83%	15.83%

^{*} The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of September 30. Information provided above was obtained from an actuarial valuation; information prior to fiscal year 2012 was not available.

CITY OF GULF BREEZE, FLORIDA NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS FLORIDA MUNICIPAL PENSION TRUST FUND YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

		e Officer nent Fund
Contribution rates:		
City		22.34%
Plan members		4.0%
Chapter 185 contribution		14.34%
Annual pension cost	\$	258,725
Contributions made:		
Plan members	\$	26,298
Employer	\$	174,722
State of Florida	\$	73,655
Net pension asset	\$	154,334
Actuarial valuation date	10	/1/2017
Actuarial cost method	Aggregat	te cost method
Asset valuation method	Mar	ket value
Actuarial assumptions:		
	7.00% per annum	(2.92% per annum is
Interest (or discount) rate	attributable to long-	term inflation)
Projected salary increases	4.00% per annum	
Cost-of-living increases	3.00% per year, de	elayed three years after
	retirement with res	spect to benefits earned
	after February 3, 20	
Non-investment expenses		benefit liability has been
	loaded by 1.75%	to account for non-
	investment expense	
Retirement age		t normal retirement age
Mortality basis	Sex-distinct rates s	et forth in the RP-2000
		ality Table, with full
		ovements in mortality
	using Scale BB	
Future contributions		n the employer and
	± •	sumed to be made as
	legally required.	
Changes	-	eve been changed since
	the prior measureme	ent date.

CITY OF GULF BREEZE, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN TOTAL OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS

	 2018
Total OPEB liability	
Service cost	\$ 3,681
Interest	2,959
Changes in assumptions or other inputs	3,184
Benefit payments	(2,426)
Net change in total OPEB liability	 7,398
Total OPEB liability - beginning	67,323
Total OPEB liability - ending	\$ 74,721
Covered payroll	\$ 4,055,975
City's total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	2%

NOTE: Information is presented for those years in which information is available.

CITY OF GULF BREEZE, FLORIDA

COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND STATEMENTS

These financial statements provide a more detailed view of the "Basic Financial Statements" presented in the preceding subsection.

Combining statements are presented when there is more than one fund of a given fund type.

NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

The special revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific sources (other than special assessments, expendable trusts, or for major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditure for specified purposes.

Traffic Citation Special Revenue Fund

To account for funds received for traffic red-light citations.

Police Special Revenue Fund

To account for funds received for certain fines as well as other police related revenues.

Tourist Development Special Revenue Fund

To account for funds received for tourist development.

CITY OF GULF BREEZE, FLORIDA COMBINING BALANCE SHEET - NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

	ffic Citation Special Revenue	Police Special Revenue	Tourist evelopment cial Revenue	 Total
Assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 371,641	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 371,641
Due from other governments	5,100	3,157	76,595	84,852
Restricted assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	 	 174,056	 24,074	 198,130
Total Assets	\$ 376,741	\$ 177,213	\$ 100,669	\$ 654,623
Liabilities:				
Accounts payable	\$ 19,171	\$ 1,546	\$ 1,000	\$ 21,717
Accrued liabilities	538	-	-	538
Interfund payables	2,401	-	-	2,401
Due to other governments	22,352	-	-	22,352
Total liabilities	44,462	1,546	1,000	47,008
Fund Balances:				
Restricted				
Public safety	-	175,667	-	175,667
Community redevelopment	-	_	99,669	99,669
Assigned			,	,
Public safety	332,279	-	-	332,279
Total fund balances	332,279	175,667	99,669	607,615
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 376,741	\$ 177,213	\$ 100,669	\$ 654,623

CITY OF GULF BREEZE, FLORIDA COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND **CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS** YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

	Traffic Citation Special Revenue			Police Special Revenue		Tourist evelopment cial Revenue		Total
Revenues:			_		_		_	
Taxes	\$	-	\$	-	\$	209,300	\$	209,300
Intergovernmental		-		41,873		-		41,873
Fines and forfeitures		517,142		27,062		-		544,204
Miscellaneous		120		9,949				10,069
Total revenues		517,262		78,884		209,300		805,446
Expenditures:								
Current								
General government		6		-		-		6
Public safety		272,920		19,349		-		292,269
Culture and recreation		-		-		50,438		50,438
Capital outlay		6,842		1,522		-		8,364
Total expenditures		279,768		20,871		50,438		351,077
Excess of Revenues Over								
Expenditures		237,494		58,013		158,862		454,369
Other Financing Sources (Uses):								
Transfers out		(345,000)				(121,000)		(466,000)
Net change in fund balances		(107,506)		58,013		37,862		(11,631)
Fund Balances:								
Beginning of year		439,785		117,654		61,807		619,246
End of year	\$	332,279	\$	175,667	\$	99,669	\$	607,615

CITY OF GULF BREEZE, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL TRAFFIC CITATION SPECIAL REVENUE FUND YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

	Ori	Original Budget Final Budget		Actual		Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)		
Revenues:	Original Budget		Filial Budget					
Fines and forfeitures	\$	775,000	\$	517,000	\$	517,142	\$	142
Miscellaneous	Ψ	775,000	Ψ	317,000	Ψ	120	Ψ	120
Total revenues		775,000		517,000		517,262		262
Expenditures:								
Current								
General government		7		7		6		1
Public safety		697,694		290,579		272,920		17,659
Capital outlay		-		6,841		6,842		(1)
Total expenditures		697,701		297,427		279,768		17,659
Deficiency of revenues								
under expenditures		77,299		219,573		237,494		17,921
Other Financing Uses:								
Transfers out		(767,000)		(345,000)		(345,000)		-
Appropriation of Fund Balances		689,701		125,427		_		(125,427)
Net change in fund balance	\$	-	\$			(107,506)	\$	(107,506)
Fund Balance:								
Beginning of year						439,785		
End of year					\$	332,279		

CITY OF GULF BREEZE, FLORIDA St STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL -TOURIST DEVELOPMENT SPECIAL REVENUE FUND YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

	Orig	ginal Budget	Fir	nal Budget	et Actual		Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)	
Revenues:		<u> </u>						<u> </u>
Taxes	\$	150,000	\$	175,000	\$	209,300	\$	34,300
Expenditures:								
Culture and recreation		29,000		54,000		50,438		3,562
Excess of revenues over expenditures		121,000		121,000		158,862		37,862
Other Financing Uses:								
Transfers out		(121,000)		(121,000)		(121,000)		-
Net change in fund balance	\$	-	\$			37,862	\$	37,862
Fund Balance:								
Beginning of year						61,807		
End of year					\$	99,669		

NON-MAJOR PROPRIETARY FUNDS

ENTERPRISE FUNDS

Enterprise funds are used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises - where the intent of the government's council is that the costs of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges; or where the government's council has decided that periodic determination of net income is appropriate for accountability purposes.

Solid Waste Control Fund

To account for the activities associated with managing the City's solid waste.

Innerarity Point Utilities Fund

To account for the activities associated with operation of the water and sewer utilities of Innerarity Point, an unincorporated community in Escambia County, Florida.

CITY OF GULF BREEZE, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - NON-MAJOR PROPRIETARY FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES

	Solid W Contr		•		Total	
Current Assets:	¢	524	\$	00.026	¢	00.560
Cash and cash equivalents Receivables, net	\$	534 68,910	Þ	99,026 5,831	\$	99,560
				3,831		74,741
Restricted cash and cash equivalents Total current assets		12,075 81,519		104,857		12,075 186,376
Total current assets		61,319		104,637		180,370
Non-Current Assets:						
Capital assets, net						
Machinery and equipment		6,000		-		6,000
Total Assets		87,519		104,857	'	192,376
Deferred Outflows of Resources:		170				170
Pensions		179		-		179
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows	\$	87,698	\$	104,857	\$	192,555
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFL	ows	OF RESOURCES	S AND N	ET POSITION		
Current Liabilities:						
Accounts payable	\$	45,326	\$	15,120	\$	60,446
Accrued liabilities		956		-		956
Interfund payables		53,000		-		53,000
Due to other governments		-		846		846
Payable from restricted assets		10.075				10.055
Customer deposits		12,075		-		12,075
Compensated absences		240		15.066		240
Total current liabilities		111,597		15,966		127,563
Non-Current Liabilities:						
Compensated absences		1,362		-		1,362
Net pension liability		8,942		-		8,942
Total non-current liabilities		10,304		-		10,304
Total Liabilities		121,901		15,966		137,867
Deferred Inflows of Resources:						
Pensions				-		-
Net Position:						
Net investment in capital assets		6,000		-		6,000
Unrestricted		(40,203)		88,891		48,688
Total net position		(34,203)		88,891		54,688
					_	
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows,		0= 600		10107		100
and Net Position	\$	87,698	\$	104,857	\$	192,555

CITY OF GULF BREEZE, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION - NON-MAJOR PROPRIETARY FUNDS YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

	lid Waste Control	arity Point	 Total
Operating Revenues:			
Charges for services	\$ 761,776	\$ 24,666	\$ 786,442
Operating Expenses:			
Personal services	122,867	-	122,867
Contractual services	507,841	2,198	510,039
Supplies	2,093	(1,479)	614
Professional services	895	-	895
Repairs and maintenance	9,080	12,997	22,077
Depreciation and amortization	6,000	-	6,000
Total operating expenses	 648,776	13,716	662,492
Operating income	113,000	10,950	123,950
Non-Operating Revenues:			
Miscellaneous	 194	 -	194
Income Before Transfers	113,194	10,950	124,144
Transfers:			
Transfers out	 (96,400)	(30,700)	(127,100)
Changes in Net Position	16,794	(19,750)	(2,956)
Net Position at Beginning of Year	 (50,997)	108,641	 57,644
Net Position at End of Year	\$ (34,203)	\$ 88,891	\$ 54,688

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CITY OF GULF BREEZE, FLORIDA St STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - NON-MAJOR PROPRIETARY FUNDS YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

	Solid Waste Control	Innerarity Point Utilities	Total
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:			
Receipts from customers and users	\$ 757,731	\$ 51,120	\$ 808,851
Payments to other funds	3,000	-	3,000
Payments to suppliers and providers	(543,688)	(18,562)	(562,250)
Payments to employees	(124,497)		(124,497)
Net cash provided by			
operating activities	92,546	32,558	125,104
Cash Flows from Non-Capital			
Financing Activities:			
Transfers out	(96,400)	(30,700)	(127,100)
Net Change in Cash			
and Cash Equivalents	(3,854)	1,858	(1,996)
Cash and Cash Equivalents -			
Beginning of Year	16,463	97,168	113,631
Cash and Cash Equivalents -			
End of Year	\$ 12,609	\$ 99,026	\$ 111,635
Displayed As:			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 534	\$ 99,026	\$ 99,560
Restricted cash	12,075		12,075
Total cash and cash equivalents	\$ 12,609	\$ 99,026	\$ 111,635

CITY OF GULF BREEZE, FLORIDA Statement C-3 STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - NON-MAJOR PROPRIETARY FUNDS YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018 (Continued)

	olid Waste Control	rarity Point Utilities	Total
Reconciliation of Operating Income			
to Net Cash Provided by			
Operating Activities:			
Operating income	\$ 113,000	\$ 10,950	\$ 123,950
Adjustments to reconcile operating income			
to net cash provided by operating activities -			
Depreciation	6,000	-	6,000
Provision for uncollectible accounts	(179)	(2,295)	(2,474)
Miscellaneous income	194	_	194
Changes in operating assets			
and liabilities:			
Receivables	(4,060)	28,749	24,689
Deferred outflow of resources - pensions	4,604	-	4,604
Accounts payable	(23,779)	(4,846)	(28,625)
Accrued liabilities	171	-	171
Interfund payables	3,000	-	3,000
Net pension liability	(193)	-	(193)
Deferred inflow of resources - pensions	 (4,411)	 	 (4,411)
Net Cash Provided By			
Operating Activities	\$ 92,546	\$ 32,558	\$ 125,104

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III. Statistical Section

Statistical tables differ from financial statements as they usually cover more than one fiscal year and may present non-accounting data, financial trends and the fiscal capacity of the government. These tables have been included as part of this report for information purposes only, and therefore, have not been subjected to audit by the City's independent certified public accountants.

There are no limitations placed upon the amount of debt the City of Gulf Breeze may issue by either the City's Code of Ordinances or by Florida Statutes.

III. STATISTICAL SECTION

The Statistical Section is part of the City of Gulf Breeze's comprehensive annual financial report and presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information say about the city's overall financial health.

Financial Trends - These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the city's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.

Revenue Capacity - These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the factors affecting the city's ability to generate its property, sales taxes, and utility revenue.

Debt Capacity - These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the city's current levels of outstanding debt and the city's ability to issue additional debt in the future. Note the city has no general obligation debt.

Demographic and Economic Information - These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the city's financial activities take place and to help make a comparison over time and with other governments.

Operating Information - These schedules contain information about the city's operations and resources to help the reader understand how the city's financial information relates to the services the city provides and the activities it performs.

<u>Sources</u>: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant year.

CITY OF GULF BREEZE, FLORIDA COMPONENTS OF NET POSITION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS UNAUDITED

		2018	 2017	 2016	2015	 2014	 2013	 2012	 2011	 2010	_	2009
Net Investment in Capital Assets Governmental activities	s: \$	7,640,557	\$ 7,085,403	\$ 8,178,037	\$ 9,722,091	\$ 10,625,849	\$ 11,302,841	\$ 9,652,675	\$ 4,895,426	\$ 1,460,655	\$	3,275,527
Business-type activities Total primary government	\$	14,337,571 21,978,128	\$ 20,016,465	\$ 11,653,347	\$ 15,705,656 25,427,747	\$ 18,625,464 29,251,313	\$ 17,147,289 28,450,130	\$ 14,049,602 23,702,277	\$ 12,368,789	\$ 13,788,131	\$	14,451,915
Restricted Net Position:												
Governmental activities Business-type activities	\$	2,658,510 108,597	\$ 1,947,912 108,597	\$ 968,784 183,115	\$ 753,569 1,814,513	\$ 485,597 5,456,129	\$ 711,122 5,298,985	\$ 879,047 844,957	\$ 994,663 844,957	\$ 656,392 917,665	\$	397,270 756,855
Total primary government	\$	2,767,107	\$ 2,056,509	\$ 1,151,899	\$ 2,568,082	\$ 5,941,726	\$ 6,010,107	\$ 1,724,004	\$ 1,839,620	\$ 1,574,057	\$	1,154,125
Unrestricted Net Position:												
Governmental activities Business-type activities	\$	10,624,458 15,226,143	\$ 13,319,979 15,488,277	\$ 14,033,970 14,406,046	\$ 7,672,816 5,550,686	\$ 7,694,974 1,235,949	\$ 6,914,109 5,265,964	\$ 7,689,924 14,084,654	\$ 5,852,883 14,566,239	\$ 8,891,621 12,061,124	\$	6,273,663 2,423,036
Total primary government	\$	25,850,601	\$ 28,808,256	\$ 28,440,016	\$ 13,223,502	\$ 8,930,923	\$ 12,180,073	\$ 21,774,578	\$ 20,419,122	\$ 20,952,745	\$	8,696,699
Total Net Position:												
Governmental activities Business-type activities	\$	20,923,525 29,672,311	\$ 22,353,294 28,527,936	\$ 23,180,791 26,242,508	\$ 18,148,476 23,070,855	\$ 18,806,420 25,317,542	\$ 18,928,072 27,712,238	\$ 18,221,646 28,979,213	\$ 11,742,972 27,779,985	\$ 11,008,668 26,766,920	\$	9,946,460 17,631,806
Total primary government	\$	50,595,836	\$ 50,881,230	\$ 49,423,299	\$ 41,219,331	\$ 44,123,962	\$ 46,640,310	\$ 47,200,859	\$ 39,522,957	\$ 37,775,588	\$	27,578,266

CITY OF GULF BREEZE, FLORIDA CHANGES IN NET POSITION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS UNAUDITED

	2	2018	2017	 2016	2015	 2014	 2013	2012		2011	 2010	 2009
Expenses:												
Governmental activities -												
General government	\$ 2	2,861,010	\$ 2,307,012	\$ 2,355,653	\$ 2,140,000	\$ 2,159,875	\$ 1,939,342	\$ 1,780,088	\$	2,140,853	\$ 1,832,961	\$ 1,604,707
Public safety	3	3,256,172	3,116,311	3,672,304	3,708,802	3,389,678	3,259,673	2,848,296		2,582,913	2,273,863	2,242,994
Transportation		977,564	1,083,623	518,675	830,933	645,097	1,040,137	392,737		431,961	317,802	336,485
Economic environment		293,423	659,419	550,405	539,671	480,967	458,622	470,558		434,757	423,014	388,133
Culture and recreation	2	2,403,308	2,547,734	2,256,254	2,204,301	2,120,714	1,853,545	1,800,355		3,758,787	1,195,503	1,160,607
Debt service interest		342,652	343,507	357,915	369,894	395,462	305,046	310,536		315,231	320,336	325,297
Total government activities	10),134,129	10,057,606	9,711,206	9,793,601	9,191,793	8,856,365	7,602,570		9,664,502	6,363,479	6,058,223
Business-type activities -												
Water and sewer	2	2,238,392	2,167,688	2,172,973	2,019,512	1,956,060	1,626,874	1,557,810		1,523,787	1,610,416	1,576,201
Natural gas	2	2,472,995	2,288,516	2,220,768	2,495,520	2,460,185	1,897,522	1,286,806		1,388,342	1,329,058	1,699,027
South Santa Rosa Utility	8	3,296,183	7,404,006	6,081,605	9,034,748	9,020,191	7,298,787	4,918,789		4,887,012	4,531,148	5,493,205
Solid waste control		648,776	587,226	577,155	564,709	547,242	702,888	896,904		870,997	886,868	890,827
Stormwater management		527,044	491,625	511,473	431,285	566,526	258,411	259,933		246,276	236,013	266,966
Gulf Breeze Financial Services	1	1,218,479	423,343	359,021	204,582	235,163	245,537	240,070		725,702	228,246	250,320
Innerarity Point		13,716	23,708	15,003	16,663	-	-	-		-	_	-
Total business-type activities	1.5	5,415,585	13,386,112	11,937,998	14,767,019	14,785,367	12,030,019	9,160,312		9,642,116	8,821,749	10,176,546
Total primary government expenses	\$ 25	5,549,714	\$ 23,443,718	\$ 21,649,204	\$ 24,560,620	\$ 23,977,160	\$ 20,886,384	\$ 16,762,882	\$	19,306,618	\$ 15,185,228	\$ 16,234,769
					 			 ,		•		
Program Revenues:												
Government activities -												
Charges for services -												
General government	\$	430,302	\$ 419,408	\$ 246,268	\$ 87,414	\$ 64,546	\$ 94,215	\$ 67,903	\$	92,983	\$ 47,546	\$ 101,657
Public safety		611,389	626,234	1,113,580	1,012,910	845,318	901,465	749,597		345,228	113,966	318,015
Culture and recreation		378,847	354,538	355,232	327,605	385,295	242,762	217,271		231,431	230,571	225,774
Operating grants and contributions		266,785	404,699	595,981	1,377,663	1,984,125	3,154,938	7,195,117		4,054,298	1,125,551	468,212
Capital grants and contributions		314,312	 	 	-	-	 	 		-	 -	 -
Total governmental activities program revenues	2	2,001,635	 1,804,879	 2,311,061	 2,805,592	 3,279,284	 4,393,380	 8,229,888		4,723,940	 1,517,634	 1,113,658
Business-type activities -												
Charges for services -												
Water and sewer	2	2,578,344	2,560,106	2,492,620	2,339,659	2,015,843	1,816,720	1,850,835		1,889,323	1,764,738	1,896,573
Natural gas	3	3,030,245	2,773,322	2,681,257	2,594,132	2,515,805	1,888,721	1,596,774		1,893,196	2,077,968	1,918,813
South Santa Rosa Utility	(5,235,896	6,089,546	5,860,774	5,396,766	5,205,377	4,686,102	4,933,717		4,876,402	4,474,554	4,242,023
Tiger Point Golf Course	1	1,397,998	676,274	206,562	1,586,638	1,805,228	1,312,696	-		-	-	-
Solid waste control		761,776	675,885	645,519	593,891	571,504	725,172	1,012,054		986,019	1,004,145	1,023,845
Stormwater management		238,246	237,125	236,275	234,086	205,282	190,324	197,504		195,304	190,992	193,874
Gulf Breeze Financial Services		169,367	176,209	695,289	577,096	635,849	875,171	926,632		777,842	870,766	523,776
Innerarity Point		24,666	80,986	60,402	44,882	-	-	-		-	-	-
Operating grants and contributions		-	1,183	22,110	15,503	-	-	-		-	-	-
Capital grants and contributions	2	2,136,120	3,494,650	1,457,975	501,998	507,249	373,323	417,520		319,969	95,171	127,267
Total business-type activities program revenues	16	5,572,658	16,765,286	14,358,783	13,884,651	13,462,137	11,868,229	10,935,036	_	10,938,055	10,478,334	9,926,171
Total primary government progam revenues	\$ 18	3,574,293	\$ 18,570,165	\$ 16,669,844	\$ 16,690,243	\$ 16,741,421	\$ 16,261,609	\$ 19,164,924	\$	15,661,995	\$ 11,995,968	\$ 11,039,829

CITY OF GULF BREEZE, FLORIDA CHANGES IN NET POSITION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS UNAUDITED (Continued)

		2018		2017		2016		2015		2014		2013		2012		2011		2010		2009
Net Program (Expense)/Revenue:												-				-				
Governmental activities	\$	(8,132,494)	\$	(8,252,727)	\$	(7,400,145)	\$	(6,988,009)	\$	(5,912,509)	\$	(4,462,985)	\$	627,318	\$	(4,940,562)	\$	(4,845,845)	\$	(4,944,565)
Business-type activities		1,157,073		3,379,174		2,420,785		(882,368)		(1,323,230)		(161,790)		1,774,724		1,295,939		1,656,585		(250,375)
Total primary government program																				
net (expense)/revenue	\$	(6,975,421)	\$	(4,873,553)	\$	(4,979,360)	\$	(7,870,377)	\$	(7,235,739)	\$	(4,624,775)	\$	2,402,042	\$	(3,644,623)	\$	(3,189,260)	\$	(5,194,940)
		_				_						_						_		
General Revenues and Other Changes																				
in Net Position: Governmental activities -																				
Property taxes	\$	2,157,048	\$	2,114,746	\$	1,972,239	\$	1,950,694	\$	1,817,161	\$	1,739,120	\$	1,731,906	\$	1,767,275	\$	1,861,874	\$	1,805,589
Tourist development taxes		209,300		211,692		183,857		149,108		113,541		64,755		39,529		36,060		13,527		7,120
Fuel taxes		233,944		226,447		281,937		255,638		230,880		231,438		232,681		228,653		168,122		213,988
Franchise taxes		344,871		327,060		366,834		349,322		327,992		288,767		305,448		334,218		364,912		293,431
Communication services taxes		259,313		256,618		267,399		298,398		278,448		361,484		298,469		312,900		297,279		212,177
Utilitity service taxes		790,916		776,473		660,134		472,984		450,533		357,489		347,131		342,531		319,616		206,774
Intergovernmental, unrestricted		924,404		785,669		543,531		570,938		520,130		499,149		1,070,901		819,245		510,832		552,449
Gain on sale of capital assets		103,468		20,830	*	5,883,665		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Miscellaneous		762,524		784,763		829,237		455,119		640,712		796,089		608,104		953,952		1,139,891		666,013
Investment earnings		44,410		56,261		5,879		6,240		11,844		13,904		35,537		30,688		21,304		49,430
Total revenues		5,830,198		5,560,559		10,994,712		4,508,441		4,391,241		4,352,195		4,669,706		4,825,522		4,697,357		4,006,971
Transfers		872,527		1,864,671		1,437,748		1,481,217		1,399,616		1,217,588		1,181,650		849,344		1,210,696		1,073,089
Total government activities		6,702,725	_	7,425,230	_	12,432,460	_	5,989,658		5,790,857	_	5,569,783	_	5,851,356		5,674,866	_	5,908,053	_	5,080,060
Business-type activities -																				
Income from joint venture		477,532		468,052		527,820														
Other operating revenues		210,501		147,128		343,899		270,568		123,641		329,682		268,959		547,198		8,663,204		233,593
Investment earnings		171,796		155,745		266,066		174,969		204,509		18,721		337,195		19,272		26,021		64,495
Total revenues	_	859,829		770,925		1,137,785	_	445,537	-	328,150	_	348,403		606,154	_	566,470		8,689,225		298,088
Transfers		(872,527)		(1,864,671)		(1,437,748)		(1,481,217)		(1,399,616)		(1,217,588)		(1,181,650)		(849,344)		(1,210,696)		(1,073,089)
Total business-type activities	_	(12,698)		(1,093,746)		(299,963)	_	(1,035,680)	-	(1,071,466)	_	(869,185)		(575,496)	_	(282,874)		7,478,529		(775,001)
Total primary government	\$	6,690,027	\$	6,331,484	\$	12,132,497	\$	4,953,978	\$	4,719,391	\$	4,700,598	\$	5,275,860	\$	5,391,992	\$	13,386,582	\$	4,305,059
Tour primary government	-	0,070,027	Ψ	0,551,707	Ψ	12,132,77/	Ψ	1,755,770	Ψ	1,117,371	Ψ	1,700,370	Ψ	5,275,600	Ψ	5,571,772	Ψ	13,300,302	Ψ	1,303,039
Change in Net Position:																				
Government activities	\$	(1,429,769)	\$	(827,497)	\$	5,032,315	\$	(998,351)	\$	(121,652)	\$	1,106,798	\$	6,478,674	\$	734,304	\$	1,062,208	\$	135,495
Business-type activities		1,144,375		2,285,428		2,120,822		(1,918,048)		(2,394,696)		(1,030,975)		1,199,228		1,013,065		9,135,114		(1,025,376)
Total primary government	\$	(285,394)	\$	1,457,931	\$	7,153,137	\$	(2,916,399)	\$	(2,516,348)	\$	75,823	\$	7,677,902	\$	1,747,369	\$	10,197,322	\$	(889,881)

^{*} Represent gain on the sale and easement to Florida Department of Transportation.

CITY OF GULF BREEZE, FLORIDA CHARGES FOR SERVICES BY FUNCTION AND PROGRAM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS UNAUDITED

	 2018	 2017	 2016		2015	 2014	 2013	 2012	 2011	 2010	 2009
Governmental Activities:											
General government	\$ 430,302	\$ 419,408	\$ 246,268	\$	87,414	\$ 64,546	\$ 94,215	\$ 67,903	\$ 92,983	\$ 47,546	\$ 101,657
Public safety	611,389	626,234	1,113,580		1,012,910	845,318	901,465	749,597	345,228	113,966	318,015
Culture and recreation	 378,847	 354,538	 355,232		327,605	 385,295	 242,762	 217,271	 231,431	 230,571	225,774
Total government charges	 1,420,538	 1,400,180	 1,715,080	_	1,427,929	 1,295,159	 1,238,442	 1,034,771	 669,642	 392,083	 645,446
Business-Type Activities:											
Water and sewer	2,578,344	2,560,106	2,492,620		2,339,659	1,999,093	1,816,720	1,850,835	1,889,323	1,764,738	1,896,573
Natural gas	3,030,245	2,773,322	2,681,257		2,594,132	2,515,805	1,888,721	1,596,774	1,893,196	2,077,968	1,918,813
South Santa Rosa Utility	7,633,894	6,765,820	6,067,336		6,983,404	7,010,605	5,998,798	4,933,717	4,876,402	4,474,554	4,242,023
Solid waste control	761,776	675,885	645,519		593,891	571,504	725,172	1,012,054	986,019	1,004,577	1,023,845
Stormwater management	238,246	237,125	236,275		234,086	205,282	190,324	197,504	195,304	190,992	193,874
Gulf Breeze Financial Services	169,367	176,209	695,289		577,096	635,849	875,171	926,632	777,842	870,766	523,776
Innerarity Point	24,666	80,986	60,402		44,882	16,750	-	-	-	-	-
Total business-type charges	14,436,538	13,269,453	12,878,698		13,367,150	12,954,888	11,494,906	 10,517,516	 10,618,086	 10,383,595	 9,798,904
Total primary government	\$ 15,857,076	\$ 14,669,633	\$ 14,593,778	\$	14,795,079	\$ 14,250,047	\$ 12,733,348	\$ 11,552,287	\$ 11,287,728	\$ 10,775,678	\$ 10,444,350

CITY OF GULF BREEZE, FLORIDA COMPONENTS OF FUND BALANCE (1) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS UNAUDITED

		2018		2017		2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2	2010	2	009
Non-spendable Fund Balance:															
General fund	\$	28,070	\$	9,863	\$	15,532	\$ 100,977	\$ 5,349	\$ 5,488	\$ 5,980	\$ 6,074	\$	-	\$	-
Aggregate special revenue fund	ds	-		-		-	-	-	-	-	-		-		-
Total	\$	28,070	\$	9,863	\$	15,532	\$ 100,977	\$ 5,349	\$ 5,488	\$ 5,980	\$ 6,074	\$	-	\$	-
Restricted Fund Balance:															
General fund	\$	864,098	\$	431,962	\$	291,112	\$ 290,144	\$ 280,523	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-
Aggregate special revenue fund	ds	1,794,412	_	1,515,950	_	677,672	 463,425	 329,403	 762,430	 916,350	994,663		-		-
Total	\$	2,658,510	\$	1,947,912	\$	968,784	\$ 753,569	\$ 609,926	\$ 762,430	\$ 916,350	\$ 994,663	\$	-	\$	-
	-						 						_		
Committed Fund Balance:															
General fund	\$	416,564	\$	599,437	\$	657,821	\$ 657,821	\$ 657,770	\$ 562,270	\$ 362,270	\$ 360,177	\$	-	\$	-
Aggregate special revenue fund	ds	-		-		-	 -	 -	 475,409	 -	-		-		-
Total	\$	416,564	\$	599,437	\$	657,821	\$ 657,821	\$ 657,770	\$ 1,037,679	\$ 362,270	\$ 360,177	\$	-	\$	
Assigned Fund Balance:															
General fund	\$	115,993	\$	115,993	\$	115,993	\$ 115,993	\$ 115,993	\$ 115,993	\$ 115,993	\$ 115,993	\$	-	\$	-
Aggregate special revenue fund	ds	332,279	_	439,785	_	806,815	 714,234	 530,095	 -	 416,854	384,162		-		-
Total	\$	448,272	\$	555,778	\$	922,808	\$ 830,227	\$ 646,088	\$ 115,993	\$ 532,847	\$ 500,155	\$	-	\$	
	-					_	 	 _		 			_		
Unassigned Fund Balance:															
General fund	\$	9,912,601	\$	12,260,202	\$	12,630,941	\$ 6,162,112	\$ 6,650,378	\$ 6,058,917	\$ 6,698,503	\$ 4,927,685	\$	-	\$	-
Aggregate special revenue fund	ds	-	_	-	_	-	 -	-	-	 -	-		-		-
Total	\$	9,912,601	\$	12,260,202	\$	12,630,941	\$ 6,162,112	\$ 6,650,378	\$ 6,058,917	\$ 6,698,503	\$ 4,927,685	\$	-	\$	-
Total Fund Balance:															
General fund	\$	11,337,326	\$	13,417,457	\$	13,711,399	\$ 7,327,047	\$ 7,710,013	\$ 6,742,668	\$ 7,182,746	\$ 5,409,929	\$	-	\$	-
Aggregate special revenue fund	ds	2,126,691		1,955,735		1,484,487	 1,177,659	 859,498	 1,237,839	 1,333,204	 1,378,825		-		-
Total	\$	13,464,017	\$	15,373,192	\$	15,195,886	\$ 8,504,706	\$ 8,569,511	\$ 7,980,507	\$ 8,515,950	\$ 6,788,754	\$	-	\$	

⁽¹⁾ GASB Statement No. 54 was first implemented for the year ended September 30, 2011.

CITY OF GULF BREEZE, FLORIDA CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS UNAUDITED

	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009
Revenues:										
Taxes	\$ 3,995,392	\$ 3,913,036	\$ 3,732,400	\$ 3,476,144	\$ 2,890,563	\$ 2,754,286	\$ 2,649,716	\$ 2,687,419	\$ 2,660,418	\$ 2,739,079
Licenses and permits	91,382	108,451	92,871	87,414	392,538	382,850	373,351	427,201	412,458	83,962
Intergovernmental	1,191,189	1,190,368	1,139,512	1,948,601	2,434,281	3,624,993	8,202,214	4,797,182	1,559,733	1,020,661
Charges for services	717,767	665,495	508,629	327,605	311,099	232,418	243,576	251,342	254,973	243,468
Fines and forfeitures	611,389	626,234	1,113,580	1,012,910	826,754	879,725	742,280	340,415	101,604	318,016
Other operating revenues	806,934	841,024	835,116	461,359	815,290	871,303	688,458	980,341	1,223,509	697,852
Total revenues	7,414,053	7,344,608	7,422,108	7,314,033	7,670,525	8,745,575	12,899,595	9,483,900	6,212,695	5,103,038
Expenditures:										
General government	2,372,030	2,281,623	2,164,224	1,979,557	2,031,432	1,818,220	1,729,301	2,082,950	1,951,093	1,402,579
Public safety	2,971,396	2,888,784	3,412,143	3,423,304	3,072,298	2,969,546	2,596,140	2,362,472	2,074,114	1,963,524
Transportation	476,733	957,608	249,971	519,423	328,318	713,559	204,519	249,113	139,370	151,623
Economic environment	273,158	235,928	229,567	198,758	136,168	116,579	133,073	122,413	118,498	116,673
Culture and recreation	1,681,318	1,797,584	1,481,765	1,424,236	1,382,952	1,119,344	1,251,795	3,462,148	908,776	886,497
Capital outlay	1,983,477	334,453	378,651	752,873	948,833	3,280,636	5,957,086	2,297,710	1,199,274	674,156
Debt service -										
Principal	215,600	206,800	202,400	193,600	184,800	175,650	171,600	239,357	158,400	154,000
Interest	344,081	350,023	356,325	368,304	396,336	305,046	310,536	315,231	320,336	325,297
Total expenditures	10,317,793	9,052,803	8,475,046	8,860,055	8,481,137	10,498,580	12,354,050	11,131,394	6,869,861	5,674,349
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over										
(under) expenditures	(2,903,740)	(1,708,195)	(1,052,938)	(1,546,022)	(810,612)	(1,753,005)	545,545	(1,647,494)	(657,166)	(571,311)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):										
Proceeds from sale of fixed assets	103,468	20,830	6,306,370	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transfers in	2,261,907	3,366,912	2,207,628	1,957,284	1,850,176	2,115,010	1,815,781	1,240,844	1,576,051	1,427,989
Transfers out	(1,389,380)	(1,502,241)	(769,880)	(476,067)	(450,560)	(897,422)	(634,130)	(391,500)	(365,355)	(354,900)
Insurance recoveries	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,295	17,500
Contributions	314,312	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Settlement	(295,742)									
Total other financing										
sources (uses)	994,565	1,885,501	7,744,118	1,481,217	1,399,616	1,217,588	1,181,651	849,344	1,212,991	1,090,589
Net change in fund balance	\$ (1,909,175)	\$ 177,306	\$ 6,691,180	\$ (64,805)	\$ 589,004	\$ (535,417)	\$ 1,727,196	\$ (798,150)	\$ 555,825	\$ 519,278
Debt service as a percentage of										
noncapital expenditures	6.72%	6.39%	6.90%	6.93%	7.72%	6.66%	7.54%	6.28%	8.44%	9.59%

CITY OF GULF BREEZE, FLORIDA PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS UNAUDITED

<u>Year</u> 2018	 Total Tax Levy (1)	 Amount of Current Taxes Collected	Percent of Current Taxes Collected This lev	 Amount of Delinquent Taxes Collected	duri	Total Collected for the Year ng Fiscal Year	Ratio of Total Taxes Collected to Current Levy	Deliquent Taxes	Ratio of Deliquent Taxes to Current Levy
2017	\$ 1,518,203	\$ 1,516,918	99.9%	\$ 130	\$	1,517,048	99.9%	\$ 1,285	0.1%
2016	\$ 1,444,728	\$ 1,441,960	99.8%	\$ 3,748	\$	1,445,708	100.1%	\$ 2,768	0.2%
2015	\$ 1,394,497	\$ 1,393,472	99.9%	\$ 26	\$	1,393,498	99.9%	\$ 3,325	0.2%
2014	\$ 1,350,376	\$ 1,305,276	96.7%	\$ 5,874	\$	1,311,150	97.1%	\$ 3,175	0.2%
2013	\$ 1,282,755	\$ 1,243,086	96.9%	\$ 4,059	\$	1,247,145	97.2%	\$ 919	0.1%
2012	\$ 1,200,632	\$ 1,163,879	96.9%	\$ 3,864	\$	1,167,743	97.3%	\$ 704	0.1%
2011	\$ 1,194,763	\$ 1,158,863	97.0%	\$ 3,973	\$	1,162,836	97.3%	\$ 2,857	0.2%
2010	\$ 1,206,357	\$ 1,168,019	96.8%	\$ 3,674	\$	1,171,693	97.1%	\$ 2,685	0.2%
2009	\$ 1,258,989	\$ 1,217,346	96.7%	\$ 3,752	\$	1,221,098	97.0%	\$ 5,644	0.4%

SOURCE: Santa Rosa County Tax Collector Office

⁽¹⁾ Includes Discounts Taken for Early Payment (maximum of 4%)

CITY OF GULF BREEZE, FLORIDA ASSESSED VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY (1) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS UNAUDITED

			Total		Assessed	Total
	Real	Personal	Assessed		Value of	Direct
Year (2)	 Property	 Property	 Value	 Exemptions	 Operations	Tax Rate
2018	\$ 1,210,105,835	\$ 38,694,102	\$ 1,112,552,121	\$ 303,336,303	\$ 809,215,818	1.9723
2017	\$ 1,139,386,798	\$ 38,912,786	\$ 1,065,804,563	\$ 297,203,059	\$ 768,601,504	1.9723
2016	\$ 990,275,803	\$ 37,447,989	\$ 1,027,723,792	\$ 296,547,192	\$ 731,176,600	1.9723
2015	\$ 964,310,659	\$ 38,849,877	\$ 1,003,160,536	\$ 297,339,426	\$ 705,821,110	1.9723
2014	\$ 944,207,937	\$ 36,927,142	\$ 981,135,079	\$ 296,777,679	\$ 684,357,400	1.9723
2013	\$ 903,420,497	\$ 33,761,170	\$ 937,181,667	\$ 287,072,951	\$ 650,108,716	1.9000
2012	\$ 883,720,244	\$ 35,023,885	\$ 918,744,129	\$ 287,168,164	\$ 631,575,965	1.9000
2011	\$ 879,382,858	\$ 35,300,296	\$ 914,683,154	\$ 286,262,042	\$ 628,421,112	1.9000
2010	\$ 957,414,901	\$ 39,883,882	\$ 997,298,783	\$ 362,784,783	\$ 634,514,000	1.9000
2009	\$ 843,459,341	\$ 41,919,426	\$ 885,378,767	\$ 223,488,747	\$ 661,890,020	1.9000

SOURCE: Santa Rosa County Property Appraiser

⁽¹⁾ Florida State Law requires all property to be assessed at current fair market value.

⁽²⁾ As of January 1 of each year listed

Table VIII

CITY OF GULF BREEZE, FLORIDA PROPERTY TAX RATES PER \$1,000 OF TAXABLE VALUE ALL DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS UNAUDITED

Fiscal Year	Millage
2018	1.9723
2017	1.9723
2016	1.9723
2015	1.9723
2014	1.9723
2013	1.9000
2012	1.9000
2011	1.9000
2010	1.9000
2009	1.9000

SOURCE: Santa Rosa County Property Appraiser

The base rate and the total rate are identical for the City of Gulf Breeze.

CITY OF GULF BREEZE, FLORIDA PRINCIPAL TAXPAYERS 2018 AND NINE YEARS AGO UNAUDITED

	Fiscal	Year 2018	2009					
	Total		Total					
	Taxable		Taxable					
Taxpayer	Value	Percentage	Value	Percentage				
Andrews Institute Medical Dade	¢ 10.054.000	2.220/	¢ 16.616.400	2.440/				
Andrews Institute Medical Park	\$ 18,054,080		\$ 16,616,408	2.44%				
Real Sub LLC	14,460,293	1.79%	6,630,339	0.97%				
Gulf Power Company	10,635,935	1.31%	6,134,087	0.90%				
Mullet, Willis J.	7,902,660	0.98%	8,930,027	1.31%				
Jerome Gulf Breeze LLC	6,903,075	0.85%	-	0.00%				
Belleau, George and Ann	5,522,524	0.68%	-	0.00%				
Falzone, Timothy D	5,328,378	0.66%	5,783,351	0.85%				
GB Hotel Investments	5,183,969	0.64%	-	0.00%				
Quietwater LLC	5,179,782	0.64%	5,296,683	0.78%				
Bell South Communications	4,268,177	0.53%	5,486,992	0.81%				
Total of Principal Taxpayers	83,438,873	10.31%	54,877,887	8.06%				
Total All Other Taxpayers	725,776,945	89.69%	625,602,168	91.94%				
Total Taxable Value	\$ 809,215,818	100.00%	\$ 680,480,055	100.00%				

SOURCE: Santa Rosa County Property Appraiser

CITY OF GULF BREEZE, FLORIDA SPECIAL ASSESSMENT BILLINGS AND COLLECTIONS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS UNAUDITED

Fiscal Year	Ass	sessment	sessments Collected	Ratio of Collections to Amount Assessed	Cı D	Total utstanding urrent and elinquent sessments
2018	\$	-	\$ 15,627		\$	-
2017	\$	-	\$ 14,468		\$	15,627
2016	\$	-	\$ 13,396		\$	30,095
2015	\$	-	\$ 12,404		\$	43,491
2014	\$	-	\$ 11,485		\$	55,895
2013	\$	-	\$ 10,635		\$	67,380
2012	\$	-	\$ 24,774		\$	78,015
2011	\$	-	\$ 12,322		\$	102,789
2010	\$	58,790	\$ 43,191	73.5%	\$	115,111
2009	\$	-	\$ 36,337		\$	99,512

⁽¹⁾ Septic abatement assessment provided up to 10 years for payment

CITY OF GULF BREEZE, FLORIDA OUTSTANDING DEBT LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS UNAUDITED

		2018 2017 2016		2015 2014		4 2013 2012		 2011		2010		2009						
Revenue Bonds and Note Payal	ole:																	
Governmental activities	\$	7,140,473	\$	7,354,483	\$	7,559,693	\$	7,760,503	\$	7,952,513	\$	8,135,723	\$ 8,311,723	\$ 8,481,734	\$	8,642,944	\$	8,799,754
Business-type activities		13,023,595		14,232,918	_	15,438,447		8,785,821		9,687,627	_	5,471,974	 5,959,853	 6,432,134	_	6,878,215		7,308,696
Total primary government	\$	20,164,068	\$	21,587,401	\$	22,998,140	\$	16,546,324	\$	17,640,140	\$	13,607,697	\$ 14,271,576	\$ 14,913,868	\$	15,521,159	\$	16,108,450
Notes Payable:																		
Governmental activities	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-
Business-type activities		767,148		810,492	_	852,543	_	893,340		932,922	_	4,759,964	 4,897,432	 5,051,438	_	4,763,971		5,099,608
Total primary government	\$	767,148	\$	810,492	\$	852,543	\$	893,340	\$	932,922	\$	4,759,964	\$ 4,897,432	\$ 5,051,438	\$	4,763,971	\$	5,099,608
Line of Credit:																		
Governmental activities	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-
Business-type activities		-		-		-		3,000,000		3,000,000		3,000,000	 	 -				-
Total primary government	\$		\$		\$		\$	3,000,000	\$	3,000,000	\$	3,000,000	\$ 	\$ 	\$		\$	
Capital Leases Payable:																		
Governmental activities	\$	_	\$	-	\$	_	\$	-	\$	_	\$	_	\$ _	\$ _	\$	_	\$	-
Business-type activities		3,215,303		3,598,056		3,941,854	_	4,292,398	_	4,663,665		262,557	 	 _			_	116,403
Total primary government	\$	3,215,303	\$	3,598,056	\$	3,941,854	\$	4,292,398	\$	4,663,665	\$	262,557	\$ 	\$ 	\$		\$	116,403
Total Debt:																		
Governmental activities	\$	7,140,473	\$	7,354,483	\$	7,559,693	\$	7,760,503	\$	7,952,513	\$	8,135,723	\$ 8,311,723	\$ 8,481,734	\$	8,642,944	\$	8,799,754
Business-type activities		17,006,046		18,641,466		20,232,844		16,971,559		18,284,214		13,494,495	 10,857,285	 11,483,572		11,642,186		12,524,707
Total primary government	\$	24,146,519	\$	25,995,949	\$	27,792,537	\$	24,732,062	\$	26,236,727	\$	21,630,218	\$ 19,169,008	\$ 19,965,306	\$	20,285,130	\$	21,324,461

CITY OF GULF BREEZE, FLORIDA RATIO OF TOTAL DEBT TO ASSESSED VALUE AND TOTAL DEBT PER CAPITA LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS UNAUDITED

Fiscal Year	Estimated Population (1)	 Assessed Value for Operations (2)	Total Outstanding Debt (3)	Ratio of Total Outstanding Debt to Assessed Value	Amount of Total Outstanding Debt Per Capita	Percentage of Personal Income (4)
2018	5,849	\$ 809,215,818	\$ 24,146,519	3.0%	\$ 4,128	8.12%
2017	5,838	\$ 768,601,504	\$ 25,995,949	3.4%	\$ 4,453	8.69%
2016	5,818	\$ 731,176,600	\$ 27,792,537	3.8%	\$ 4,777	9.52%
2015	5,815	\$ 705,821,110	\$ 24,732,062	3.5%	\$ 4,253	9.45%
2014	5,805	\$ 684,357,400	\$ 26,236,727	3.8%	\$ 4,520	10.77%
2013	5,763	\$ 650,108,716	\$ 21,630,218	3.3%	\$ 3,753	8.64%
2012	5,790	\$ 631,575,965	\$ 19,169,008	3.0%	\$ 3,311	7.67%
2011	5,765	\$ 628,421,112	\$ 19,965,306	3.2%	\$ 3,463	7.95%
2010	5,751	\$ 634,514,000	\$ 20,285,130	3.2%	\$ 3,527	8.12%
2009	5,791	\$ 661,890,020	\$ 21,324,461	3.2%	\$ 3,682	8.45%

(1) SOURCE: Bureau of Economic and Business Research, University of Florida

(2) From Table VII

(3) From Table XI

(4) Calculated using Total Personal Income from Table XVII

Table XIII

CITY OF GULF BREEZE, FLORIDA COMPUTATON OF LEGAL DEBT MARGIN UNAUDITED

The Constitution of the State of Florida, Chapter 200.181, Florida Statutes, and the Charter of the City of Gulf Breeze, Florida set no legal debt margin.

CITY OF GULF BREEZE, FLORIDA RATIO OF NET GENERAL BONDED DEBT TO ASSESSED VALUE AND NET BONDED DEBT PER CAPITA LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS UNAUDITED

Fiscal Year	Estimated Population (1)	Assessed Value for Operations (2)	Gross Bonded Debt	Debt Service Monies Available			Net Bonded Debt	Ratio of Net Bonded Debt to Assessed Value		Net Bonded Debt Per Capita
2018	5,849	\$ 809,215,818	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	-	%	\$ -
2017	5,838	\$ 768,601,504	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	-	%	\$ -
2016	5,818	\$ 731,176,600	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	-	%	\$ -
2015	5,815	\$ 705,821,110	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	-	%	\$ -
2014	5,805	\$ 684,357,400	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	-	%	\$ -
2013	5,763	\$ 650,108,716	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	-	%	\$ -
2012	5,790	\$ 631,575,965	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	-	%	\$ -
2011	5,765	\$ 628,421,112	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	-	%	\$ -
2010	5,751	\$ 634,514,000	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	-	%	\$ -
2009	5,791	\$ 661,890,020	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	-	%	\$ -

⁽¹⁾ SOURCE: Bureau of Economic and Business Research, University of Florida

⁽²⁾ From Table VII

Table XV

CITY OF GULF BREEZE, FLORIDA COMPUTATON OF DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING DEBT GENERAL OBLIGATIONS UNAUDITED

The City of Gulf Breeze, Florida does not have any overlapping debt.

CITY OF GULF BREEZE, FLORIDA REVENUE BOND COVERAGE -SOUTH SANTA ROSA UTILITY CERTIFICATES LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS UNAUDITED

						Debt Service Requirements									
Fiscal Year	 Operating Revenue	Tap Fees	Direct Operating Expenses (1)	N	Net Revenue Available for Debt Service		Principal		Interest		Total	Coverage			
2018	\$ 6,245,896	\$ 1,016,851	\$ 4,434,395	\$	2,828,352	\$	775,000	\$	12,823	\$	787,823	3.59			
2017	\$ 6,089,546	\$ 1,048,478	\$ 3,903,384	\$	3,234,640	\$	740,000	\$	17,791	\$	757,791	4.27			
2016	\$ 5,860,774	\$ 1,378,577	\$ 3,600,268	\$	3,639,083	\$	700,000	\$	180,000	\$	880,000	4.14			
2015	\$ 5,396,766	\$ 464,272	\$ 3,687,756	\$	2,173,282	\$	660,000	\$	200,500	\$	860,500	2.53			
2014	\$ 5,205,377	\$ 490,196	\$ 3,477,099	\$	2,218,474	\$	645,000	\$	223,075	\$	868,075	2.56			
2013	\$ 4,686,102	\$ 358,338	\$ 2,869,620	\$	2,174,820	\$	620,000	\$	247,875	\$	867,875	2.51			
2012	\$ 4,933,717	\$ 389,166	\$ 2,848,490	\$	2,474,393	\$	595,000	\$	267,213	\$	862,213	2.87			
2011	\$ 4,876,402	\$ 309,563	\$ 2,781,874	\$	2,404,091	\$	580,000	\$	285,192	\$	865,192	2.78			
2010	\$ 4,474,554	\$ 83,315	\$ 2,527,761	\$	2,030,108	\$	555,000	\$	304,617	\$	859,617	2.36			
2009	\$ 4,167,567	\$ 110,164	\$ 2,838,768	\$	1,438,963	\$	540,000	\$	323,517	\$	863,517	1.67			

⁽¹⁾ Excluding Depreciation

CITY OF GULF BREEZE, FLORIDA MISCELLANEOUS DEMOGRAPHICAL STATISTICS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS UNAUDITED

	Popula	ation						
Fiscal Year	Gulf Breeze City	Santa Rosa County	City as a County Percentage of Population County Growth		Total Personal Income	Per Capita Income	Unemployment Rate	Median Household Income
2018	5,849	174,887	3.34%	2.37%	\$ 297,538,630	\$ 50,870	2.70%	\$ 100,880
2017	5,838	170,835	3.42%	2.29%	\$ 299,034,036	\$ 51,222	3.50%	\$ 98,308
2016	5,818	167,009	3.48%	2.51%	\$ 292,034,510	\$ 50,195	3.90%	\$ 84,423
2015	5,815	162,925	3.57%	1.14%	\$ 261,611,035	\$ 44,989	2.70%	\$ 85,529
2014	5,805	161,096	3.60%	1.63%	\$ 243,606,828	\$ 41,965	2.65%	\$ 80,433
2013	5,763	158,512	3.64%	2.01%	\$ 250,475,196	\$ 43,463	2.65%	\$ 73,012
2012	5,790	155,390	3.73%	0.32%	\$ 249,926,200	\$ 43,165	2.50%	\$ 67,214
2011	5,765	154,901	3.72%	6.09%	\$ 251,008,100	\$ 43,540	2.95%	\$ 70,575
2010	5,751	146,008	3.94%	1.04%	\$ 249,756,026	\$ 43,428	3.20%	\$ 67,214
2009	5,791	144,508	4.01%	0.26%	\$ 252,389,153	\$ 43,583	2.50%	\$ 65,980

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Census; Bureau of Economic and Business Research, University of Florida

CITY OF GULF BREEZE, FLORIDA Table XVIII SCHEDULE OF PROPERTY VALUE, CONSTRUCTION, AND BANK DEPOSITS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS UNAUDITED

		Commercia	al Cons	truction	Residentia	ruction		
Fiscal Year	Assessed Value Operations (1)	Number of Units (2)		Value	Number of Units (2)		Value	 Bank Deposits (3)
2018	\$ 809,215,818	15	\$	1,526,985	17	\$	15,937,426	\$ 471,041,000
2017	\$ 768,601,504	7	\$	2,943,448	14	\$	4,746,469	\$ 435,762,000
2016	\$ 731,176,600	1	\$	20,000,000	22	\$	5,721,000	\$ 446,668,000
2015	\$ 705,821,110	3	\$	1,300,000	13	\$	5,010,000	\$ 424,212,000
2014	\$ 684,357,400	0	\$	-	15	\$	7,552,000	\$ 398,443,000
2013	\$ 650,108,716	1	\$	80,000	18	\$	10,737,000	\$ 347,134,000
2012	\$ 631,575,965	4	\$	8,011,500	10	\$	4,193,000	\$ 292,221,000
2011	\$ 628,421,112	4	\$	602,500	13	\$	6,297,000	\$ 247,182,000
2010	\$ 634,514,000	0	\$	-	9	\$	501,500	\$ 283,202,000
2009	\$ 661,890,020	1	\$	1,121,596	3	\$	204,500	\$ 297,216,000

⁽¹⁾ SOURCE: Table VII

⁽²⁾ Santa Rosa County Inspection Department

⁽³⁾ Florida Bankers Association, FDIC Website - Summary Deposits as of June 30 of respective years

CITY OF GULF BREEZE, FLORIDA PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS (OVER 50 EMPLOYEES REPORTED) UNAUDITED

Fiscal Year 2018 (1)	Employees	Percentage of Labor Force		
Andrews Institute	593	12.9%		
Highpointe Hospitality Inc.	450	9.8%		
Gulf Breeze Hospital	402	8.8%		
Andrews Research and Education Institute	371	8.1%		
AppRiver	258	5.6%		
Publix	150	3.3%		
Walmart	141	3.1%		
Gulf Breeze High School	124	2.7%		
Exos	99	2.2%		
Gulf Breeze Elementary School	88	1.9%		
Total Labor Force (1)	4,590			

⁽¹⁾ SOURCE: Haas Center for Business Research and Economic Development

CITY OF GULF BREEZE, FLORIDA PERMITS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS UNAUDITED

		Reside	ntial		Commercial								
Year	Additions/ Renovations	New Construction	Pool Permits	Miscellaneous/ Permits	Additions/ Renovations	New Construction	Sign Permits	Miscellaneous/ Permits					
2018	28	19	19	360	6	1	22	11					
2017	17	6	17	259	4	2	21	2					
2016	30	13	10	185	9	3	23	8					
2015	32	11	12	218	1	2	22	17					
2014	5	1	1	60	0	0	3	10					
2013	23	17	8	67	8	1	17	17					
2012	12	11	12	67	4	6	30	16					
2011	14	14	9	53	19	1	22	16					
2010	25	13	14	37	10	5	19	4					
2009	24	5	3	20	11	0	26	11					

SOURCE: City of Gulf Breeze Community Services Department

CITY OF GULF BREEZE, FLORIDA WATER SERVICE RATES AS OF SEPTEMBER 30, 2018 UNAUDITED

	Inside City Limits Usage Ra								Outside City Limits								
Meter Size	Re	sidential	Co	mmercial_	Usage Included (000's Gallons)	(ate per 000's Gallons Iditional	Re	esidential	Usage Included (000's Gallons)	C	ate per 000's Gallons Iditional	Con	mmercial	Usage Included (000's Gallons)	(G	ate per 000's fallons ditional
0.75"	\$	12.42	\$	12.42	-	\$	3.48	\$	14.98	_	\$	3.62	\$	14.98	-	\$	3.62
1.00"	\$	21.65	\$	21.65	-	\$	3.48	\$	26.11	-	\$	3.62	\$	26.11	-	\$	3.62
1.50"	\$	52.65	\$	52.65	-	\$	3.48	\$	63.48	-	\$	3.62	\$	63.48	-	\$	3.62
2.00"	\$	84.17	\$	84.17	-	\$	3.48	\$	101.49	-	\$	3.62	\$	101.49	-	\$	3.62
3.00"	\$	167.39	\$	167.39	-	\$	3.48	\$	201.85	-	\$	3.62	\$	201.85	-	\$	3.62
4.00"	\$	250.63	\$	250.63	-	\$	3.48	\$	302.23	-	\$	3.62	\$	302.23	-	\$	3.62
6.00"	\$	492.17	\$	492.17	-	\$	3.48	\$	593.47	-	\$	3.62	\$	593.47	-	\$	3.62
Tech Fee	\$	2.00	\$	2.00				\$	2.00				\$	2.00			
Reclaim Ser	vice	N/A		N/A				\$	6.00				\$	6.00			
Surcharge pe	er Chap	oter 180.191	, F.S.						6%					6%			

SOURCE: City Water and Sewer Department and South Santa Rosa Utility

CITY OF GULF BREEZE, FLORIDA SEWER SERVICE RATES AS OF SEPTEMBER 30, 2018 UNAUDITED

				Inside Cit	y Limits			Outside City Limits									
					Usage	Ra	ate per			Usage	R	ate per			Usage	R	ate per
					Included	(000's			Included		000's			Included	(000's
					(000's	G	allons			(000's		allons			(000's	G	allons
Meter Size	Re	esidential	Co	mmercial	Gallons)	Ad	ditional	R	esidential	Gallons)	Ac	lditional	Co	mmercial	Gallons)	Ad	ditional
0.75"	\$	17.60	\$	17.60	_	\$	4.46	\$	18.82	_	\$	4.76	\$	18.82	_	\$	4.76
1.00"	\$	30.52	\$	30.52	-	\$	4.46	\$	32.63	-	\$	4.76	\$	32.63	-	\$	4.76
1.50"	\$	68.91	\$	68.91	-	\$	4.46	\$	73.67	-	\$	4.76	\$	73.67	-	\$	4.76
2.00"	\$	108.45	\$	108.45	-	\$	4.46	\$	115.95	-	\$	4.76	\$	115.95	-	\$	4.76
3.00"	\$	211.85	\$	211.85	-	\$	4.46	\$	226.52	-	\$	4.76	\$	226.52	-	\$	4.76
4.00"	\$	312.74	\$	312.74	-	\$	4.46	\$	334.38	-	\$	4.76	\$	334.38	-	\$	4.76
6.00"	\$	601.10	\$	601.10	-	\$	4.46	\$	642.69	-	\$	4.76	\$	642.69	-	\$	4.76

SOURCE: City Water and Sewer Department and South Santa Rosa Utility

CITY OF GULF BREEZE, FLORIDA SOLID WASTE SERVICE RATES AS OF SEPTEMBER 30, 2018 UNAUDITED

Container Size (Waste) 1 2 3 4 5 Call Kart (96 Gal) \$ 29.93 \$ 46.29 - - - - - 2 Cubic Yards \$ 81.26 \$ 117.78 \$ 182.49 \$ 236.44 \$ 294.37 \$ 2 4 Cubic Yards \$ 127.38 \$ 220.18 \$ 324.95 \$ 432.11 \$ 534.49 \$ 4 6 Cubic Yards \$ 179.54 \$ 320.83 \$ 466.26 \$ 613.99 \$ 765.29 \$ 6 8 Cubic Yards \$ 164.92 \$ 274.96 \$ 414.16 \$ 542.22 \$ 672.04 \$ 8 6 Cubic Yard Compactor \$ 366.24 \$ 692.85 \$ 1,019.57 \$ 1,353.40 \$ 1,580.83 \$ 30 Cubic Yard Compactor \$ 1,086.53 - - - - - - 30 Cubic Yard Roll Off *+ \$ 1,086.53 \$ 2,173.05 \$ 3,259.58 \$ 4,346.11 \$ 5,432.63 \$ 20 Container Size (Recycling) Collection Frequency (per week) - - - - - - -<					Residen	tiai	Conceilon						
Senior Rate \$ 21.02 \$ 21.02 Disable Rate \$ 21.02 \$ 21.02 Extra Kart \$ 14.21 \$ 18.42		Curbside		Sideyar									
Senior Rate \$ 21.02 \$ 21.02 Disable Rate \$ 21.02 \$ 21.02 Extra Kart \$ 14.21 \$ 18.42	Regular	\$	23.15	23.15 \$ 41.35									
Disable Rate \$ 21.02 \$ 21.02	_												
Extra Kart \$ 14.21 \$ 18.42													
Container Size (Waste)													
Container Size (Waste) 1 2 3 4 5 Per Extra Call Kart (96 Gal) \$ 29.93 \$ 46.29					Commer	cial	Collection						
Container Size (Waste) 1 2 3 4 5 Call Kart (96 Gal) \$ 29.93 \$ 46.29 - <td< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>Collection Frequ</td><td>uency</td><td>(Per Week)</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></td<>							Collection Frequ	uency	(Per Week)				
Kart (96 Gal) \$ 29.93 \$ 46.29	Containor Siza (Wasta)		1		2		•		4				Per Extra
2 Cubic Yards \$ 81.26 \$ 117.78 \$ 182.49 \$ 236.44 \$ 294.37 \$ 2 4 Cubic Yards \$ 127.38 \$ 220.18 \$ 324.95 \$ 432.11 \$ 534.49 \$ 44.61 6 Cubic Yards \$ 179.54 \$ 320.83 \$ 466.26 \$ 613.99 \$ 765.29 \$ 6 8 Cubic Yards \$ 164.92 \$ 274.96 \$ 414.16 \$ 542.22 \$ 672.04 \$ 88 6 Cubic Yard Compactor * \$ 366.24 \$ 692.85 \$ 1,019.57 \$ 1,353.40 \$ 1,580.83 \$ 30 Cubic Yard Compactor \$ 1,086.53 \$ 30 Cubic Yard Roll Off *+ \$ 1,086.53 \$ 2,173.05 \$ 3,259.58 \$ 4,346.11 \$ 5,432.63 \$ 20 Container Size (Recycling)	Container Size (waste)		<u> </u>						4				Call
2 Cubic Yards \$ 81.26 \$ 117.78 \$ 182.49 \$ 236.44 \$ 294.37 \$ 2 4 Cubic Yards \$ 127.38 \$ 220.18 \$ 324.95 \$ 432.11 \$ 534.49 \$ 44.61 6 Cubic Yards \$ 179.54 \$ 320.83 \$ 466.26 \$ 613.99 \$ 765.29 \$ 66 8 Cubic Yards \$ 164.92 \$ 274.96 \$ 414.16 \$ 542.22 \$ 672.04 \$ 86 6 Cubic Yard Compactor * \$ 366.24 \$ 692.85 \$ 1,019.57 \$ 1,353.40 \$ 1,580.83 \$ 30 Cubic Yard Compactor \$ 1,086.53 \$	Kart (96 Gal)	\$	29.93	\$	46.29		_		_		-		_
6 Cubic Yards \$ 179.54 \$ 320.83 \$ 466.26 \$ 613.99 \$ 765.29 \$ 6 8 Cubic Yards \$ 164.92 \$ 274.96 \$ 414.16 \$ 542.22 \$ 672.04 \$ 8 6 Cubic Yard Compactor * \$ 366.24 \$ 692.85 \$ 1,019.57 \$ 1,353.40 \$ 1,580.83 \$ 30 Cubic Yard Compactor \$ 1,086.53 \$			81.26	\$	117.78	\$	182.49	\$	236.44	\$	294.37	\$	21.22
8 Cubic Yards \$ 164.92 \$ 274.96 \$ 414.16 \$ 542.22 \$ 672.04 \$ 8 6 Cubic Yard Compactor * \$ 366.24 \$ 692.85 \$ 1,019.57 \$ 1,353.40 \$ 1,580.83 \$ 30 Cubic Yard Compactor \$ 1,086.53 \$	4 Cubic Yards	\$	127.38	\$	220.18	\$	324.95	\$	432.11	\$	534.49	\$	42.43
6 Cubic Yard Compactor * \$ 366.24 \$ 692.85 \$ 1,019.57 \$ 1,353.40 \$ 1,580.83 \$ 30 Cubic Yard Compactor \$ 1,086.53 \$	6 Cubic Yards	\$	179.54	\$	320.83	\$	466.26	\$	613.99	\$	765.29	\$	63.65
30 Cubic Yard Compactor \$ 1,086.53	8 Cubic Yards	\$	164.92	\$	274.96	\$	414.16	\$	542.22	\$	672.04	\$	84.86
30 Cubic Yard Roll Off *+ \$ 1,086.53 \$ 2,173.05 \$ 3,259.58 \$ 4,346.11 \$ 5,432.63 \$ 20 Container Size (Recycling) Collection Frequency (per week) Collection Frequency (per week) Start (96 Gal) Cubic Yards* \$ 44.63 \$ 79.87 \$ 133.27 4 Cubic Yards* \$ 62.48 \$ 120.36 \$ 207.91 6 Cubic Yards* \$ 79.63 \$ 144.81 \$ 253.25	6 Cubic Yard Compactor *	\$	366.24	\$	692.85	\$	1,019.57	\$	1,353.40	\$	1,580.83	\$	N/A
Container Size (Recycling) Collection Frequency (per week) 1 3 5 Kart (96 Gal) \$ 14.03 - - 2 Cubic Yards* \$ 44.63 \$ 79.87 \$ 133.27 4 Cubic Yards* \$ 62.48 \$ 120.36 \$ 207.91 6 Cubic Yards* \$ 79.63 \$ 144.81 \$ 253.25	30 Cubic Yard Compactor	\$	1,086.53		-		-		-		-		-
1 3 5 Kart (96 Gal) \$ 14.03 - - 2 Cubic Yards* \$ 44.63 \$ 79.87 \$ 133.27 4 Cubic Yards* \$ 62.48 \$ 120.36 \$ 207.91 6 Cubic Yards* \$ 79.63 \$ 144.81 \$ 253.25	30 Cubic Yard Roll Off *+	\$	1,086.53	\$	2,173.05	\$	3,259.58	\$	4,346.11	\$	5,432.63	\$	200.74
Kart (96 Gal) \$ 14.03 - - 2 Cubic Yards* \$ 44.63 \$ 79.87 \$ 133.27 4 Cubic Yards* \$ 62.48 \$ 120.36 \$ 207.91 6 Cubic Yards* \$ 79.63 \$ 144.81 \$ 253.25	Container Size (Recycling)	Со	ellection Frequency (per week)										
2 Cubic Yards* \$ 44.63 \$ 79.87 \$ 133.27 4 Cubic Yards* \$ 62.48 \$ 120.36 \$ 207.91 6 Cubic Yards* \$ 79.63 \$ 144.81 \$ 253.25			1		3		5						
2 Cubic Yards* \$ 44.63 \$ 79.87 \$ 133.27 4 Cubic Yards* \$ 62.48 \$ 120.36 \$ 207.91 6 Cubic Yards* \$ 79.63 \$ 144.81 \$ 253.25	Kart (96 Gal)	\$	14.03				-						
4 Cubic Yards* \$ 62.48 \$ 120.36 \$ 207.91 6 Cubic Yards* \$ 79.63 \$ 144.81 \$ 253.25	2 Cubic Yards*		44.63	\$	79.87	\$	133.27						
	4 Cubic Yards*		62.48	\$	120.36	\$	207.91						
8 Cubic Varde* \$ 106.76 \$ 175.46 \$ 325.65	6 Cubic Yards*	\$	79.63	\$	144.81	\$	253.25						
θ Cubic Tates ψ 100.70 ψ 175.40 ψ 525.05	8 Cubic Yards*	\$	106.76	\$	175.46	\$	325.65						
* Billed directly by contractor / franchisee						iisee							
⁺ Plus actual disposal costs		⁺ P	lus actual disp	osal	costs								
Transfer Station (Non Class 1 Waste Only) City Resident Non-Resident Commercial	Transfer Station (Non Class 1 W	Vaste Only)		City Resident		Non-Resident		Commercial				
Minimum Charge per "Pick Up Truck Load" \$ 10.00 \$ 35.00 \$ 60.00	Minimum Charge per "Pick Up	Truck Loa	d"	\$	10.00	\$	35.00	\$	60.00				

SOURCE: City Water and Sewer Department

CITY OF GULF BREEZE, FLORIDA NATURAL GAS SERVICE RATES YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018 UNAUDITED

Inside City Limits - Residential and Commercial

Minimum monthly service charge: \$7.00 / \$10.00 if usage is under 3 therms per month

Monthly Usage (Therms)	Rate	per Therm
		
0 - 3	\$	0.8621
4 - 8	\$	0.8229
9 - 166	\$	0.7837
167 - 4,166	\$	0.6662
over 4,167	\$	0.5486

Outside City Limits - Residential and Commercial

Minimum monthly service charge: \$9.00 / \$10.00 if usage is under 3 therms per month

Monthly Usage (Therms)	Rate per Therm
	
0 - 3	\$ 0.9483
4 - 8	\$ 0.9052
9 - 166	\$ 0.8621
167 - 4,166	\$ 0.7328
over 4.167	\$ 0.6035

Gross Receipts Tax - All residential and commercial accounts: .025% of service and consumption charges

Florida State Sales Tax - Commercial accounts only: .075% of service and consumption and gross receipts tax

SOURCE: Gulf Breeze Natural Gas Department

CITY OF GULF BREEZE, FLORIDA INSURANCE COVERAGE AS OF SEPTEMBER 30, 2018 UNAUDITED

Туре	Effective Dates	Company	Policy Number	Amount		
Auto (Person) Auto (Occurrence)	10/01/18 - 10/01/19	Florida Municipal Insurance Trust	FMIT # 0224	\$ \$	200,000 300,000	
General liability Extra contractual legal liability Fire legal liability Medical malpractice liability Errors and omissions liability Law enforcement liability	10/01/18 - 10/01/19	Florida Municipal Insurance Trust	FMIT # 0224	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$	1,000,000 25,000 500,000 1,000,000 1,000,000 1,000,000	
Workers Compensation	10/01/18 - 10/01/19	Florida Municipal Insurance Trust	FMIT # 0224	S	tatutory Limit	
Employers Liability	10/01/18 - 10/01/19	Florida Municipal Insurance Trust	FMIT # 0224	\$	1,000,000	
Real Property	10/01/18 - 10/01/19	Florida Municipal Insurance Trust	FMIT # 0224	\$	36,133,069	
Personal Property	10/01/18 - 10/01/19	Florida Municipal Insurance Trust	FMIT # 0224	\$	4,177,432	
Inland Marine	10/01/18 - 10/01/19	Florida Municipal Insurance Trust	FMIT # 0224	\$	441,116	
Accounts Receivable	10/01/18 - 10/01/19	Florida Municipal Insurance Trust	FMIT # 0224	\$	250,000	
Wind Storm	10/01/18 - 10/01/19	Florida Municipal Insurance Trust	FMIT # 0224	\$	4,055,000	
Storage Tank Liability	3/08/18 - 3/08/19	Commerce & Industry Insurance	FPL007509065	\$ \$	1,000,000 2,000,000	

SOURCE: City of Gulf Breeze Departments

CITY OF GULF BREEZE, FLORIDA FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT CITY GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS UNAUDITED

	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009
Full-time employees on City Payroll										
as of September 30, (1)										
General Government:										
City manager and city clerk	4	4	4	5	5	4	4	4	4	4
Community services	4	3	3	3	3	2	2	2	2	2
Finance and accounting	4	3	3	3	3	5	5	5	5	5
Parks and recreation center	13	12	13	10	10	8	8	8	9	8
Special projects	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sworn officers	19	19	17	18	18	17	15	15	18	17
Civilian employees	8	7	8	8	8	8	7	7	7	8
Police	27	26	25	26	26	25	22	22	25	25
Total general government	53	49	49	48	47	44	41	41	45	44
Enterprises (2):										
Gulf Breeze Financial Services	3	3	3	3	2	2	2	3	2	1
Gas, water and sewer	22	13	13	13	13	13	12	12	13	11
South Santa Rosa Utility	27	27	29	29	28	27	26	26	23	27
Tiger Point Golf Course (3)	0 (3)	0 (3)	0 (3)	17	19	19	0	0	0	0
Total enterprises	52	43	45	62	62	61	40	41	38	39

⁽¹⁾ Personnel figures may reflect instances of temporary vacancies or transition period staffing that existed at fiscal year-end.

The City benefits from efforts of volunteer and use of inmate labor in a variety of areas for which full time equivalents cannot be calculated for this schedule.

The City uses an outside temporary labor agency for up to three part-time staff at its transfer station and for other requirements on an as needed basis.

⁽²⁾ Employees in enterprise operations are often used to support multiple Fund operations so exclusive attribution to a particular program as of year-end may not accurately reflect typical allocation throughout the year. City's utility staffing typically ranges 400 to 425 utility accounts per employee. Tiger Point Golf Course was acquired by the City in fiscal year 2013.

⁽³⁾ On October 1, 2015 a management agreement with Integrity Golf became effective for operation of the Tiger Point Golf facility resulting in the dismissal of those 17 employees from the City's payroll. Honours Golf Company, LLC took over management of the golf course in April 2017.

CITY OF GULF BREEZE, FLORIDA OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS UNAUDITED

	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009
Fire Department:										
Emergency medical calls	792	733	606	645	439	495	449	511	562	500
Fire and other calls	418	432	394	366	401	361	300	289	322	325
Total calls	1,210	1,165	1,000	1,011	840	856	749	800	884	825
Police Department:										
Arrests	401	436	505	314	304	415	466	245	161	195
Citations	518	5,101	4,943	3,917	5,455	6,734	5,462	5,748	4,968	4,451
	-	-,	-,	-,	-,	-,,-	-,	2,,	-,	1,101
Parks and Recreation:										
League registrations	1,863	1,853	1,773	1,718	1,640	1,745	1,566	1,777	1,802	1,918
Water:										
Customers at year end	2,602	2,600	2,612	2,580	2,591	2,579	2,580	2,558	2,565	2,575
Usage (000's gallons)	256,613	219,373	249,999	228,795	227,259	217,800 *	233,565	244,322	244,322	256,115
Sewer:										
Customers at year end	1,549	1,545	1,554	1,548	1,528	1,517	1,514	1,463	1,471	1,479
Treatment (000's gallons)	158,637	143,056	162,071	146,576	172,157	134,652 *	147,327	157,743	150,468	164,167
Natural Gas:										
Customers at year end	4,139	3,990	3,874	3,722	3,591	3,460	3,371	3,311	3,248	3,237
Therms (000's 100's ft3)	1,961,449	1,624,936	1,690,019	1,603,182	1,754,132	1,270,690 *	1,037,415	1,195,192	1,286,640	1,120,347
SSRUS - Water:										
Customers at year end	4,474	4,413	4,358	4,337	4,300	4,145	4,196	4,178	4,200	4,220
Usage (000's gallons)	230,438	250,942	272,180	280,525	289,186	270,288 *	286,027	296,911	293,962	299,967
SSRUS - Sewer:										
Customers at year end	6,774	6,599	6,418	6,321	6,160	5,966	5,958	5,850	5,837	5,824
Treatment (000's gallons)	427,630	406,408	400,093	406,407	422,883	373,787 *	395,337	412,452	385,532	387,549
Wastewater Treatment:										
Treatment (Millions of Gallons)	572.7	601.0	606.0	545.2	614.9	558.6	519.2	487.7	562.5	509.2
Tiger Point Golf Course:										
Annual rounds played (1)	26,202	12,755 **	N/A	31,305	37,248	32,159	25,828	24,724	22,436	-

SOURCE: Department Records and Gulf Breeze Sports Association

^{*} Billing delays due to major software transition resulted in 1 month's activity being billed in the following (FY 2014) fiscal year

⁽¹⁾ Tiger Point Gulf Course was acquired by the City of Gulf Breeze in December 2012. Amounts reported prior to that time are based on prior owner's activity. In 2016 Integrity Golf Courses LLC operated the course and the City did not require reports of rounds played.

^{**} Honours Golf Company, LLC took over management of the golf course in April 2017; Figures reflect April to September 2017

CITY OF GULF BREEZE, FLORIDA CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS UNAUDITED

_	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009
Streets:										
Miles of roads	34.7	34.7	34.7	34.7	34.7	34.7	34.7	34.7	34.7	34.7
Miles of sidewalks	10.5	10.5	10.5	10.5	10.5	10	10	10	10	10
Signs installed	174	174	172	172	172	172	171	171	171	171
Traffic signal (City owned)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Water:										
Water line (miles)	43.5	43.5	43.5	43.5	43.5	43.5	43.5	43.5	43.5	43.5
Elevated storage tanks	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Elevated storage capacity (000's)	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
Ground storage tanks	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Ground storage capacity										
(000,000's gallons)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Water pump facilities	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Sewer:										
Sewer line (miles)	34.8	34.7	34.7	34.7	34.7	34.7	16.4	16.0	16.0	16.0
Lift stations	26	26	26	10	10	10	25	25	25	25
Natural Gas:										
Gas main (miles)	160.3	159.6	141.3	141.3	141.3	141.3	129.5	119.3	119.3	119.3
South Santa Rosa Utility System:										
Water										
Water line (miles)	62.9	62.9	62.9	62.9	62.9	62.5	62.3	62.3	62.3	62.3
Elevated storage tanks	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Elevated storage capacity (000's)	150	150	150	150	150	150	150	150	150	150
Ground storage tanks	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Ground storage capacity										
(000,000's gallons)	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5
Water pump facilities	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Sewer										
Sewer line (miles)	65.9	62.8	59.4	59.4	59.4	59.0	57.8	57.0	57.0	57.0
Lift stations	63	62	61	61	61	61	60	60	60	60
Treatment Facilities										
Treatment Facilities	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Capacity (000,000 gal/day)	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Reclaimed Elevated Storage Tanks	1	1								
Elevated storage capacity 000s	300	300								
Stormwater Utility:										
Stormwater pipe (miles)	11.4	11.4	11.4	9.1	9.1	9.1	9.1	9.1	9.1	9.1
Inlets	262	262	262	186	186	186	186	186	186	186
Pump stations	6	6	6	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
Police Department:										
Patrol units	20	16	18	18	18	17	17	17	17	17
Fire Department:										
Response and support vehicles	12	11	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	9

SOURCE: Department Records

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IV. Compliance Section

- **Compliance Matters**
- Management Letter
- Responses to the Management Letter





INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Honorable Mayor, City Council Members City of Gulf Breeze, Florida

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Gulf Breeze, Florida, (the City) as of and for the year ended September 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated April 23, 2019.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. We did identify a certain deficiency in internal control, described as Finding: 2018-001, that we consider to be a significant deficiency.

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Honorable Mayor, City Council Members City of Gulf Breeze, Florida

Finding: 2018-001

Timeliness of Year End Closeout

The City's annual closeout of its accounting records for financial reporting was not completed before the start of our audit. As a result, we received various journal entries from the Finance Department to adjust the preliminary trial balance provided to us at the beginning of our audit. We discussed these journal entries with the Finance Department and, in some instances, recommended corrections to these journal entries.

We understand that, in addition to its normal workload, the Finance Department was responding to inquiries and information requests from other auditors before and during the annual closeout process. We recommend that the City supplement its financial closeout process with a contingency plan to add resources as necessary when unusually high workloads make it difficult to complete the closeout in a timely manner.

Management's Response:

During the 2018 fiscal year, the annual closeout of the accounting records for financial reporting was delayed due to the Florida Auditor General's office audit which began in April 2018. This State Audit has been a drain on the City's limited resources and as of the date of this response, this audit has not concluded. The City has also been under a sales tax audit from the State of Florida, as well as a diesel fuel sales tax compliance review.

Problems from the past audits have been under review by new management, with a new City Manager coming on-board in May 2017, a new Director of Finance coming on-board in November 2017, and now a new Mayor, who came on board in February 2019. These individuals desire to improve and restructure where needed to be more responsive to the needs of our citizens and utility customers. Working together with legal counsel to improve policies and procedures dating back to the 1990's is priority. The lack of proper internal reporting systems and reviews have created problems over the years. The new management team is dedicated to making the necessary changes to ensure problems from the past are not repeated.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instance of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Honorable Mayor, City Council Members City of Gulf Breeze, Florida

City of Gulf Breeze, Florida's Response to Findings

Saltmarch Cleansland & Gend

The City's response to the finding identified in our audit is described above in "Management's Response." City of Gulf Breeze, Florida's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Pensacola, Florida

April 23, 2019

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MANAGEMENT LETTER

To the Honorable Mayor, City Council Members City of Gulf Breeze, Florida

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the financial statements of the City of Gulf Breeze, Florida, (the City) as of and for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2018, and have issued our report thereon dated April 23, 2019.

Auditor's Responsibility

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States and Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General.

Other Reporting Requirements

We have issued our Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and our Independent Accountant's Report on an examination conducted in Accordance with *AICPA Professional Standards*, AT-C Section 315, regarding compliance requirements in accordance with Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General. Disclosures in those reports and schedules, which are dated April 23, 2019, should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

Prior Audit Findings

Section 10.554(1)(i)1., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we determine whether or not corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding financial audit report. Corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial report.

Honorable Mayor, City Council Members City of Gulf Breeze, Florida

Official Title and Legal Authority

Section 10.554(1)(i)4., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that the name or official title and legal authority for the primary government and each component unit of the reporting entity be disclosed in this management letter, unless disclosed in the notes to the financial statements. The official title and legal authority for the City of Gulf Breeze, Florida and each component unit of the City has been disclosed in Note 1 to the financial statements.

Financial Condition and Management

Section 10.554(1)(i)5.a. and 10.556(7), Rules of the Auditor General, require us to apply appropriate procedures and communicate the results of our determination as to whether or not the City has met one or more of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes, and to identify the specific condition(s) met. In connection with our audit, we determined that the City did not meet any of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes.

Pursuant to Sections 10.554(1)(i)5.b. and 10.556(8), Rules of the Auditor General, we applied financial condition assessment procedures for the City. It is management's responsibility to monitor the City's financial condition, and our financial condition assessment was based in part on representations made by management and review of financial information provided by the same.

Section 10.554(1)(i)2., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we communicate any recommendations to improve financial management. In connection with our audit, our findings and recommendations are reported in our Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*.

Additional Matters

Section 10.554(1)(i)3., Rules of the Auditor General, requires us to communicate noncompliance with provisions of contracts or grant agreements, or abuse, that have occurred, or are likely to have occurred, that have an effect on the financial statements that is less than material but which warrants the attention of those charged with governance. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such findings.

Honorable Mayor, City Council Members City of Gulf Breeze, Florida

Saltmarch Cleansland & Gund

Purpose of this Letter

Our management letter is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and the Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, Federal and other granting agencies, and applicable management, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Pensacola, Florida

April 23, 2019



INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANT'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH SECTION 218.415, FLORIDA STATUTES

Honorable Mayor, City Council Members City of Gulf Breeze, Florida

Saltmarch Cleanland & Gund

We have examined the City of Gulf Breeze, Florida's (the City's) compliance with Section 218.415, Florida Statutes, regarding the investment of public funds during the year ended September 30, 2018. Management is responsible for the City's compliance with those requirements. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the City's compliance based on our examination.

Our examination was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants and, accordingly, included examining, on a test basis, evidence about the City's compliance with those requirements and performing such procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our examination provided a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our examination does not provide a legal determination on the City's compliance with specified requirements.

In our opinion, the City of Gulf Breeze, Florida complied, in all material respects, with the aforementioned requirements for the year ended September 30, 2018.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the City of Gulf Breeze, Florida, and the Auditor General, State of Florida, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Pensacola, Florida April 23, 2019

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